Under the Euro Medium Term Note Programme described in this Prospectus (the “Programme”), TenneT Holding B.V. (the “Issuer”), subject to compliance with all relevant laws, regulations and directives, may from time to time issue Euro Medium Term Notes (the “Notes”). The aggregate nominal amount of Notes outstanding will not at any time exceed €5,000,000,000 (or the equivalent in other currencies).

The Netherlands Authority for the Financial Markets (the “AFM”), in its capacity as competent authority under the Dutch Financial Supervision Act (Wet op het financieel toezicht) relating to prospectuses for securities, has approved this Prospectus as a base prospectus for the purposes of Article 5.4 of Directive 2003/71/EC (the “Prospectus Directive”). Application may be made to Euronext Amsterdam N.V. (“Euronext”) for Notes issued under the Programme to be listed on Euronext Amsterdam by NYSE Euronext (“Euronext Amsterdam”).

References in this Base Prospectus to Notes being “listed” (and all related references) shall mean that such Notes have been listed and admitted to trading on Euronext Amsterdam. Euronext Amsterdam is a regulated market for the purposes of Directive 2004/39/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on markets in financial instruments. However, unlisted Notes may also be issued pursuant to the Programme and application may be made to other exchanges for Notes issued under the Programme to be listed on such other exchanges. The relevant Final Terms (as defined in “Overview of the Programme – Method of Issue”) in respect of the issue of any Notes will specify whether or not an application will be made for such Notes to be listed on Euronext Amsterdam or on any other exchange.

Each Series (as defined in “Overview of the Programme – Method of Issue”) of Notes in bearer form will be represented on issue by a temporary global note in bearer form (each a “temporary Global Note”) or a permanent global note in bearer form (each a “permanent Global Note”). Notes in registered form will be represented by registered certificates (each a “Certificate”), one Certificate being issued in respect of each Noteholder’s entire holding of Registered Notes (as defined in “Overview of the Programme – Method of Issue”) of one Series. If the Global Notes (as defined in “Overview of the Programme – Method of Issue”) are stated in the applicable Final Terms to be issued in new global note (“NGN”) form, the Global Notes will be delivered on or prior to the original issue date of the relevant Tranche (as defined in “Overview of the Programme – Method of Issue”) to a common safekeeper (the “Common Safekeeper”) for Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V. (“Euroclear”) and Clearstream Banking, société anonyme (“Clearstream, Luxembourg”).

Global notes which are not issued in NGN form (“Classic Global Notes” or “CGNs”) and Certificates will be deposited on the issue date of the relevant Tranche with a common depositary on behalf of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg (the “Common Depositary”).

The provisions governing the exchange of interests in Global Notes for other Global Notes and definitive Notes are described in “Summary of Provisions Relating to the Notes while in Global Form”.

Tranches of Notes (as defined in “Overview of the Programme – Method of Issue”) to be issued under the Programme will be rated or unrated. Where a Tranche of Notes is to be rated, such rating will not necessarily be the same as the rating(s) assigned to Notes already issued. A security rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to suspension, reduction or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating agency.

Prospective investors should have regard to the factors described under the section headed “Risk Factors” in this Prospectus.

**Arrangers for the Programme**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ING Commercial Banking</th>
<th>The Royal Bank of Scotland</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Dealers**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Barclays Capital</th>
<th>BNP PARIBAS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ING Commercial Banking</td>
<td>The Royal Bank of Scotland</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
This Prospectus comprises a base prospectus for the purposes of Article 5.4 of the Prospectus Directive and for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Issuer and its subsidiaries and affiliates taken as a whole and the Notes which, according to the particular nature of the Issuer and the Notes, is necessary to enable investors to make an informed assessment of the assets and liabilities, financial position, profit and losses and prospects of the Issuer.

The Issuer accepts responsibility for the information contained in this Prospectus. To the best of the knowledge of the Issuer (having taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case) the information contained in this Prospectus is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of such information.

This Prospectus is to be read in conjunction with all documents which are incorporated herein by reference (see “Documents Incorporated by Reference”). This Prospectus shall be read and construed on the basis that such documents are incorporated in, and form part of, this Prospectus.

No person has been authorised to give any information or to make any representation other than those contained in this Prospectus in connection with the issue or sale of the Notes and, if given or made, such information or representation must not be relied upon as having been authorised by the Issuer or any of the Dealers or the Arrangers (as defined in “Overview of the Programme”). Neither the delivery of this Prospectus nor any sale made in connection herewith shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the Issuer since the date hereof or the date upon which this Prospectus has been most recently amended or supplemented or that there has been no adverse change in the financial position of the Issuer since the date hereof or the date upon which this Prospectus has been most recently amended or supplemented or that any other information supplied in connection with the Programme is correct as of any time subsequent to the date on which it is supplied or, if different, the date indicated in the document containing the same.

In the case of any Notes which are to be admitted to trading on a regulated market within the European Economic Area or offered to the public in a Member State of the European Economic Area in circumstances which require the publication of a prospectus under the Prospectus Directive (2003/71/EC), the minimum specified denomination shall be €50,000 (or its equivalent in any other currency as at the date of issue of the Notes).

The distribution of this Prospectus and the offering or sale of the Notes in certain jurisdictions may be restricted by law. Persons into whose possession this Prospectus comes are required by the Issuer, the Dealers and the Arrangers to inform themselves about and to observe any such restriction. The Notes have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933 (the “Securities Act”) and include Notes in bearer form that are subject to U.S. tax law requirements. Subject to certain exceptions, Notes may not be offered, sold or delivered within the United States or to U.S. persons. For a description of certain restrictions on offers and sales of Notes and on distribution of this Prospectus, see “Subscription and Sale”.

This Prospectus does not constitute an offer of, or an invitation by or on behalf of the Issuer or the Dealers to subscribe for, or purchase, any Notes.

To the fullest extent permitted by law, none of the Dealers or the Arrangers accept any responsibility for the contents of this Prospectus or for any other statement, made or purported to be made by an Arranger or a Dealer or on its behalf in connection with the Issuer or the issue and offering of the Notes. Each Arranger and each Dealer accordingly disclaims all and any liability whether arising in tort or contract or otherwise (save as referred to above) which it might otherwise have in respect of this Prospectus or any such statement. Neither this Prospectus nor any other statements are intended to provide the basis of any credit or other evaluation and should not be considered as a recommendation.
by any of the Issuer, the Arrangers or the Dealers that any recipient of this Prospectus or any other financial statements should purchase the Notes. Each potential purchaser of Notes should determine for itself the relevance of the information contained in this Prospectus and its purchase of Notes should be based upon such investigation as it deems necessary. None of the Dealers or the Arrangers undertakes to review the financial condition or affairs of the Issuer during the life of the arrangements contemplated by this Prospectus nor to advise any investor or potential investor in the Notes of any information coming to the attention of any of the Dealers or the Arrangers.

In connection with the issue of any Tranche, the Dealer or Dealers (if any) named as the stabilising manager(s) (the “Stabilising Manager(s)”) (or any person acting on behalf of any Stabilising Manager(s)) in the applicable Final Terms may over-allot Notes or effect transactions with a view to supporting the market price of the Notes at a level higher than that which might otherwise prevail. However, there is no assurance that the Stabilising Manager(s) (or any person acting on behalf of any Stabilising Manager) will undertake stabilisation action. Any stabilisation action may begin on or after the date on which adequate public disclosure of the terms of the offer of the relevant Tranche is made and, if begun, may be ended at any time, but it must end no later than the earlier of 30 days after the issue date of the relevant Tranche and 60 days after the date of the allotment of the relevant Tranche. Any stabilisation action or over-allotment must be conducted by the relevant Stabilising Manager(s) (or any person acting on behalf of any Stabilising Manager(s)) in accordance with all applicable laws and rules.

All references in this Prospectus to “euro”, “EUR” and “€” refer to the lawful currency introduced at the start of the third stage of European economic and monetary union pursuant to the Treaty establishing the European Community as amended by the Treaty on European Union, those to “U.S. dollars”, “dollar”, “U.S.$”, “$”, “USD” and “U.S. cent” refer to the lawful currency of the United States of America, and those to “Sterling”, “£”, “GBP” and “STG” refer to the lawful currency of the United Kingdom.

The Notes being offered pursuant to this Prospectus do not represent units in collective investment schemes within the meaning of the Swiss Collective Investment Schemes Act of 23 June 2006 (the “CISA”). Accordingly, they have not been registered with the Swiss Financial Market Supervisory Authority (the “FINMA”) as foreign collective investment schemes, and are not subject to the supervision of the FINMA. Investors cannot invoke the protection conferred under the CISA.

This Prospectus does not constitute an “offering prospectus” under article 1156 of the Swiss Code of Obligations. Accordingly, the Notes may not be offered to the public in or from Switzerland. This Prospectus and any other marketing material may not be made available to the public in or from Switzerland.

Neither the Issuer nor any Dealer has applied for a listing of the Notes being offered pursuant to this Prospectus on the SIX Swiss Exchange. Consequently, the information presented in this Prospectus does not comply with the information standards set out in the Listing Rules of the SIX Swiss Exchange.
# TABLE OF CONTENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RISK FACTORS</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OVERVIEW OF THE PROGRAMME</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SUPPLEMENTARY PROSPECTUS</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE NOTES</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SUMMARY OF PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE NOTES WHILE IN GLOBAL FORM</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USE OF PROCEEDS</td>
<td>54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BUSINESS DESCRIPTION OF ISSUER</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PART 1: DESCRIPTION ISSUER APPLICABLE REGARDLESS OF THE ACQUISITION OF</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TRANSPOWER BY THE ISSUER</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PART 2: ADDITIONAL DESCRIPTION ISSUER APPLICABLE AFTER THE COMPLETION</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OF THE ACQUISITION OF TRANSPOWER BY THE ISSUER</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FINANCIAL INFORMATION</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TAXATION</td>
<td>84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SUBSCRIPTION AND SALE</td>
<td>86</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FORM OF FINAL TERMS</td>
<td>89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GENERAL INFORMATION</td>
<td>101</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
RISK FACTORS

Before investing in the Notes, prospective investors should consider carefully all of the information in this Prospectus, including the following specific risks and uncertainties in addition to the other information set out in this Prospectus.

The Issuer believes that the following factors may affect its ability to fulfil its obligations under the Notes issued under the Programme. All of these factors are contingencies which may or may not occur and the Issuer is not in a position to express a view on the likelihood of any such contingency occurring.

Factors which the Issuer believes may be material for the purpose of assessing the market risks associated with Notes issued under the Programme are also described below.

If any of the following risks actually occur, the Issuer’s business, results of operations or financial condition could be materially adversely affected, and could result in an inability to pay interest, principal or other amounts on or in connection with the Notes. The Issuer believes that the factors described below represent the material risks inherent in investing in Notes issued under the Programme, but the Issuer may be unable to pay interest, principal or other amounts on or in connection with any Notes for other reasons. The risks described below are not the only risks the Issuer faces. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to the Issuer or that it currently believes to be immaterial could also have a material impact on its business, results of operations or financial condition and may result in an inability to pay interest, principal or other amounts on or in connection with the Notes. Prospective investors should also read the detailed information set out elsewhere in this Prospectus (including any documents incorporated by reference herein) and reach their own views prior to making any investment decision. Furthermore, before making an investment decision with respect to any Notes, prospective investors should consult their own stockbroker, bank manager, lawyer, auditor or other financial, legal and tax advisers and carefully review the risks associated with an investment in the Notes and consider such an investment decision in light of the prospective investor’s personal circumstances.

Any references in this Prospectus to the “TenneT Group” are to the Issuer and its subsidiaries and affiliates taken as a whole.

Factors that may affect the Issuer’s ability to fulfil its obligations under or in connection with Notes issued under the Programme

In pursuit of strengthening its position in the north-western European market, the Issuer announced the acquisition of transpower stromübertragungs GmbH (“transpower”), with expected completion date 26 February 2010. After completion of the acquisition, transpower will be at the risk and expense of the Issuer as of 1 January 2010. This acquisition may involve certain additional risks which have been set out in Part 2 and should be read in addition to and in conjunction with the risk factors of Part 1. The risk factors set out in Part 1 apply regardless of the completion of this acquisition.

PART 1: RISK FACTORS APPLICABLE REGARDLESS OF THE ACQUISITION OF TRANSPower BY THE Issuer

Factors that may affect the Issuer’s ability to fulfil its obligations under Notes issued under the Programme

Global financial and economic crisis

An uncertainty facing the TenneT Group is the extent to which the current global financial and economic crisis will affect the Dutch and/or wider European electricity market. A downturn resulting from the current global financial and economic crisis may have an adverse effect on the Issuer.
**Current and future bank and capital markets conditions**

The current problems that are impacting the domestic and international debt and equity markets generally for all companies have resulted in the cost of capital increasing significantly over the period since the summer of 2007 and, in particular, made issuance of debt capital more expensive and difficult.

Adverse and continued constraints in the availability of financing may adversely affect the cost of funding the investments envisaged by the Issuer. The future capital expenditures and ensuing financing needs of the Issuer will require that the TenneT Group seeks external financing, either in the form of public or private financing or other arrangements, which may not be available at attractive terms or may not be available at all. Sufficient access to capital is required to finance long-term growth and to pursue the long-term goals of the Issuer.

**Interest rate risk**

The Issuer is partly financed with floating rate debt. As the reference interest rate on this debt can fluctuate, the Issuer is exposed to interest rate risk. Increasing interest rates will result in higher interest costs and may negatively impact the profitability of the Issuer. The Issuer’s policy is to have between 50% and 100% of its debt portfolio on a fixed-rate basis or hedged through the use of interest rate swaps.

**Impact of Dutch regulatory framework on revenue, profits and financial position of the Issuer**

The revenue, profits and financial position of the Issuer could be affected by the regulatory framework in two different ways.

The regulated activities of the Issuer depend on licences, authorisations, exemptions and/or dispensations in order to operate its business. These licences, authorisations, exemptions and/or dispensations may be subject to withdrawal, amendments and/or additional conditions being imposed on the regulated activities of the Issuer which could affect the revenue, profits and financial position of the Issuer.

The Issuer’s income depends on dividends received from its subsidiaries. The income of the Issuer relating to dividends from TenneT TSO B.V. (“TenneT TSO”) is not regulated. However, the net income level of TenneT Holding depends to a large degree on the revenues of the regulated activities of the Issuer’s subsidiaries. Such revenue of the Issuer’s subsidiaries depends on governmental regulations and European legislation, which implies that in the end the Issuer’s net income is sensitive to regulatory amendments.

The impact of the Dutch regulatory framework in its current form on the income of TenneT TSO can be described as follows.

In 2008, 93% of the Issuer’s consolidated revenues were generated by TenneT TSO; 94% of the Issuer’s consolidated revenue in 2009 is estimated to have been generated by TenneT TSO. TenneT TSO’s policy is to pay 50% of its net income as a dividend to the Issuer as long as this does not have a material adverse effect on TenneT TSO’s financial position.

The revenue of TenneT TSO is subject to ex ante regulation by the Energy Chamber of the Dutch Competition authority (the “Energy Chamber”). Therefore the regulatory framework has a substantial effect on the dividend income of the Issuer. Besides ex ante regulation, TenneT TSO is to some extent subject to ex post regulation as well. Revenue surpluses and deficits resulting from differences between expected (ex ante) and realised (ex post) electricity transmission volumes by TenneT TSO are settled in the tariffs of the next year. Contrary to the regional electricity grid administrators, TenneT TSO therefore does not run any volume risk. In addition, with respect to certain expenses, differences between budgeted and realised amounts are taken into account in the tariffs for the subsequent year. More generally, the Electricity Act provides for the possibility of recalculation of TenneT TSO’s tariffs under specific circumstances. The Energy Chamber, however, has adopted a reticent attitude with respect to such ex-post tariff recalculations.
The impact of the regulatory framework on the revenue of TenneT TSO can be described as follows. For its level of permitted revenues, TenneT TSO is dependent on a series of regulatory decisions of the Energy Chamber, notably the Regulation Method Decision (“Method Decision”), the Efficiency Discount Decision (“X-factor Decision”), the Accounting Volume Decision, the annual tariff decisions and decisions in respect of one-off tariff increases to cover costs of significant investments. As a consequence TenneT TSO’s overall financial position is sensitive to regulatory decisions based on estimated data (such as inflation), false assumptions, defective research, efficiency and productivity goals which are too stringent or a failure to acknowledge costs which TenneT TSO cannot avoid incurring. The following paragraphs expand on some specific aspects of this risk, which are particularly relevant for the position of the Issuer.

TenneT TSO’s level of permitted revenue includes a component based on the weighted average costs of capital (“WACC”). The variables used to calculate the WACC are the cost of equity, the cost of debt, the relative percentages of debt and equity in the capital structure and the corporate tax rate. The cost of equity represents the expected return on investment for the shareholders. The Issuer is the sole shareholder of TenneT TSO. The cost of debt represents the expected cost of debt for a company with an “A” credit rating. As is the case for almost all other cost factors the Energy Chamber bases the WACC on data which precede the regulation period for which the WACC is determined. Thus, the WACC may insufficiently reflect the costs of capital which TenneT TSO will effectively incur during the relevant regulation period, negatively impacting its profitability. For the current tariff regulation period (ending 31 December 2010), the cost of equity was set at 8.1% and the cost of debt at 4.8%. In addition, TenneT TSO’s actual capitalisation may differ from the 60/40 debt/equity ratio assumed in the Method Decision, which could negatively impact TenneT TSO’s profitability. Finally, the actual corporate tax rate may deviate from the corporate tax rate assumed in the Method Decision, which could negatively impact TenneT TSO’s profitability.

Part or all of the investments made by TenneT TSO (directly or indirectly) may be deemed not efficient and consequently not allowed to be included in the Regulatory Asset Base (“RAB”). The RAB represents the value of TenneT TSO’s assets, based on assets permitted to be included in such assets base by the Energy Chamber and calculated using depreciation methods set by the Energy Chamber. TenneT TSO will not be compensated for the cost of the capital related to (the part of) the investment not included in the RAB. Practically, this means that the WACC is not applied to (part of) that investment. In addition, not allowing an investment to be included in the RAB means that depreciation of (part of) that investment are not acknowledged as costs TenneT TSO is allowed to recover.

Pursuant to the Method Decision and the X-factor Decision in respect of the fourth tariff regulation period (2008-2010), which the Energy Chamber adopted in September 2008, TenneT TSO will not be reimbursed for all costs (both transaction and business integration costs) resulting from the transfer of management of the 110kV and 150kV grid (see “Description of the Issuer—Subsidiary overview – Dutch regulated activities—TenneT TSO” below). Also, TenneT TSO will not be permitted to calculate any indirect operational costs of the management transfer of the 110 kV and 150 kV grids in its tariffs in the said fourth tariff regulation period. TenneT TSO has lodged an appeal against the Method Decision with the Trade and Industry Appeals Tribunal (College van beroep voor het bedrijfsleven). If the decision(s) of the Energy Chamber are not repealed, TenneT TSO will either have to reduce other costs or accept a lower profit margin. A judgment in the appeal proceedings is expected to be rendered in 2010.

Impact of environmental issues of subsidiaries of Issuer on position of the Issuer.

The operations and properties of subsidiaries of the Issuer are subject to various laws and regulations concerning the protection of the environment, including regulation of air and water quality, controls of hazardous or toxic substances and guidelines regarding health and safety. Subsidiaries of the Issuer may be required to pay for clean-up costs (and in specific circumstances, for aftercare costs) for any contaminated property it currently owns or has owned in the past.
Environmental laws can impose liability without regard to whether the owner or operator had knowledge of the release of substances or caused the release.

Although the Issuer believes that none of its properties currently require immediate remediation or decontamination other than which has been provisioned for, environmental authorities could disagree with respect to any of the properties and one or more of the Issuer’s subsidiaries could be required to initiate costly, extensive and time-consuming clean up at one or more of its properties, in addition to potential fines or other penalties. Such requirements (applicable to the subsidiaries of the Issuer) could have a material adverse effect on the business, results of operation and financial condition of the Issuer.

A potential issue concerns the (possible) influence that electromagnetic fields emanating from transmission lines may have on humans in the surrounding area of such power lines. There are currently no legal requirements for electromagnetism emanating from overhead transmissions lines. However, there can be no assurance that the legal environment will not become more restrictive in the future, which could result in increased expenditures on the part of the Issuer and potential liability risks in relation to damages claimed by affected persons.

**Lack or loss of highly qualified staff**

The Issuer’s subsidiaries experience increasing difficulties in finding, attracting and retaining highly qualified technical staff required to support their operations. A lack or loss of highly qualified staff may result in insufficient expertise and know how and may result in unsatisfactory quality levels in the inability to complete infrastructure projects on time or in failing to meet strategic objectives.

**No (full) insurance for certain high impact events**

TenneT is not (fully) insured in a case of certain high impact events (such as material damage to overhead lines, third-party losses or damage or black-out claims in excess of the insurance coverage) due to the absence of relevant insurance markets or the considerable costs involved with insuring these risks.

Any uninsured financial compensation could have a material impact on the business, results of operation and financial condition of the Issuer.

For example; any disruption and/or outages of TenneT TSO’s grid infrastructure, whether due to defaults or due to natural disasters, will adversely affect TenneT TSO’s ability to fulfil its obligations towards its customers and may result in TenneT TSO being held liable to provide its customers or any other affected parties with substantial financial compensation of any kind, which compensation is not covered by insurance.

**Risks relating to Structure of the Issuer**

The Issuer is a holding company with no operations and relies on its operating subsidiaries to provide it with funds necessary to meet its financial obligations.

The Issuer is a holding company with no material, direct business operations. The principal assets of the Issuer are the equity interests it directly or indirectly holds in its operating subsidiaries. As a result, the Issuer is dependent on loans, interest, dividends and other payments from its subsidiaries to generate the funds necessary to meet its financial obligations, including the payment of dividends to its shareholder. The ability of the Issuer’s subsidiaries to make such distributions and other payments depends on their earnings and may be subject to statutory or contractual restrictions. As an equity investor in its subsidiaries, the Issuer’s right to receive assets upon their liquidation or reorganisation will be effectively subordinated to the claims of creditors of its subsidiaries. To the extent that the Issuer is recognised as a creditor of such subsidiaries, the Issuer’s claims may still be subordinated to any security interest in or other lien on their assets and to any of their debt or other obligations that are senior to the Issuer’s claims.
Influence of sole shareholder/the State

The Issuer is controlled by the State of The Netherlands (the “State”), being the sole holder of the shares in the share capital of the Issuer as well as policy maker and regulator. Through its role as sole shareholder, policymaker and regulator, the State has a strong influence on the Issuer’s operations. The State is flexible with respect to the Issuer’s dividend policy. It has a strong interest in maintaining a healthy profile of the Issuer and has agreed to lower dividends when necessary.

Risks resulting from joint ventures and collaborations

The Issuer engages in economic activities with other companies through joint ventures and collaborations. As the Issuer does not have a controlling interest in such joint ventures and collaborations, it cannot be ensured that all decisions taken within such joint ventures and collaborations are fully compatible with the Issuer’s interests. Decisions made and actions taken may result in lower revenues or a lower profit margin concerning the joint ventures and collaborations.

Factors which are material for the purpose of assessing the market risks associated with Notes issued under the Programme

Notes may not be a suitable investment for all investors

Each potential investor in the Notes must determine the suitability of that investment in light of its own circumstances. In particular, each potential investor should:

(i) have sufficient knowledge and experience to make a meaningful evaluation of the relevant Notes, the merits and risks of investing in the relevant Notes and the information contained or incorporated by reference in this Prospectus or any applicable supplement or Final Terms;

(ii) have access to, and knowledge of, appropriate analytical tools to evaluate, in the context of its particular financial situation, an investment in the relevant Notes and the impact such investment will have on its overall investment portfolio;

(iii) have sufficient financial resources and liquidity to bear all of the risks of an investment in the relevant Notes, including where principal or interest is payable in one or more currencies, or where the currency for principal or interest payments is different from the potential investor’s currency;

(iv) understand thoroughly the terms of the relevant Notes and be familiar with the behaviour of any relevant indices and financial markets; and

(v) be able to evaluate (either alone or with the help of a financial adviser) possible scenarios for economic, interest rate and other factors that may affect its investment and its ability to bear the applicable risks.

Some Notes are complex financial instruments and such instruments may be purchased as a way to reduce risk or enhance yield with an understood, measured, appropriate addition of risk to their overall portfolios. A potential investor should not invest in Notes which are complex financial instruments unless it has the expertise (either alone or with the help of a financial adviser) to evaluate how the Notes will perform under changing conditions, the resulting effects on the value of such Notes and the impact this investment will have on the potential investor’s overall investment portfolio.

Risks related to the structure of a particular issue of Notes

A wide range of Notes may be issued under the Programme. A number of these Notes may have features which contain particular risks for potential investors. Set out below is a description of certain such features:
Notes subject to optional redemption by the Issuer

An optional redemption feature is likely to limit the market value of Notes. During any period when the Issuer may elect to redeem Notes, the market value of those Notes generally will not rise substantially above the price at which they can be redeemed. This also may be true prior to any redemption period.

The Issuer may be expected to redeem Notes when its cost of borrowing is lower than the interest rate on the Notes. At those times, an investor generally would not be able to reinvest the redemption proceeds at an effective interest rate as high as the interest rate on the Notes being redeemed and may only be able to do so at a significantly lower rate. Potential investors should consider reinvestment risk in light of other investments available at that time.

Index Linked Notes and Dual Currency Notes

The Issuer may issue Notes with principal or interest determined by reference to an index or formula, to changes in the prices of securities or commodities, to movements in currency exchange rates or other factors (each, a “Relevant Factor”). In addition, the Issuer may issue Notes with principal or interest payable in one or more currencies which may be different from the currency in which the Notes are denominated. Potential investors should be aware that:

(i) the market price of such Notes may be volatile;
(ii) they may receive no interest;
(iii) payment of principal or interest may occur at a different time or in a different currency than expected;
(iv) the amount of principal payable at redemption may be less than the nominal amount of such Notes or even zero;
(v) a Relevant Factor may be subject to significant fluctuations that may not correlate with changes in interest rates, currencies or other indices;
(vi) if a Relevant Factor is applied to Notes in conjunction with a multiplier greater than one or contains some other leverage factor, the effect of changes in the Relevant Factor on principal or interest payable likely will be magnified; and
(vii) the timing of changes in a Relevant Factor may affect the actual yield to investors, even if the average level is consistent with their expectations. In general, the earlier the change in the Relevant Factor, the greater the effect on yield.

Partly-paid Notes

The Issuer may issue Notes where the issue price is payable in more than one instalment. Failure to pay any subsequent instalment could result in an investor losing all of its investment.

Variable rate Notes with a multiplier or other leverage factor

Notes with variable interest rates can be volatile investments. If they are structured to include multipliers or other leverage factors, or caps or floors, or any combination of those features or other similar related features, their market values may be even more volatile than those for securities that do not include those features.

Inverse Floating Rate Notes

Inverse Floating Rate Notes have an interest rate equal to a fixed rate minus a rate based upon a reference rate such as LIBOR. The market values of such Notes typically are more volatile than market values of other conventional floating rate debt securities based on the same reference rate (and with otherwise comparable terms). Inverse Floating Rate Notes are more volatile because an increase in the reference rate not only
decreases the interest rate of the Notes, but may also reflect an increase in prevailing interest rates, which further adversely affects the market value of these Notes.

**Fixed/Floating Rate Notes**

Fixed/Floating Rate Notes may bear interest at a rate that the Issuer may elect to convert from a fixed rate to a floating rate, or from a floating rate to a fixed rate. The Issuer’s ability to convert the interest rate will affect the secondary market and the market value of such Notes since the Issuer may be expected to convert the rate when it is likely to produce a lower overall cost of borrowing. If the Issuer converts from a fixed rate to a floating rate, the spread on the Fixed/Floating Rate Notes may be less favourable than then prevailing spreads on comparable Floating Rate Notes tied to the same reference rate. In addition, the new floating rate at any time may be lower than the rates on other Notes. If the Issuer converts from a floating rate to a fixed rate, the fixed rate may be lower than then prevailing rates on its Notes.

**Notes issued at a substantial discount or premium**

The market values of Notes issued at a substantial discount or premium to their nominal amount tend to fluctuate more in relation to general changes in interest rates than do prices for conventional interest-bearing Notes. Generally, the longer the remaining term of the Notes, the greater the price volatility as compared to conventional interest-bearing Notes with comparable maturities.

**The Issuer’s obligations under Subordinated Notes are subordinated**

The Issuer’s obligations under Subordinated Notes will be unsecured and subordinated and will rank junior in priority to the claims of unsubordinated unsecured creditors of the Issuer. Although Subordinated Notes may pay a higher rate of interest than comparable Notes which are not subordinated, there is a real risk that an investor in Subordinated Notes will lose all or some of his investment should the Issuer become insolvent.

**Notes in New Global Note form**

The New Global Note form has been introduced to allow for the possibility of debt instruments being issued and held in a manner which will permit them to be recognised as eligible collateral for monetary policy of the central banking system for the euro (the “Eurosystem”) and intra-day credit operations by the Eurosystem either upon issue or at any or all items during their life. However in any particular case such recognition will depend upon satisfaction of the Eurosystem eligibility criteria at the relevant time. Investors should make their own assessment as to whether the Notes meet such Eurosystem eligibility criteria.

**Specified Denomination of €50,000 (or its equivalent) plus higher integral multiple**

In relation to any issue of Notes which have a denomination consisting of €50,000 (or its equivalent) plus a higher integral multiple of another smaller amount, it is possible that the Notes may be traded in amounts in excess of €50,000 (or its equivalent) that are not integral multiples of €50,000 (or its equivalent). In such a case a Noteholder who, as a result of trading such amounts, holds a principal amount of less than €50,000 (or its equivalent) may not receive a definitive Note in respect of such holding (should definitive Notes be printed) and would need to purchase a principal amount of Notes such that its aggregate holding amounts to €50,000 (or its equivalent) in order to receive such a definitive Note.

**Risks related to Notes generally**

Set out below is a brief description of certain risks relating to the Notes generally:

**Modification, waivers and substitution**

The conditions of the Notes contain provisions for calling meetings of Noteholders to consider matters affecting their interests generally. These provisions permit defined majorities to bind all Noteholders including Noteholders who did not attend and vote at the relevant meeting and Noteholders who voted in a manner contrary to the majority.
**Change of law**
The structure of the issue of the Notes and the ratings which may be assigned to them are based on the law of The Netherlands in effect as at the date of this Prospectus. No assurance can be given as to the impact of any possible change to the law in The Netherlands or administrative practice in The Netherlands after the date of this Prospectus.

**Risks related to the market generally**
Set out below is a brief description of certain market risks, including liquidity risk, exchange rate risk, interest rate risk and credit risk:

**The secondary market generally**
Notes may have no established trading market when issued, and one may never develop. If a market does develop, it may not be liquid. Therefore, investors may not be able to sell their Notes easily or at prices that will provide them with a yield comparable to similar investments that have a developed secondary market. This is particularly the case for Notes that are especially sensitive to interest rate, currency or market risks, are designed for specific investment objectives or strategies or have been prepared to meet the investment requirements of limited categories of investors. These types of Notes generally would have a more limited secondary market and more price volatility than conventional debt securities. Illiquidity may have a severely adverse effect on the market value of Notes.

**Exchange rate risks and exchange controls**
The Issuer will pay principal and interest on the Notes in the Specified Currency. This presents certain risks relating to currency conversions if an investor’s financial activities are denominated principally in a currency or currency unit (the “Investor’s Currency”) other than the Specified Currency. These include the risk that exchange rates may significantly change (including changes due to devaluation of the Specified Currency or revaluation of the Investor’s Currency) and the risk that authorities with jurisdiction over the Investor’s Currency may impose or modify exchange controls. An appreciation in the value of the Investor’s Currency relative to the Specified Currency would decrease (1) the Investor’s Currency equivalent yield on the Notes, (2) the Investor’s Currency equivalent value of the principal payable on the Notes and (3) the Investor’s Currency equivalent market value of the Notes.

Government and monetary authorities may impose (as some have done in the past) exchange controls that could adversely affect an applicable exchange rate. As a result, investors may receive less interest or principal than expected, or no interest or principal.

**Interest rate risks**
Investment in Fixed Rate Notes involves the risk that subsequent changes in market interest rates may adversely affect the value of the Fixed Rate Notes.

**Credit ratings may not reflect all risks**
One or more independent credit rating agencies may assign credit ratings to an issue of Notes. The ratings may not reflect the potential impact of all risks related to structure, market, additional factors discussed above, and other factors that may affect the value of the Notes. A credit rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold Notes and may be revised or withdrawn by the rating agency at any time.

**Legal investment considerations may restrict certain investments**
The investment activities of certain investors are subject to laws and regulations, or review or regulation by certain authorities. Each potential investor should consult its legal advisers to determine whether and to what extent (1) Notes are legal investments for it, (2) Notes can be used as collateral for various types of borrowing and (3) other restrictions apply to its purchase or pledge of any Notes. Financial institutions should consult
their legal advisers or the appropriate regulators to determine the appropriate treatment of Notes under any applicable risk-based capital or similar rules.
PART 2: ADDITIONAL RISK FACTORS APPLICABLE AFTER THE ACQUISITION OF TRANSPOWER BY THE ISSUER

As from the completion of the acquisition of transpower the following material risk factors may apply, which are to be read in addition to and in conjunction with the risk factors described in Part 1.

Factors that may affect the Issuer’s ability to fulfil its obligations under Notes issued under the Programme

Acquisitions and business integration

In pursuit of strengthening its position in the north-western European market, the Issuer announced the acquisition of transpower, with expected completion date 26 February 2010. After completion of the acquisition, transpower will be at the risk and expense of the Issuer as of 1 January 2010. The acquisition may involve certain material risks involved (set out below) with the integration of transpower’s transmission business. In addition, certain risks or liabilities may exist, which have not been identified during the due diligence investigation. Such risks apply to acquisitions in general and may have a material adverse effect on the business operations, the results and the financial position of the Issuer.

Impact of German Regulatory Framework on Revenue of the Issuer

The primary sources of revenue for transpower are on the one hand revenues from feed-in of energy from renewable energy sources (“EEG-revenues”) or from cogeneration (“KWKG-revenues”), and on the other hand (regulated) grid tariffs for access to transpower’s transmission system in Germany.

Under the pertinent regulatory framework, the effect of EEG- and KWKG-revenues on profit is prescribed to be neutral. Hence, transpower derives net income only from transpower’s grid tariffs, which may subsequently be (partly) paid out as dividends to the Issuer. These tariffs are subject to ex ante regulation by the German regulator, the Federal Network Agency (Bundesnetzagentur, “BNetzA”). Hence, the German regulatory framework for grid tariffs also has a substantial effect on the dividend income of the Issuer.

As of 1 January 2009, grid tariffs are subject to an incentive regulation imposing a revenue cap regime for grid operators in Germany. In this respect, transpower is dependent on a series of regulatory decisions by the BNetzA, notably the determination of the revenue cap for each year of the regulatory period (currently: 2009-2013), the determination of the individual efficiency factor applicable for the regulatory period, and the approval of applications for investment budgets or voluntary commitments to reflect certain cost items in the yearly revenue cap.

Therefore, transpower’s overall financial position is – similar to TenneT TSO’s position – sensitive to regulatory decisions. In particular, such decisions may be based on false assumptions, defective research, efficiency goals which are too stringent or a failure to acknowledge costs which transpower cannot avoid incurring. Moreover, the following specific aspects of this risk are relevant for the position of transpower:

Under the incentive regulation, the yearly revenue cap is calculated on the basis of approved grid costs from the year 2006 by also taking into consideration an individual efficiency factor as well as a sectoral productivity factor. Since transpower is regarded as 100 % efficient, the yearly revenue caps of the first regulatory period will only be reduced by said sectoral productivity factor of 1.25 % for those costs deemed “temporarily non-influenceable” (vorübergehend nicht beeinflussbar) or “influenceable” (beeinflussbar). Furthermore, not all changes in transpower’s cost structure will be taken into account by amending the yearly revenue cap (with a delay of up to two years). Hence, transpower will generally not be reimbursed for all of its actual costs in the respective year of the regulatory period and will, therefore, have to reduce other costs deemed “influenceable”.
The revenue cap determined by the BNetzA also includes the calculatory depreciation for the regulatory asset base as well as a calculatory return on equity. For the first regulatory period, the rate of return for the equity portion (based on a “calculatory equity ratio” capped at a maximum of 40 %) of old assets is equal to 7.56 % (before corporate tax, but after trade tax), whereas the (pre-tax) rate of return on equity rate for new assets is fixed at 9.29 %. As the relevant regulatory asset base for the first regulatory period was determined based on the year 2006, the calculatory return on equity may insufficiently reflect the costs of capital which transpower will effectively incur during the first regulatory period, thereby negatively impacting its profitability.

In addition, the BNetzA already expressly reserved the right in its decision determining the revenue caps for the first regulatory period to order transpower to disgorge so-called “excess earnings” by reducing the revenue caps for a period of three years as of the beginning of 2010 accordingly. Transpower had previously gained such excess earnings in a transition period between the introduction of the cost-plus regime in 2005 and the first approval of grid access tariffs by the BNetzA. The acquisition agreement provides for an indemnification mechanism for the benefit of the acquirer if the amount determined by BNetzA exceeds an accrual already set aside for such measures.

Up to the year 2015, transpower is required by law to connect newly-built offshore wind farms to the nearest technologically and economically feasible (electricity grid) connection point. Uncertainties around the number, timing, size and location (i.e. distance from shore) of these wind farms can materially alter the amount of capital expenditures to be made by transpower and hence impact the ability of transpower to finance itself.

The 5-year regulatory period starting 2014 will likely contain less favourable revenue cap allowances for transpower, potentially leading to a material drop in revenue and operating cash flow of transpower (all else being equal).

Impact of environmental issues of subsidiaries of Issuer on position of the Issuer.

With regard to transpower, there is a potential risk of soil contamination at electricity towers and substations in Germany caused by corrosion protection coatings containing heavy metals, in particular lead. Transpower has contacted the competent state authorities in order to develop and implement methods for the investigation of such potential soil contamination at the respective sites. The financial risk for the Issuer has been mitigated by an indemnity clause (specifically in relation to environmental matters) in the share purchase agreement with the seller of transpower, E.ON AG.

Another issue concerns the (possible) influence that electromagnetic fields emanating from transmission lines may have on humans in the surrounding area of such power lines. On the federal level in Germany, an ordinance is already in place establishing certain thresholds of acceptable electromagnetism caused by such transmission lines (26th Ordinance on Electromagnetic Fields Emissions, 26. Bundes-Immissionsschutzverordnung). Accordingly, the Federal Ministry of the Environment, Nature Conservation and Nuclear Safety (Bundesministerium für Umwelt, Naturschutz und Reaktorsicherheit) is constantly exploring the potential effects of electromagnetic fields on humans. By the end of 2008, the ministry did not see any reason to amend the current thresholds set out in the respective ordinance. In addition, there are at present no indications that the current legal requirements for electromagnetism emanating from such overhead transmission lines will be tightened in the future. However, there can be no assurance that the legal environment will not become more restrictive in the future, which could result in increased expenditures on the part of transpower and potential liability risks in relation to damages claimed by affected persons.
Risks relating to Structure of the Issuer

The Issuer is a holding company with no operations and relies on its operating subsidiaries to provide itself with funds necessary to meet its financial obligations.

The German Limited Liability Companies Act (GmbHG) provides for a strict prohibition of the repayment of the nominal share capital of a German Limited Liability Company (GmbH). Under these capital maintenance rules such GmbH is required to preserve its nominal share capital. Any payment made and/or any financial advantage granted by a GmbH to its direct or indirect shareholders (or their affiliated companies) which is not made out of the company’s free net assets (i.e. results in the company’s equity falling below the nominal share capital or deepens an existing shortfall of the company’s equity below the nominal share capital) is unlawful. The capital maintenance rules are interpreted broadly and do not only apply to cash payments but also to all other types of benefits with a financial or commercial value granted by a GmbH, including, in particular, upstream guarantees and other securities. As a consequence, any financial assistance by a GmbH to its direct or indirect shareholders and/or any of their affiliates must be limited to the amount of the free net assets of the company.

Regardless of compliance with the capital maintenance rules, a shareholder may not withdraw assets from such GmbH which such GmbH needs to fulfil its obligations towards its creditors. The removal of such vital assets is deemed a so-called “destructive intervention” (existenzvernichtender Eingriff). Further, the GmbHG prohibits the company’s managing directors from making any payment to the shareholder(s) if such payment would lead with reasonable likelihood to the company’s becoming illiquid (zahlungsunfähig) in terms of the German Insolvency Act (InsO) (i.e insolvent due to lack of sufficient liquid assets).

Due to the above-described legal framework, the ability of the Issuer to upstream cash from transpower in order to meet its obligations under the Notes is restricted.

Risk relating to joint and several liability

The business currently conducted by transpower was formerly conducted by E.ON Netz GmbH. E.ON Netz GmbH was merged into E.ON Energie AG by way of an up-stream merger with its sole shareholder E.ON Energie AG. Immediately after the effectiveness of the merger, the business was demerged from E.ON Energie AG to transpower by way of a demerger and takeover agreement dated 21 April 2009 pursuant to Section 123 (2) no. 1 German Transformation Act (Umwandlungsgesetz). The demerger became legally effective with its registration on 4 May 2009. Pursuant to Section 133 German Transformation Act (Umwandlungsgesetz), transpower is jointly and severally liable for all liabilities of E.ON Energie AG existing at the day of the legal effectiveness of the demerger (i.e. 4 May 2009). However, the share purchase agreement provides for an indemnity claim against E.ON AG if a claim against transpower pursuant to Section 133 German Transformation Act (Umwandlungsgesetz) should be made.
OVERVIEW OF THE PROGRAMME

The following overview is qualified in its entirety by the remainder of this Prospectus.

Issuer: TenneT Holding B.V.
Description: Euro Medium Term Note Programme
Size: Up to €5,000,000,000 (or the equivalent in other currencies at the date of issue) aggregate nominal amount of Notes outstanding at any one time.
Arrangers: ING Bank N.V. and The Royal Bank of Scotland plc
Dealers: Barclays Bank PLC, BNP Paribas, ING Bank N.V. and The Royal Bank of Scotland plc
The Issuer may from time to time terminate the appointment of any dealer under the Programme or appoint additional dealers either in respect of one or more Tranches or in respect of the whole Programme. References in this Prospectus to “Permanent Dealers” are to the persons listed above as Dealers and to such additional persons that are appointed as dealers in respect of the whole Programme (and whose appointment has not been terminated) and references to “Dealers” are to all Permanent Dealers and all persons appointed as a dealer in respect of one or more Tranches.
Method of Issue: The Notes will be issued on a syndicated or non-syndicated basis. The Notes will be issued in series (each a “Series”) having one or more issue dates and on terms otherwise identical (or identical other than in respect of the first payment of interest), the Notes of each Series being intended to be interchangeable with all other Notes of that Series. Each Series may be issued in tranches (each a “Tranche”) on the same or different issue dates. The specific terms of each Tranche (which will be completed, where necessary, with the relevant terms and conditions and, save in respect of the issue date, issue price, first payment of interest and nominal amount of the Tranche, will be identical to the terms of other Tranches of the same Series) will be completed in the final terms (the “Final Terms”).
Issue Price: Notes may be issued at their nominal amount or at a discount or premium to their nominal amount. Partly Paid Notes may be issued, the issue price of which will be payable in two or more instalments.
Form of Notes: The Notes may be issued in bearer form (“Bearer Notes”) or in registered form (“Registered Notes”) only. Each Tranche of Bearer Notes will be represented on issue by a temporary Global Note if (i) definitive Notes are to be made available to Noteholders following the expiry of 40 days after their issue
date or (ii) such Notes have an initial maturity of more than one year and are being issued in compliance with the D Rules (as defined in “Overview of the Programme – Selling Restrictions” below), otherwise such Tranche will be represented by a permanent Global Note. Registered Notes will be represented by Certificates, one Certificate being issued in respect of each Noteholder’s entire holding of Registered Notes of one Series. Certificates representing Registered Notes that are registered in the name of a nominee for one or more clearing systems are referred to as “Global Certificates”.

Clearing Systems: Clearstream, Luxembourg, Euroclear and, in relation to any Tranche, such other clearing system as may be agreed between the Issuer, the Fiscal Agent and the relevant Dealer(s).

Initial Delivery of Notes: On or before the issue date for each Tranche, if the relevant Global Note is a NGN, the Global Note will be delivered to a Common Safekeeper for Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg. On or before the issue date for each Tranche, if the relevant Global Note is a CGN, the Global Note representing Bearer Notes or the Certificate representing Registered Notes may be deposited with a common depositary for Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg. Global Notes or Certificates may also be deposited with any other clearing system or may be delivered outside any clearing system provided that the method of such delivery has been agreed in advance by the Issuer, the Fiscal Agent and the relevant Dealer(s). Registered Notes that are to be credited to one or more clearing systems on issue will be registered in the name of nominees or a common nominee for such clearing systems.

Currencies: Subject to compliance with all relevant laws, regulations and directives, Notes may be issued in any currency agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s).

Maturities: Subject to compliance with all relevant laws, regulations and directives, any maturity between one month and 30 years.

Specified Denomination: Definitive Notes will be in such denominations as may be specified in the relevant Final Terms save that (i) in the case of any Notes which are to be admitted to trading on a regulated market within the European Economic Area or offered to the public in an EEA State in circumstances which require the publication of a prospectus under the Prospectus Directive, the minimum specified denomination shall be €50,000 (or its equivalent in any other currency as at the date of issue of the Notes) and (ii) unless otherwise permitted by then current laws and regulations, Notes which have a maturity of less than one year will have a minimum denomination of £100,000 (or its equivalent in other currencies).

Fixed Rate Notes: Fixed interest will be payable in arrear on the date or dates in
Floating Rate Notes: Floating Rate Notes will bear interest determined separately for each Series as follows:

(i) on the same basis as the floating rate under a notional interest rate swap transaction in the relevant Specified Currency governed by an agreement incorporating the 2006 ISDA Definitions (as amended and updated as at the issue date of the first Tranche of the relevant Series), as published by the International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc. or

(ii) by reference to LIBOR, LIBID, LIMEAN or EURIBOR (or such other benchmark as may be specified in the relevant Final Terms) as adjusted for any applicable margin.

Interest periods will be specified in the relevant Final Terms.

Zero Coupon Notes: Zero Coupon Notes (as defined in “Terms and Conditions of the Notes”) may be issued at their nominal amount or at a discount to it and will not bear interest.

Dual Currency Notes: Payments (whether in respect of principal or interest and whether at maturity or otherwise) in respect of Dual Currency Notes (as defined in “Terms and Conditions of the Notes”) will be made in such currencies, and based on such rates of exchange as may be specified in the relevant Final Terms.

Index Linked Notes: Payments of principal in respect of Index Linked Redemption Notes (as defined in “Terms and Conditions of the Notes”) or of interest in respect of Index Linked Interest Notes (as defined in “Terms and Conditions of the Notes”) will be calculated by reference to such index and/or formula as may be specified in the relevant Final Terms.

Interest Periods and Interest Rates: The length of the interest periods for the Notes and the applicable interest rate or its method of calculation may differ from time to time or be constant for any Series. Notes may have a maximum interest rate, a minimum interest rate, or both. The use of interest accrual periods permits the Notes to bear interest at different rates in the same interest period. All such information will be set out in the relevant Final Terms.

Redemption: The relevant Final Terms will specify the basis for calculating the redemption amounts payable. Unless permitted by then current laws and regulations, Notes which have a maturity of less than one year must have a minimum redemption amount of £100,000 (or its equivalent in other currencies).

Redemption by Instalments: The Final Terms issued in respect of each issue of Notes that are redeemable in two or more instalments will set out the dates on which, and the amounts in which, such Notes may be redeemed.
| **Other Notes:** | Terms applicable to high interest Notes, low interest Notes, step-up Notes, step-down Notes, reverse dual currency Notes, optional dual currency Notes, Partly Paid Notes and any other type of Note that the Issuer and any Dealer or Dealers may agree to issue under the Programme will be set out in the relevant Final Terms. |
| **Optional Redemption:** | The Final Terms issued in respect of each issue of Notes will state whether such Notes may be redeemed prior to their stated maturity at the option of the Issuer (either in whole or in part) and/or the holders, and if so the terms applicable to such redemption. |
| **Status of Notes:** | Senior Notes will constitute unsubordinated and unsecured obligations of the Issuer and Subordinated Notes will constitute subordinated obligations of the Issuer all as described in “Terms and Conditions of the Notes – Status”. |
| **Negative Pledge:** | Applicable to Senior Notes only. See “Terms and Conditions of the Notes – Negative Pledge”. |
| **Cross Default:** | Applicable to Senior Notes only. See “Terms and Conditions of the Notes – Events of Default”. |
| **Ratings:** | Tranches of Notes will be rated or unrated. Where a Tranche of Notes is to be rated, such rating will be specified in the relevant Final Terms. A rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to suspension, reduction or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating agency. |
| **Early Redemption:** | Except as provided in “Overview of the Programme – Optional Redemption” above, Notes will be redeemable at the option of the Issuer prior to maturity only for tax reasons. See “Terms and Conditions of the Notes – Redemption, Purchase and Options”. |
| **Withholding Tax:** | All payments of principal and interest in respect of the Notes will be made free and clear of withholding taxes of The Netherlands subject to customary exceptions (including the ICMA Standard EU Tax exemption Tax Language), all as described in “Terms and Conditions of the Notes – Taxation”. |
| **Governing Law:** | Dutch law. |
| **Listing and Admission to Trading:** | Application has been made to list Notes issued under the Programme on Euronext Amsterdam. Application may be made to other exchanges for Notes issued under the Programme to be listed on such other exchanges. As specified in the relevant Final Terms, a Series of Notes may be unlisted. |
| **Redenomination, Renominalisation and/or Consolidation** | Notes denominated in a currency of a country that subsequently participates in the third stage of European Economic and Monetary Union may be subject to redenomination, renominalisation and/or consolidation with other Notes then |
denominated in euro. The provisions applicable to any such redenomination, renominalisation and/or consolidation will be as specified in the relevant Final Terms.

The United States, the Public Offer Selling Restriction under the Prospectus Directive (in respect of Notes having a specified denomination of less than €50,000 or its equivalent in any other currency as at the date of issue of the Notes), the United Kingdom, The Netherlands, Japan. See “Subscription and Sale”.

The Issuer is Category 1 for the purposes of Regulation S under the Securities Act, as amended.

The Notes will be issued in compliance with U.S. Treas. Reg. §1.163-5(c)(2)(i)(D) (the “D Rules”) unless (i) the relevant Final Terms states that Notes are issued in compliance with U.S. Treas. Reg. §1.163-5(c)(2)(i)(C) (the “C Rules”) or (ii) the Notes are issued other than in compliance with the D Rules or the C Rules but in circumstances in which the Notes will not constitute “registration required obligations” under the United States Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982 (“TEFRA”), which circumstances will be referred to in the relevant Final Terms as a transaction to which TEFRA is not applicable.
SUPPLEMENTARY PROSPECTUS

If at any time the Issuer shall be required to prepare a supplementary prospectus pursuant to section 5:23 of the Financial Supervision Act (Wet op het financieel toezicht), the Issuer will prepare and make available an appropriate amendment or supplement to this Prospectus or a further Prospectus which, in respect of any subsequent issue of Notes to be listed on Euronext Amsterdam, shall constitute a supplementary prospectus as required by section 5:23 of the Financial Supervision Act.

The Issuer has given an undertaking to the Dealers that if at any time during the duration of the Programme there is a significant new factor, material mistake or inaccuracy relating to information contained in this Prospectus which is capable of affecting the assessment of any Notes and whose inclusion in or removal from this Prospectus is necessary for the purpose of allowing an investor to make an informed assessment of the assets and liabilities, financial position, profits and losses and prospects of the Issuer and the rights attaching to the Notes, the Issuer shall prepare an amendment or supplement to this Prospectus or publish a replacement Prospectus for use in connection with any subsequent offering of the Notes and shall supply to each Dealer such number of copies of such supplement hereto as such Dealer may reasonably request.
DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

The following parts of the documents listed below, which have previously been published and filed with the AFM, shall be incorporated in and form part of this Prospectus and are correct as of their date:

1. audited annual report for the financial year ended 2007 (Dutch version):
   - consolidated annual financial statements (page 83-89)
   - notes (page 90-155)
   - auditors report (page 156-157)

2. audited annual report for the financial year ended 2008 (Dutch version):
   - consolidated annual financial statements (page 115-121)
   - notes (page 122-199)
   - auditors report (page 200-201)

Copies of documents incorporated by reference in this Prospectus may be obtained (without charge) from the registered office of the Issuer and www.tennet.org.
TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE NOTES

The following is the text of the terms and conditions that, subject to completion and amendment and as supplemented or varied in accordance with the provisions of Part A of the relevant Final Terms, shall be applicable to the Notes in definitive form (if any) issued in exchange for the Global Note(s) representing each Series. Either (i) the full text of these terms and conditions together with the relevant provisions of Part A of the Final Terms or (ii) these terms and conditions as so completed, amended, supplemented or varied (and subject to simplification by the deletion of non-applicable provisions), shall be endorsed on such Bearer Notes or on the Certificates relating to such Registered Notes. All capitalised terms that are not defined in these Conditions will have the meanings given to them in Part A of the relevant Final Terms. Those definitions will be endorsed on the definitive Notes or Certificates, as the case may be. References in the Conditions to “Notes” are to the Notes of one Series only, not to all Notes that may be issued under the Programme. The terms and conditions applicable to any Note in global form will differ from those terms and conditions which would apply to the Note were it in definitive form to the extent described under “Summary of Provisions Relating to the Notes while in Global Form” below.

The Notes are issued pursuant to an Agency Agreement (as amended or supplemented as at the Issue Date, the “Agency Agreement”) dated 22 January 2010 between the Issuer, The Bank of New York Mellon, London Branch as fiscal agent, The Bank of New York Mellon (Luxembourg) S.A. as registrar and the other agents named in it. The fiscal agent, the paying agents, the registrar, the transfer agents and the calculation agent(s) for the time being (if any) are referred to below respectively as the “Fiscal Agent”, the “Paying Agents” (which expression shall include the Fiscal Agent), the “Registrar”, the “Transfer Agents” and the “Calculation Agent(s)”. The Noteholders (as defined below), the holders of the interest coupons (the “Coupons”) relating to interest bearing Notes in bearer form and, where applicable in the case of such Notes, talons for further Coupons (the “Talons”) (the “Couponholders”) and the holders of the receipts for the payment of instalments of principal (the “Receipts”) relating to Notes in bearer form of which the principal is payable in instalments are deemed to have notice of all of the provisions of the Agency Agreement applicable to them.

As used in these terms and conditions (the “Conditions”), “Tranche” means Notes which are identical in all respects and “Series” means a Tranche of Notes together with any further Tranche or Tranches of Notes which are (i) expressed to be consolidated and form a single series and (ii) are identical in all respects (including as to listing) except for their respective Issue Dates, Interest Commencement Dates and/or Issue Prices.

Copies of the Agency Agreement are available for inspection at the specified offices of each of the Paying Agents, the Registrar and the Transfer Agents.

1 Form, Denomination and Title

The Notes are issued in bearer form (“Bearer Notes”) or in registered form (“Registered Notes”) in each case in the Specified Denomination(s) shown hereon provided that in the case of any Notes which are to be admitted to trading on a regulated market within the European Economic Area or offered to the public in a Member State of the European Economic Area in circumstances which require the publication of a Prospectus under the Prospectus Directive, the minimum Specified Denomination shall be €50,000 (or its equivalent in any other currency as at the date of issue of the relevant Notes).

All Registered Notes shall have the same Specified Denomination.

This Note is a Fixed Rate Note, a Floating Rate Note, a Zero Coupon Note, an Index Linked Interest Note, an Index Linked Redemption Note, an Instalment Note, a Dual Currency Note or a Partly Paid Note, a
combination of any of the foregoing or any other kind of Note, depending upon the Interest and Redemption/Payment Basis shown hereon.

Bearer Notes are serially numbered and are issued with Coupons (and, where appropriate, a Talon) attached, save in the case of Zero Coupon Notes in which case references to interest (other than in relation to interest due after the Maturity Date), Coupons and Talons in these Conditions are not applicable. Instalment Notes are issued with one or more Receipts attached.

Registered Notes are represented by registered certificates ("Certificates") and, save as provided in Condition 2(c), each Certificate shall represent the entire holding of Registered Notes by the same holder.

Title to the Bearer Notes and the Receipts, Coupons and Talons shall pass by delivery. Title to the Registered Notes shall pass by registration in the register that the Issuer shall procure to be kept by the Registrar in accordance with the provisions of the Agency Agreement (the "Register"). Except as ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction or as required by law, the holder (as defined below) of any Note, Receipt, Coupon or Talon shall be deemed to be and may be treated as its absolute owner for all purposes, whether or not it is overdue and regardless of any notice of ownership, trust or an interest in it, any writing on it (or on the Certificate representing it) or its theft or loss (or that of the related Certificate) and no person shall be liable for so treating the holder.

In these Conditions, "Noteholder" means the bearer of any Bearer Note and the Receipts relating to it or the person in whose name a Registered Note is registered (as the case may be), "holder" (in relation to a Note, Receipt, Coupon or Talon) means the bearer of any Bearer Note, Receipt, Coupon or Talon or the person in whose name a Registered Note is registered (as the case may be) and capitalised terms have the meanings given to them hereon, the absence of any such meaning indicating that such term is not applicable to the Notes.

2 No Exchanges of Notes and Transfers of Registered Notes

(a) **No Exchange of Notes:** Registered Notes may not be exchanged for Bearer Notes. Bearer Notes of one Specified Denomination may not be exchanged for Bearer Notes of another Specified Denomination. Bearer Notes may not be exchanged for Registered Notes.

(b) **Transfer of Registered Notes:** One or more Registered Notes may be transferred upon the surrender (at the specified office of the Registrar or any Transfer Agent) of the Certificate representing such Registered Notes to be transferred, together with the form of transfer endorsed on such Certificate, (or another form of transfer substantially in the same form and containing the same representations and certifications (if any), unless otherwise agreed by the Issuer), duly completed and executed and any other evidence as the Registrar or Transfer Agent may reasonably require. In the case of a transfer of part only of a holding of Registered Notes represented by one Certificate, a new Certificate shall be issued to the transferee in respect of the part transferred and a further new Certificate in respect of the balance of the holding not transferred shall be issued to the transferor. All transfers of Notes and entries on the Register will be made subject to the detailed regulations concerning transfers of Notes scheduled to the Agency Agreement. The regulations may be changed by the Issuer, with the prior written approval of the Registrar and the Noteholders. A copy of the current regulations will be made available by the Registrar to any Noteholder upon request.

(c) **Exercise of Options or Partial Redemption in Respect of Registered Notes:** In the case of an exercise of an Issuer’s or Noteholders’ option in respect of, or a partial redemption of, a holding of Registered Notes represented by a single Certificate, a new Certificate shall be issued to the holder to reflect the exercise of such option or in respect of the balance of the holding not redeemed. In the case
of a partial exercise of an option resulting in Registered Notes of the same holding having different terms, separate Certificates shall be issued in respect of those Notes of that holding that have the same terms. New Certificates shall only be issued against surrender of the existing Certificates to the Registrar or any Transfer Agent. In the case of a transfer of Registered Notes to a person who is already a holder of Registered Notes, a new Certificate representing the enlarged holding shall only be issued against surrender of the Certificate representing the existing holding.

(d) **Delivery of New Certificates:** Each new Certificate to be issued pursuant to Conditions 2(b) or (c) shall be available for delivery within three business days of receipt of the form of transfer or Exercise Notice (as defined in Condition 6(e)) and surrender of the Certificate for exchange. Delivery of the new Certificate(s) shall be made at the specified office of the Transfer Agent or of the Registrar (as the case may be) to whom delivery or surrender of such form of transfer, Exercise Notice or Certificate shall have been made or, at the option of the holder making such delivery or surrender as aforesaid and as specified in the relevant form of transfer, Exercise Notice or otherwise in writing, be mailed by uninsured post at the risk of the holder entitled to the new Certificate to such address as may be so specified, unless such holder requests otherwise and pays in advance to the relevant Agent (as defined in the Agency Agreement) the costs of such other method of delivery and/or such insurance as it may specify. In this Condition (d), “business day” means a day, other than a Saturday or Sunday, on which banks are open for business in the place of the specified office of the relevant Transfer Agent or the Registrar (as the case may be).

(e) **Transfer Free of Charge:** Transfers of Notes and Certificates on registration, transfer, partial redemption or exercise of an option shall be effected without charge by or on behalf of the Issuer, the Registrar or the Transfer Agents, but upon payment of any tax or other governmental charges that may be imposed in relation to it (or the giving of such indemnity as the Registrar or the relevant Transfer Agent may require).

(f) **Closed Periods:** No Noteholder may require the transfer of a Registered Note to be registered (i) during the period of 15 days ending on the due date for redemption of, or payment of any Instalment Amount in respect of, that Note, (ii) during the period of 15 days before any date on which Notes may be called for redemption by the Issuer at its option pursuant to Condition 6(d), (iii) after any such Note has been called for redemption or (iv) during the period of seven days ending on (and including) any Record Date.

3 **Status**

(a) **Status of Senior Notes:** The Senior Notes (being those Notes that specify their status as Senior) and the Receipts and Coupons relating to them constitute (subject to Condition 4) unsecured obligations of the Issuer and shall at all times rank *pari passu* and without any preference among themselves. The payment obligations of the Issuer under the Senior Notes and the Receipts and the Coupons relating to them shall, save for such exceptions as may be provided by applicable legislation and subject to Condition 4, at all times rank at least equally with all other unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness and monetary obligations of the Issuer, present and future.

(b) **Status of Subordinated Notes:** The Subordinated Notes (being those Notes that specify their status as Subordinated) and the Receipts and Coupons relating to them constitute subordinated obligations of the Issuer and rank *pari passu* and without any preference among themselves. In the event of the bankruptcy, insolvency, winding up or dissolution of the Issuer, the payment obligations of the Issuer under the Subordinated Notes and the Receipts and Coupons relating to them shall rank in right of payment after unsubordinated unsecured creditors of the Issuer but at least *pari passu* with all other
subordinated obligations of the Issuer that are not expressed by their terms to rank junior to the Subordinated Notes and in priority to the claims of shareholders of the Issuer.

4 Negative Pledge

So long as any Senior Note or Coupon remains outstanding the Issuer will not, and will ensure that none of its Material Subsidiaries will create, or have outstanding any mortgage, charge, lien, pledge or other security interest, upon the whole or any part of its present or future undertaking, assets or revenues (including any uncalled capital) to secure any Relevant Indebtedness, or any guarantee or indemnity in respect of any Relevant Indebtedness, unless the Issuer shall, in the case of the granting of the security, before or at the same time, and in any other case, promptly, procure that all amounts payable under the Senior Notes are secured equally and rateably or that such other security or other arrangement is provided as shall be approved by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Senior Noteholders.

In these Conditions:

(i) “Relevant Indebtedness” means any indebtedness which is in the form of publicly issued securities including, inter alia, bonds, notes or debentures, which for the time being are, or are intended to be or capable of being, quoted, listed or dealt in or traded on any stock exchange or over-the-counter or other securities market; and

(ii) “Subsidiary” means any entity whose financial statements at any time are required by law or in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles to be fully consolidated with those of the Issuer; and

(iii) “Material Subsidiary” means, at any time, any Subsidiary of the Issuer whose net turnover (consolidated in the case of a company which itself has Subsidiaries) represents not less than 25 per cent. of the consolidated total net turnover of the Issuer and its Subsidiaries taken as a whole, as calculated by reference to the then most recent financial statements (consolidated or, as the case may be, unconsolidated) of such Subsidiary and the then most recent consolidated financial statements of the Issuer and its Subsidiaries taken as a whole, provided that if a Subsidiary has been acquired since the date as at which the then most recent consolidated financial statements of the Issuer and its Subsidiaries taken as a whole were prepared, the financial statements shall be adjusted in order to take into account the acquisition of that Subsidiary (that adjustment being certified by a director of the Issuer as representing an accurate reflection of the revised net turnover of the Issuer and its Subsidiaries taken as a whole); and

(iv) “outstanding” means, in relation to the Notes of any Series, all the Notes issued other than (a) those that have been redeemed in accordance with the Conditions, (b) those in respect of which the date for redemption has occurred and the redemption moneys (including all interest accrued on such Notes to the date for such redemption and any interest payable after such date) have been duly paid to the Fiscal Agent as provided in the Agency Agreement and remain available for payment against presentation and surrender of Notes, Certificates, Receipts and/or Coupons, as the case may be, (c) those which have become void or in respect of which claims have become prescribed, (d) those which have been purchased and cancelled as provided in the Conditions, (e) those mutilated or defaced Bearer Notes that have been surrendered in exchange for replacement Notes, (f) (for the purpose only of determining how many Notes are outstanding and without prejudice to their status for any other purpose) those Bearer Notes alleged to have been lost, stolen or destroyed and in respect of which replacement Notes have been issued, (g) any temporary global Note to the extent that it shall have been exchanged for a permanent global Note and any global Note to the extent that it shall have been exchanged for one or more definitive Notes, in either case pursuant to its provisions; provided that, for the purposes of (i)
ascertaining the right to attend and vote at any meeting of Noteholders and (ii) the determination of how many Notes are outstanding for the purposes of Conditions 10 and 11 and Schedule 3 to the Agency Agreement, those Notes that are beneficially held by, or are held on behalf of, the Issuer, or any of its Subsidiaries and not cancelled shall (unless and until ceasing to be so held) be deemed not to be outstanding. Save for the purposes of the proviso herein, in the case of any Notes represented by a new global Note, the Fiscal Agent shall rely on the records of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg in relation to any determination of the nominal amount outstanding of each new global Note; and

(v) “Extraordinary Resolution” means a resolution passed at a meeting duly convened and held in accordance with the Agency Agreement by a majority of at least 75 per cent of the votes cast.

5 Interest and other Calculations

(a) Interest on Fixed Rate Notes: Each Fixed Rate Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount from and including the Interest Commencement Date at the rate per annum (expressed as a percentage) equal to the Rate of Interest, such interest being payable in arrear on each Interest Payment Date. The amount of interest payable shall be determined in accordance with Condition 5(h).

(b) Interest on Floating Rate Notes and Index Linked Interest Notes:

(i) Interest Payment Dates: Each Floating Rate Note and Index Linked Interest Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount from and including the Interest Commencement Date at the rate per annum (expressed as a percentage) equal to the Rate of Interest, such interest being payable in arrear on each Interest Payment Date. The amount of interest payable shall be determined in accordance with Condition 5(h). Such Interest Payment Date(s) is/are either shown hereon as Specified Interest Payment Dates or, if no Specified Interest Payment Date(s) is/are shown hereon, Interest Payment Date shall mean each date which falls the number of months or other period shown hereon as the Interest Period after the preceding Interest Payment Date or, in the case of the first Interest Payment Date, after the Interest Commencement Date.

(ii) Business Day Convention: If any date referred to in these Conditions that is specified to be subject to adjustment in accordance with a Business Day Convention would otherwise fall on a day that is not a Business Day, then, if the Business Day Convention specified is (A) the Floating Rate Business Day Convention, such date shall be postponed to the next day that is a Business Day unless it would thereby fall into the next calendar month, in which event (x) such date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding Business Day and (y) each subsequent such date shall be the last Business Day of the month in which such date would have fallen had it not been subject to adjustment, (B) the Following Business Day Convention, such date shall be postponed to the next day that is a Business Day, (C) the Modified Following Business Day Convention, such date shall be postponed to the next day that is a Business Day unless it would thereby fall into the next calendar month, in which event such date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding Business Day or (D) the Preceding Business Day Convention, such date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding Business Day.

(iii) Rate of Interest for Floating Rate Notes: The Rate of Interest in respect of Floating Rate Notes for each Interest Accrual Period shall be determined in the manner specified hereon and the provisions below relating to either ISDA Determination or Screen Rate Determination shall apply, depending upon which is specified hereon.

(A) ISDA Determination for Floating Rate Notes
Where ISDA Determination is specified hereon as the manner in which the Rate of Interest is to be determined, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Accrual Period shall be determined by the Calculation Agent as a rate equal to the relevant ISDA Rate. For the purposes of this sub-paragraph (A), “ISDA Rate” for an Interest Accrual Period means a rate equal to the Floating Rate that would be determined by the Calculation Agent under a Swap Transaction under the terms of an agreement incorporating the ISDA Definitions and under which:

(x) the Floating Rate Option is as specified hereon
(y) the Designated Maturity is a period specified hereon and
(z) the relevant Reset Date is the first day of that Interest Accrual Period unless otherwise specified hereon.

For the purposes of this sub-paragraph (A), “Floating Rate”, “Calculation Agent”, “Floating Rate Option”, “Designated Maturity”, “Reset Date” and “Swap Transaction” have the meanings given to those terms in the ISDA Definitions.

(B) Screen Rate Determination for Floating Rate Notes

(x) Where Screen Rate Determination is specified hereon as the manner in which the Rate of Interest is to be determined, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Accrual Period will, subject as provided below, be either:

1. the offered quotation; or
2. the arithmetic mean of the offered quotations,

(expressed as a percentage rate per annum) for the Reference Rate which appears or appear, as the case may be, on the Relevant Screen Page as at either 11.00 a.m. (London time in the case of LIBOR or Brussels time in the case of EURIBOR) on the Interest Determination Date in question as determined by the Calculation Agent. If five or more of such offered quotations are available on the Relevant Screen Page, the highest (or, if there is more than one such highest quotation, one only of such quotations) and the lowest (or, if there is more than one such lowest quotation, one only of such quotations) shall be disregarded by the Calculation Agent for the purpose of determining the arithmetic mean of such offered quotations.

If the Reference Rate from time to time in respect of Floating Rate Notes is specified hereon as being other than LIBOR or EURIBOR, the Rate of Interest in respect of such Notes will be determined as provided hereon.

(y) if the Relevant Screen Page is not available or, if sub-paragraph (x)(1) applies and no such offered quotation appears on the Relevant Screen Page, or, if sub-paragraph (x)(2) applies and fewer than three such offered quotations appear on the Relevant Screen Page, in each case as at the time specified above, subject as provided below, the Calculation Agent shall request, if the Reference Rate is LIBOR, the principal London office of each of the Reference Banks or, if the Reference Rate is EURIBOR, the principal Euro-zone office of each of the Reference Banks, to provide the Calculation Agent with its offered quotation (expressed as a percentage rate per annum) for the Reference Rate if the
Reference Rate is LIBOR, at approximately 11.00 a.m. (London time), or if the Reference Rate is EURIBOR, at approximately 11.00 a.m. (Brussels time) on the Interest Determination Date in question. If two or more of the Reference Banks provide the Calculation Agent with such offered quotations, the Rate of Interest for such Interest Accrual Period shall be the arithmetic mean of such offered quotations as determined by the Calculation Agent; and

if paragraph (y) above applies and the Calculation Agent determines that fewer than two Reference Banks are providing offered quotations, subject as provided below, the Rate of Interest shall be the arithmetic mean of the rates per annum (expressed as a percentage) as communicated to (and at the request of) the Calculation Agent by the Reference Banks or any two or more of them, at which such banks were offered, if the Reference Rate is LIBOR, at approximately 11.00 a.m. (London time) or, if the Reference Rate is EURIBOR, at approximately 11.00 a.m. (Brussels time) on the relevant Interest Determination Date, deposits in the Specified Currency for a period equal to that which would have been used for the Reference Rate by leading banks in, if the Reference Rate is LIBOR, the London inter-bank market or, if the Reference Rate is EURIBOR, the Euro-zone inter-bank market, as the case may be, or, if fewer than two of the Reference Banks provide the Calculation Agent with such offered rates, the offered rate for deposits in the Specified Currency for a period equal to that which would have been used for the Reference Rate, or the arithmetic mean of the offered rates for deposits in the Specified Currency for a period equal to that which would have been used for the Reference Rate, at which, if the Reference Rate is LIBOR, at approximately 11.00 a.m. (London time) or, if the Reference Rate is EURIBOR, at approximately 11.00 a.m. (Brussels time), on the relevant Interest Determination Date, any one or more banks (which bank or banks is or are in the opinion of the Issuer suitable for such purpose) informs the Calculation Agent it is quoting to leading banks in, if the Reference Rate is LIBOR, the London inter-bank market or, if the Reference Rate is EURIBOR, the Euro-zone inter-bank market, as the case may be, provided that, if the Rate of Interest cannot be determined in accordance with the foregoing provisions of this paragraph, the Rate of Interest shall be determined as at the last preceding Interest Determination Date (though substituting, where a different Margin or Maximum or Minimum Rate of Interest is to be applied to the relevant Interest Accrual Period from that which applied to the last preceding Interest Accrual Period, the Margin or Maximum or Minimum Rate of Interest relating to the relevant Interest Accrual Period, in place of the Margin or Maximum or Minimum Rate of Interest relating to that last preceding Interest Accrual Period).

(iv) Rate of Interest for Index Linked Interest Notes: The Rate of Interest in respect of Index Linked Interest Notes for each Interest Accrual Period shall be determined in the manner specified hereon and interest will accrue by reference to an Index or Formula as specified hereon.

(c) Zero Coupon Notes: Where a Note the Interest Basis of which is specified to be Zero Coupon is repayable prior to the Maturity Date and is not paid when due, the amount due and payable prior to the Maturity Date shall be the Early Redemption Amount of such Note. As from the Maturity Date, the Rate of Interest for any overdue principal of such a Note shall be a rate per annum (expressed as a percentage) equal to the Amortisation Yield (as described in Condition 6(b)(1)).
(d) **Dual Currency Notes:** In the case of Dual Currency Notes, if the rate or amount of interest falls to be determined by reference to a Rate of Exchange or a method of calculating Rate of Exchange, the rate or amount of interest payable shall be determined in the manner specified hereon.

(e) **Partly Paid Notes:** In the case of Partly Paid Notes (other than Partly Paid Notes which are Zero Coupon Notes), interest will accrue as aforesaid on the paid-up nominal amount of such Notes and otherwise as specified hereon.

(f) **Accrual of Interest:** Interest shall cease to accrue on each Note on the due date for redemption unless, upon due presentation, payment is improperly withheld or refused, in which event interest shall continue to accrue (both before and after judgment) at the Rate of Interest in the manner provided in this Condition 5 to the Relevant Date (as defined in Condition 8).

(g) **Margin, Maximum/Minimum Rates of Interest, Instalment Amounts and Redemption Amounts and Rounding:**

(i) If any Margin is specified hereon (either (x) generally, or (y) in relation to one or more Interest Accrual Periods), an adjustment shall be made to all Rates of Interest, in the case of (x), or the Rates of Interest for the specified Interest Accrual Periods, in the case of (y), calculated in accordance with (b) above by adding (if a positive number) or subtracting the absolute value (if a negative number) of such Margin subject always to the next paragraph.

(ii) If any Maximum or Minimum Rate of Interest, Instalment Amount or Redemption Amount is specified hereon, then any Rate of Interest, Instalment Amount or Redemption Amount shall be subject to such maximum or minimum, as the case may be.

(iii) For the purposes of any calculations required pursuant to these Conditions (unless otherwise specified), (x) all percentages resulting from such calculations shall be rounded, if necessary, to the nearest one hundred-thousandth of a percentage point (with halves being rounded up), (y) all figures shall be rounded to seven significant figures (with halves being rounded up) and (z) all currency amounts that fall due and payable shall be rounded to the nearest unit of such currency (with halves being rounded up), save in the case of yen, which shall be rounded down to the nearest yen. For these purposes “unit” means the lowest amount of such currency that is available as legal tender in the country (or countries) of such currency.

(h) **Calculations:** The amount of interest payable per Calculation Amount in respect of any Note for any Interest Accrual Period shall be equal to the product of the Rate of Interest, the Calculation Amount specified hereon, and the Day Count Fraction for such Interest Accrual Period, unless an Interest Amount (or a formula for its calculation) is applicable to such Interest Accrual Period, in which case the amount of interest payable per Calculation Amount in respect of such Note for such Interest Accrual Period shall equal such Interest Amount (or be calculated in accordance with such formula). Where any Interest Period comprises two or more Interest Accrual Periods, the amount of interest payable per Calculation Amount in respect of such Interest Period shall be the sum of the Interest Amounts payable in respect of each of those Interest Accrual Periods. In respect of any other period for which interest is required to be calculated, the provisions above shall apply save that the Day Count Fraction shall be for the period for which interest is required to be calculated.

(i) **Determination and Publication of Rates of Interest, Interest Amounts, Final Redemption Amounts, Early Redemption Amounts, Optional Redemption Amounts and Instalment Amounts:** The Calculation Agent shall, as soon as practicable on such date as the Calculation Agent may be required to calculate any rate or amount, obtain any quotation or make any determination or calculation, determine such rate and calculate the Interest Amounts for the relevant Interest Accrual
Period, calculate the Final Redemption Amount, Early Redemption Amount, Optional Redemption Amount or Instalment Amount, obtain such quotation or make such determination or calculation, as the case may be, and cause the Rate of Interest and the Interest Amounts for each Interest Accrual Period and the relevant Interest Payment Date and, if required to be calculated, the Final Redemption Amount, Early Redemption Amount, Optional Redemption Amount or any Instalment Amount to be notified to the Fiscal Agent, the Issuer, each of the Paying Agents, the Noteholders, any other Calculation Agent appointed in respect of the Notes that is to make a further calculation upon receipt of such information and, if the Notes are listed on a stock exchange and the rules of such exchange or other relevant authority so require, such exchange or other relevant authority as soon as possible after their determination but in no event later than (i) the commencement of the relevant Interest Period, if determined prior to such time, in the case of notification to such exchange of a Rate of Interest and Interest Amount, or (ii) in all other cases, the fourth Business Day after such determination. Where any Interest Payment Date or Interest Period Date is subject to adjustment pursuant to Condition 5(b)(ii), the Interest Amounts and the Interest Payment Date so published may subsequently be amended (or appropriate alternative arrangements made by way of adjustment) without notice in the event of an extension or shortening of the Interest Period. If the Notes become due and payable under Condition 10, the accrued interest and the Rate of Interest payable in respect of the Notes shall nevertheless continue to be calculated as previously in accordance with this Condition but no publication of the Rate of Interest or the Interest Amount so calculated need be made. The determination of any rate or amount, the obtaining of each quotation and the making of each determination or calculation by the Calculation Agent(s) shall (in the absence of manifest error) be final and binding upon all parties.

(j) **Definitions:** In these Conditions, unless the context otherwise requires, the following defined terms shall have the meanings set out below:

“**Business Day**” means:

1. in the case of a currency other than euro, a day (other than a Saturday or Sunday) on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments in the principal financial centre for such currency and/or
2. in the case of euro, a day on which the TARGET system is operating (a “**TARGET Business Day**”) and/or
3. in the case of a currency and/or one or more Business Centres, a day (other than a Saturday or a Sunday) on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments in such currency in the Business Centre(s) or, if no currency is indicated, generally in each of the Business Centres

“**Day Count Fraction**” means, in respect of the calculation of an amount of interest on any Note for any period of time (from and including the first day of such period to but excluding the last) (whether or not constituting an Interest Period or an Interest Accrual Period, the “**Calculation Period**”):

1. if “Actual/Actual” or “Actual/Actual - ISDA” is specified hereon, the actual number of days in the Calculation Period divided by 365 (or, if any portion of that Calculation Period falls in a leap year, the sum of (A) the actual number of days in that portion of the Calculation Period falling in a leap year divided by 366 and (B) the actual number of days in that portion of the Calculation Period falling in a non-leap year divided by 365)
2. if “Actual/365 (Fixed)” is specified hereon, the actual number of days in the Calculation Period divided by 365
3. if “Actual/360” is specified hereon, the actual number of days in the Calculation Period divided by 360

4. if “30/360”, “360/360” or “Bond Basis” is specified hereon, the number of days in the Calculation Period divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows:

\[
\text{Day Count Fraction} = \frac{[360 \times (Y_2 - Y_1)] + [30 \times (M_2 - M_1)] + (D_2 - D_1)}{360}
\]

where:

“\(Y_1\)” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

“\(Y_2\)” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

“\(M_1\)” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

“\(M_2\)” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

“\(D_1\)” is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Calculation Period, unless such number would be 31, in which case \(D_1\) will be 30; and

“\(D_2\)” is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period, unless such number would be 31 and \(D_1\) is greater than 29, in which case \(D_2\) will be 30

5. if “30E/360” or “Eurobond Basis” is specified hereon, the number of days in the Calculation Period divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows:

\[
\text{Day Count Fraction} = \frac{[360 \times (Y_2 - Y_1)] + [30 \times (M_2 - M_1)] + (D_2 - D_1)}{360}
\]

where:

“\(Y_1\)” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

“\(Y_2\)” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

“\(M_1\)” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

“\(M_2\)” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

“\(D_1\)” is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Calculation Period, unless such number would be 31, in which case \(D_1\) will be 30; and

“\(D_2\)” is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period, unless such number would be 31 and \(D_1\) is greater than 29, in which case \(D_2\) will be 30

6. if “30E/360 (ISDA)” is specified hereon, the number of days in the Calculation Period divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows:
Day Count Fraction = \frac{[360 \times (Y_2 - Y_1)] + [30 \times (M_2 - M_1)] + (D_2 - D_1)}{360}

where:

“Y_1” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

“Y_2” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

“M_1” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

“M_2” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

“D_1” is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Calculation Period, unless (i) that day is the last day of February or (ii) such number would be 31, in which case D_1 will be 30; and

“D_2” is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period, unless (i) that day is the last day of February but not the Maturity Date or (ii) such number would be 31, in which case D_2 will be 30.

7. If “Actual/Actual-ICMA” is specified hereon,
   (a) if the Calculation Period is equal to or shorter than the Determination Period during which it falls, the number of days in the Calculation Period divided by the product of (x) the number of days in such Determination Period and (y) the number of Determination Periods normally ending in any year; and
   (b) if the Calculation Period is longer than one Determination Period, the sum of:
      (x) the number of days in such Calculation Period falling in the Determination Period in which it begins divided by the product of (1) the number of days in such Determination Period and (2) the number of Determination Periods normally ending in any year; and
      (y) the number of days in such Calculation Period falling in the next Determination Period divided by the product of (1) the number of days in such Determination Period and (2) the number of Determination Periods normally ending in any year.

where:

“Determination Period” means the period from and including a Determination Date in any year to but excluding the next Determination Date and

“Determination Date” means the date(s) specified as such hereon or, if none is so specified, the Interest Payment Date(s)

“Euro-zone” means the region comprised of member states of the European Union that adopt the single currency in accordance with the Treaty establishing the European Community, as amended

“Interest Accrual Period” means the period beginning on and including the Interest Commencement Date and ending on but excluding the first Interest Period Date and each successive period beginning
on and including an Interest Period Date and ending on but excluding the next succeeding Interest Period Date

“Interest Amount” means:

1. in respect of an Interest Accrual Period, the amount of interest payable per Calculation Amount for that Interest Accrual Period and which, in the case of Fixed Rate Notes, and unless otherwise specified hereon, shall mean the Fixed Coupon Amount or Broken Amount specified hereon as being payable on the Interest Payment Date ending the Interest Period of which such Interest Accrual Period forms part; and

2. in respect of any other period, the amount of interest payable per Calculation Amount for that period

“Interest Commencement Date” means the Issue Date or such other date as may be specified hereon

“Interest Determination Date” means, with respect to a Rate of Interest and Interest Accrual Period, the date specified as such hereon or, if none is so specified, (i) the first day of such Interest Accrual Period if the Specified Currency is Sterling or (ii) the day falling two Business Days in London for the Specified Currency prior to the first day of such Interest Accrual Period if the Specified Currency is neither Sterling nor euro or (iii) the day falling two TARGET Business Days prior to the first day of such Interest Accrual Period if the Specified Currency is euro

“Interest Period” means the period beginning on and including the Interest Commencement Date and ending on but excluding the first Interest Payment Date and each successive period beginning on and including an Interest Payment Date and ending on but excluding the next succeeding Interest Payment Date

“Interest Period Date” means each Interest Payment Date unless otherwise specified hereon

“ISDA Definitions” means the 2006 ISDA Definitions (as amended and updated as at the Issue Date of the first Tranche of the Notes), as published by the International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc., unless otherwise specified hereon

“Rate of Interest” means the rate of interest payable from time to time in respect of this Note and that is either specified or calculated in accordance with the provisions hereon

“Reference Banks” means, in the case of a determination of LIBOR, the principal London office of four major banks in the London inter-bank market and, in the case of a determination of EURIBOR, the principal Euro-zone office of four major banks in the Euro-zone inter-bank market, in each case selected by the Calculation Agent or as specified hereon

“Reference Rate” means the rate specified as such hereon

“Relevant Screen Page” means such page, section, caption, column or other part of a particular information service as may be specified hereon

“Specified Currency” means the currency specified as such hereon or, if none is specified, the currency in which the Notes are denominated

“TARGET System” means the Trans-European Automated Real-Time Gross Settlement Express Transfer (known as TARGET2) System which was launched on 19 November 2007 or any successor thereto.
(k) **Calculation Agent:** The Issuer shall procure that there shall at all times be one or more Calculation Agents if provision is made for them hereon and for so long as any Note is outstanding (as defined in the Agency Agreement). Where more than one Calculation Agent is appointed in respect of the Notes, references in these Conditions to the Calculation Agent shall be construed as each Calculation Agent performing its respective duties under the Conditions. If the Calculation Agent is unable or unwilling to act as such or if the Calculation Agent fails duly to establish the Rate of Interest for an Interest Accrual Period or to calculate any Interest Amount, Instalment Amount, Final Redemption Amount, Early Redemption Amount or Optional Redemption Amount, as the case may be, or to comply with any other requirement, the Issuer shall appoint a leading bank or financial institution engaged in the interbank market (or, if appropriate, money, swap or over-the-counter index options market) that is most closely connected with the calculation or determination to be made by the Calculation Agent (acting through its principal London office or any other office actively involved in such market) to act as such in its place. The Calculation Agent may not resign its duties without a successor having been appointed as aforesaid.

6 **Redemption, Purchase and Options**

(a) **Redemption by Instalments and Final Redemption:**

1. Unless previously redeemed, purchased and cancelled as provided in this Condition 6, each Note that provides for Instalment Dates and Instalment Amounts shall be partially redeemed on each Instalment Date at the related Instalment Amount specified hereon. The outstanding nominal amount of each such Note shall be reduced by the Instalment Amount (or, if such Instalment Amount is calculated by reference to a proportion of the nominal amount of such Note, such proportion) for all purposes with effect from the related Instalment Date, unless payment of the Instalment Amount is improperly withheld or refused, in which case, such amount shall remain outstanding until the Relevant Date relating to such Instalment Amount.

2. Unless previously redeemed, purchased and cancelled as provided below, each Note shall be finally redeemed on the Maturity Date specified hereon at its Final Redemption Amount (which, unless otherwise provided, is its nominal amount) or, in the case of a Note falling within paragraph (i) above, its final Instalment Amount.

(b) **Early Redemption:**

1. **Zero Coupon Notes:**

   (A) The Early Redemption Amount payable in respect of any Zero Coupon Note, the Early Redemption Amount of which is not linked to an index and/or a formula, upon redemption of such Note pursuant to Condition 6(c) or upon it becoming due and payable as provided in Condition 10 shall be the Amortised Face Amount (calculated as provided below) of such Note unless otherwise specified hereon.

   (B) Subject to the provisions of sub-paragraph (C) below, the Amortised Face Amount of any such Note shall be the scheduled Final Redemption Amount of such Note on the Maturity Date discounted at a rate per annum (expressed as a percentage) equal to the Amortisation Yield (which, if none is shown hereon, shall be such rate as would produce an Amortised Face Amount equal to the issue price of the Notes if they were discounted back to their issue price on the Issue Date) compounded annually.

   (C) If the Early Redemption Amount payable in respect of any such Note upon its redemption pursuant to Condition 6(c) or upon it becoming due and payable as provided...
in Condition 10 is not paid when due, the Early Redemption Amount due and payable in respect of such Note shall be the Amortised Face Amount of such Note as defined in sub-paragraph (B) above, except that such sub-paragraph shall have effect as though the date on which the Note becomes due and payable were the Relevant Date. The calculation of the Amortised Face Amount in accordance with this sub-paragraph shall continue to be made (both before and after judgment) until the Relevant Date, unless the Relevant Date falls on or after the Maturity Date, in which case the amount due and payable shall be the scheduled Final Redemption Amount of such Note on the Maturity Date together with any interest that may accrue in accordance with Condition 5(c).

Where such calculation is to be made for a period of less than one year, it shall be made on the basis of the Day Count Fraction shown hereon.

2. **Other Notes:** The Early Redemption Amount payable in respect of any Note (other than Notes described in (i) above), upon redemption of such Note pursuant to Condition 6(c) or upon it becoming due and payable as provided in Condition 10, shall be the Final Redemption Amount unless otherwise specified hereon.

(c) **Redemption for Taxation Reasons:** The Notes may be redeemed at the option of the Issuer in whole, but not in part, on any Interest Payment Date (if this Note is either a Floating Rate Note or an Index Linked Note) or, at any time, (if this Note is neither a Floating Rate Note nor an Index Linked Note), on giving not less than 30 nor more than 60 days’ notice to the Noteholders (which notice shall be irrevocable), at their Early Redemption Amount (as described in Condition 6(b) above) (together with interest accrued to the date fixed for redemption), if (i) the Issuer has or will become obliged to pay additional amounts as provided or referred to in Condition 8 as a result of any change in, or amendment to, the laws or regulations of the Netherlands or any political subdivision or any authority thereof or therein having power to tax, or any change in the application or official interpretation of such laws or regulations, which change or amendment becomes effective on or after the date on which agreement is reached to issue the first Tranche of the Notes, and (ii) such obligation cannot be avoided by the Issuer taking reasonable measures available to it, provided that no such notice of redemption shall be given earlier than 90 days prior to the earliest date on which the Issuer would be obliged to pay such additional amounts were a payment in respect of the Notes then due. Prior to the publication of any notice of redemption pursuant to this Condition 6(c), the Issuer shall deliver to the Fiscal Agent a certificate signed by two managing directors (bestuurders) or other duly authorised representatives of the Issuer stating that the Issuer is entitled to effect such redemption and setting forth a statement of facts showing that the conditions precedent to the right of the Issuer so to redeem have occurred, and an opinion of independent legal advisers of recognised standing to the effect that the Issuer has or will become obliged to pay such additional amounts as a result of such change or amendment.

(d) **Redemption at the Option of the Issuer:** If Call Option is specified hereon, the Issuer may, on giving not less than 15 nor more than 30 days’ irrevocable notice to the Noteholders (or such other notice period as may be specified hereon) redeem, all or, if so provided, some, of the Notes on any Optional Redemption Date. Any such redemption of Notes shall be at their Optional Redemption Amount together with interest accrued to the date fixed for redemption. Any such redemption or exercise must relate to Notes of a nominal amount at least equal to the Minimum Redemption Amount to be redeemed specified hereon and no greater than the Maximum Redemption Amount to be redeemed specified hereon.

All Notes in respect of which any such notice is given shall be redeemed on the date specified in such notice in accordance with this Condition.
In the case of a partial redemption the notice to Noteholders shall also contain the certificate numbers of the Bearer Notes, or in the case of Registered Notes shall specify the nominal amount of Registered Notes drawn and the holder(s) of such Registered Notes, to be redeemed, which shall have been drawn in such place and in such manner as may be fair and reasonable in the circumstances, taking account of prevailing market practices, subject to compliance with any applicable laws and stock exchange or other relevant authority requirements.

(e) **Redemption at the Option of Noteholders:** If Put Option is specified hereon, the Issuer shall, at the option of the holder of any such Note, upon the holder of such Note giving not less than 15 nor more than 30 days’ notice to the Issuer (or such other notice period as may be specified hereon) redeem such Note on the Optional Redemption Date(s) at its Optional Redemption Amount together with interest accrued to the date fixed for redemption.

To exercise such option the holder must deposit (in the case of Bearer Notes) such Note (together with all unmatured Receipts and Coupons and unexchanged Talons) with any Paying Agent or (in the case of Registered Notes) the Certificate representing such Note(s) with the Registrar or any Transfer Agent at its specified office, together with a duly completed option exercise notice (“Exercise Notice”) in the form obtainable from any Paying Agent, the Registrar or any Transfer Agent (as applicable) within the notice period. No Note or Certificate so deposited and option exercised may be withdrawn (except as provided in the Agency Agreement) without the prior consent of the Issuer.

(f) **Change of Control:** If Change of Control Put Event is specified hereon and a Change of Control Put Event occurs, the holder of any such Note will have the option (a “Change of Control Put Option”) (unless prior to the giving of the relevant Change of Control Put Event Notice (as defined below) the Issuer has given notice of redemption under Condition 6(c) or 6(d) above) to require the Issuer to redeem or, at the Issuer’s option, purchase (or procure the purchase of) that Note on the Change of Control Put Date (as defined below) at its principal amount together with interest accrued to (but excluding) the Change of Control Put Date.

A “Change of Control Put Event” will be deemed to occur if the State of the Netherlands ceases to:

(i) own directly or indirectly (through any municipality, governmental body and/or governmental organisation) more than 50 per cent. of the total issued share capital of the Issuer or

(ii) have the power directly or indirectly (through any municipality, governmental body and/or governmental organisation) to cast, or control the casting of, more than 50 per cent. of the maximum number of votes that might be cast at general meetings of the Issuer (each such event being, a “Change of Control”).

Promptly upon the Issuer becoming aware that a Change of Control Put Event has occurred the Issuer shall give notice (a “Change of Control Put Event Notice”) to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 14 specifying the nature of the Change of Control Put Event and the procedure for exercising the Change of Control Put Option.

To exercise the Change of Control Put Option, the holder of a Bearer Note must deliver such Note to the specified office of any Paying Agent at any time during normal business hours of such Paying Agent falling within the period (the “Change of Control Put Period”) of 30 days after a Change of Control Put Event Notice is given, accompanied by a duly signed and completed notice of exercise in the form (for the time being current) obtainable from the specified office of any Paying Agent (a “Change of Control Put Notice”). The Note should be delivered together with all Coupons appertaining thereto maturing after the date which is seven days after the expiration of the Change of Control Put Period (the “Change of Control Put Date”), failing which the Paying Agent will require payment from or on behalf of the Noteholder of an amount equal to the face value of any missing such Coupon. Any amount so paid will be reimbursed to the Noteholder against presentation and surrender
of the relevant missing Coupon (or any replacement therefor issued pursuant to Condition 12) at any time after such payment, but before the expiry of the period of five years from the date on which such Coupon would have become due, but not thereafter. The Paying Agent to which such Note and Change of Control Put Notice are delivered will issue to the Noteholder concerned a non-transferable receipt in respect of the Note so delivered. Payment in respect of any Note so delivered will be made, if the holder duly specified a bank account in the Change of Control Put Notice to which payment is to be made, on the Change of Control Put Date by transfer to that bank account and, in every other case, on or after the Change of Control Put Date against presentation and surrender or (as the case may be) endorsement of such receipt at the specified office of any Paying Agent. A Change of Control Put Notice, once given, shall be irrevocable. For the purposes of these Conditions, receipts issued pursuant to this Condition 6(f) shall be treated as if they were Notes.

To exercise the Change of Control Put Option, the holder of a Registered Note must deposit the Certificate evidencing such Note(s) with the Registrar or any Transfer Agent at its specified office, together with a duly signed and completed Change of Control Put Notice obtainable from the Registrar or any Transfer Agent within the Change of Control Put Period. No Certificate so deposited and option so exercised may be withdrawn without the prior consent of the Issuer. Payment in respect of any Certificate so deposited will be made, if the holder duly specified a bank account in the Change of Control Put Notice to which payment is to be made, on the Change of Control Put Date by transfer to that bank account and, in every other case, by cheque drawn on a Bank and mailed to the holder (or to the first named of joint holders) of such Note at its address appearing in the Register.

The Issuer shall redeem or purchase (or procure the purchase of) the relevant Notes on the Change of Control Put Date unless previously redeemed (or purchased) and cancelled.

If 80 per cent. or more in principal amount of the Notes then outstanding have been redeemed or purchased pursuant to this Condition 6(f), the Issuer may, on giving not less than 30 nor more than 60 days’ notice to the Noteholders (such notice being given within 30 days after the Change of Control Put Date), redeem or purchase (or procure the purchase of), at its option, all but not some only of the remaining outstanding Notes at their principal amount, together with interest accrued to (but excluding) the date fixed for such redemption or purchase.

(g) **Partly Paid Notes:** Partly Paid Notes will be redeemed, whether at maturity, early redemption or otherwise, in accordance with the provisions of this Condition and the provisions specified hereon.

(h) **Purchases:** The Issuer and its subsidiaries may at any time purchase Notes (provided that all unmatured Receipts and Coupons and unexchanged Talons relating thereto are attached thereto or surrendered therewith) in the open market or otherwise at any price.

(i) **Cancellation:** All Notes purchased by or on behalf of the Issuer or any of its subsidiaries may be surrendered for cancellation, in the case of Bearer Notes, by surrendering each such Note together with all unmatured Receipts and Coupons and all unexchanged Talons to the Fiscal Agent and, in the case of Registered Notes, by surrendering the Certificate representing such Notes to the Registrar and, in each case, if so surrendered, shall, together with all Notes redeemed by the Issuer, be cancelled forthwith (together with all unmatured Receipts and Coupons and unexchanged Talons attached thereto or surrendered therewith). Any Notes so surrendered for cancellation may not be reissued or resold and the obligations of the Issuer in respect of any such Notes shall be discharged.
7 Payments and Talons

(a) **Bearer Notes:** Payments of principal and interest in respect of Bearer Notes shall, subject as mentioned below, be made against presentation and surrender of the relevant Receipts (in the case of payments of Instalment Amounts other than on the due date for redemption and provided that the Receipt is presented for payment together with its relative Note), Notes (in the case of all other payments of principal and, in the case of interest, as specified in Condition 7(f)(6)) or Coupons (in the case of interest, save as specified in Condition 7(f)(6)), as the case may be, at the specified office of any Paying Agent outside the United States by a cheque payable in the relevant currency drawn on, or, at the option of the holder, by transfer to an account denominated in such currency with, a Bank. “Bank” means a bank in the principal financial centre for such currency or, in the case of euro, in a city in which banks have access to the TARGET System.

(b) **Registered Notes:**

(i) Payments of principal (which for the purposes of this Condition 7(b) shall include final Instalment Amounts but not other Instalment Amounts) in respect of Registered Notes shall be made against presentation and surrender of the relevant Certificates at the specified office of any of the Transfer Agents or of the Registrar and in the manner provided in paragraph (ii) below.

(ii) Interest (which for the purpose of this Condition 7(b) shall include all Instalment Amounts other than final Instalment Amounts) on Registered Notes shall be paid to the person shown on the Register at the close of business on the fifteenth day before the due date for payment thereof (the “Record Date”). Payments of interest on each Registered Note shall be made in the relevant currency by cheque drawn on a Bank and mailed to the holder (or to the first-named of joint holders) of such Note at its address appearing in the Register. Upon application by the holder to the specified office of the Registrar or any Transfer Agent before the Record Date, such payment of interest may be made by transfer to an account in the relevant currency maintained by the payee with a Bank.

(c) **Payments in the United States:** Notwithstanding the foregoing, if any Bearer Notes are denominated in U.S. dollars, payments in respect thereof may be made at the specified office of any Paying Agent in New York City in the same manner as aforesaid if (i) the Issuer shall have appointed Paying Agents with specified offices outside the United States with the reasonable expectation that such Paying Agents would be able to make payment of the amounts on the Notes in the manner provided above when due, (ii) payment in full of such amounts at all such offices is illegal or effectively precluded by exchange controls or other similar restrictions on payment or receipt of such amounts and (iii) such payment is then permitted by United States law, without involving, in the opinion of the Issuer, any adverse tax consequence to the Issuer.

(d) **Payments Subject to Laws:** All payments are subject in all cases to any applicable fiscal or other laws, regulations and directives in the place of payment, but without prejudice to the provisions of Condition 8. No commission or expenses shall be charged to the Noteholders or Couponholders in respect of such payments.

(e) **Appointment of Agents:** The Fiscal Agent, the Paying Agents, the Registrar, the Transfer Agents and the Calculation Agent initially appointed by the Issuer and their respective specified offices are listed below. The Fiscal Agent, the Paying Agents, the Registrar, Transfer Agents and the Calculation Agent(s) act solely as agents of the Issuer and do not assume any obligation or relationship of agency or trust for or with any Noteholder or Couponholder. The Issuer reserves the right at any time to vary
or terminate the appointment of the Fiscal Agent, any other Paying Agent, the Registrar, any Transfer Agent or the Calculation Agent(s) and to appoint additional or other Paying Agents or Transfer Agents, provided that the Issuer shall at all times maintain (i) a Fiscal Agent, (ii) a Registrar in relation to Registered Notes, (iii) a Transfer Agent in relation to Registered Notes, (iv) one or more Calculation Agent(s) where the Conditions so require, (v) Paying Agents having specified offices in at least two major European cities, (vi) such other agents as may be required by any other stock exchange on which the Notes may be listed and (vii) a Paying Agent with a specified office in a European Union member state that will not be obliged to withhold or deduct tax pursuant to any law implementing European Council Directive 2003/48/EC or any other Directive implementing the conclusions of the ECOFIN Council meeting of 26-27 November 2000.

In addition, the Issuer shall forthwith appoint a Paying Agent in New York City in respect of any Bearer Notes denominated in U.S. dollars in the circumstances described in paragraph (c) above.

Notice of any such change or any change of any specified office shall promptly be given to the Noteholders.

(f) Unmatured Coupons and Receipts and unexchanged Talons:

1. Upon the due date for redemption of Bearer Notes which comprise Fixed Rate Notes (other than Dual Currency Notes or Index linked Notes), should be surrendered for payment together with all unmatured Coupons (if any) relating thereto, failing which an amount equal to the face value of each missing unmatured Coupon (or, in the case of payment not being made in full, that proportion of the amount of such missing unmatured Coupon that the sum of principal so paid bears to the total principal due) shall be deducted from the Final Redemption Amount, Early Redemption Amount or Optional Redemption Amount, as the case may be, due for payment. Any amount so deducted shall be paid in the manner mentioned above against surrender of such missing Coupon within a period of 5 years from the Relevant Date for the payment of such principal (whether or not such Coupon has become void pursuant to Condition 9).

2. Upon the due date for redemption of any Bearer Note comprising a Floating Rate Note, Dual Currency Note or Index Linked Note, unmatured Coupons relating to such Note (whether or not attached) shall become void and no payment shall be made in respect of them.

3. Upon the due date for redemption of any Bearer Note, any unexchanged Talon relating to such Note (whether or not attached) shall become void and no Coupon shall be delivered in respect of such Talon.

4. Upon the due date for redemption of any Bearer Note that is redeemable in instalments, all Receipts relating to such Note having an Instalment Date falling on or after such due date (whether or not attached) shall become void and no payment shall be made in respect of them.

5. Where any Bearer Note that provides that the relative unmatured Coupons are to become void upon the due date for redemption of those Notes is presented for redemption without all unmatured Coupons, and where any Bearer Note is presented for redemption without any unexchanged Talon relating to it, redemption shall be made only against the provision of such indemnity as the Issuer may require.

6. If the due date for redemption of any Note is not a due date for payment of interest, interest accrued from the preceding due date for payment of interest or the Interest Commencement Date, as the case may be, shall only be payable against presentation (and surrender if appropriate) of the relevant Bearer Note or Certificate representing it, as the case may be.
Interest accrued on a Note that only bears interest after its Maturity Date shall be payable on redemption of such Note against presentation of the relevant Note or Certificate representing it, as the case may be.

(g) **Talons:** On or after the Interest Payment Date for the final Coupon forming part of a Coupon sheet issued in respect of any Bearer Note, the Talon forming part of such Coupon sheet may be surrendered at the specified office of the Fiscal Agent in exchange for a further Coupon sheet (and if necessary another Talon for a further Coupon sheet) (but excluding any Coupons that may have become void pursuant to Condition 9).

(h) **Non-Business Days:** If any date for payment in respect of any Note, Receipt or Coupon is not a business day, the holder shall not be entitled to payment until the next following business day nor to any interest or other sum in respect of such postponed payment. In this paragraph, “business day” means a day (other than a Saturday or a Sunday) on which banks and foreign exchange markets are open for business in the relevant place of presentation, in such jurisdictions as shall be specified as “Financial Centres” hereon and:

(in the case of a payment in a currency other than euro) where payment is to be made by transfer to an account maintained with a bank in the relevant currency, on which foreign exchange transactions may be carried on in the relevant currency in the principal financial centre of the country of such currency or

(in the case of a payment in euro) which is a TARGET Business Day.

8 **Taxation**

All payments of principal and interest by or on behalf of the Issuer in respect of the Notes, the Receipts and the Coupons shall be made free and clear of, and without withholding or deduction for, any taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges of whatever nature imposed, levied, collected, withheld or assessed by or within the Netherlands or any authority therein or thereof having power to tax, unless such withholding or deduction is required by law. In that event, the Issuer shall pay such additional amounts as shall result in receipt by the Noteholders and the Couponholders of such amounts as would have been received by them had no such withholding or deduction been required, except that no such additional amounts shall be payable with respect to any Note, Receipt or Coupon:

(a) **Other connection:** to, or to a third party on behalf of, a holder who is liable to such taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges in respect of such Note, Receipt or Coupon by reason of his having a connection with the Netherlands other than the mere holding of the Note, Receipt or Coupon or

(b) **Presentation more than 30 days after the Relevant Date:** presented (or in respect of which the Certificate representing it is presented) for payment more than 30 days after the Relevant Date except to the extent that the holder of it would have been entitled to such additional amounts on presenting it for payment on the thirtieth such day or

(c) **Payment to individuals:** where such withholding or deduction is imposed on a payment to an individual and is required to be made pursuant to any law implementing European Council Directive 2003/48/EC or any other Directive implementing the conclusions of the ECOFIN Council meeting of 26-27 November 2000 or

(d) **Payment by another Paying Agent:** (except in the case of Registered Notes) presented for payment by or on behalf of a holder who would have been able to avoid such withholding or deduction by
presenting the relevant Note, Receipt or Coupon to another Paying Agent in a Member State of the European Union.

As used in these Conditions, “Relevant Date” in respect of any Note, Receipt or Coupon means the date on which payment in respect of it first becomes due or (if any amount of the money payable is improperly withheld or refused) the date on which payment in full of the amount outstanding is made or (if earlier) the date seven days after that on which notice is duly given to the Noteholders that, upon further presentation of the Note (or relative Certificate), Receipt or Coupon being made in accordance with the Conditions, such payment will be made, provided that payment is in fact made upon such presentation. References in these Conditions to (i) “principal” shall be deemed to include any premium payable in respect of the Notes, all Instalment Amounts, Final Redemption Amounts, Early Redemption Amounts, Optional Redemption Amounts, Amortised Face Amounts and all other amounts in the nature of principal payable pursuant to Condition 6 or any amendment or supplement to it, (ii) “interest” shall be deemed to include all Interest Amounts and all other amounts payable pursuant to Condition 5 or any amendment or supplement to it and (iii) “principal” and/or “interest” shall be deemed to include any additional amounts that may be payable under this Condition.

9 Prescription

Claims against the Issuer for payment in respect of the Notes, Receipts and Coupons (which for this purpose shall not include Talons) shall be prescribed and become void unless made within five years from the date on which such payment first became due.

10 Events of Default

If any of the following events (“Events of Default”) occurs and is continuing, the holder of any Note may give written notice to the Fiscal Agent at its specified office that such Note is immediately repayable, whereupon the Early Redemption Amount of such Note together (if applicable) with accrued interest to the date of payment shall become immediately due and payable, unless such event of default shall have been remedied prior to the receipt of such notice by the Fiscal Agent:

(a) Subordinated Notes: In the case of the Subordinated Notes:

1. Non-Payment: default is made for more than 14 days in the payment on the due date of interest or principal in respect of any of the Notes or

2. Insolvency: suspension of payments (surseance van betaling) or bankruptcy (faillissement) proceedings are initiated or applied for by the Issuer, any of its Material Subsidiaries or by a third party in respect of the Issuer or any of its Material Subsidiaries, and, in the case of a third party application, not discharged within 60 days, or the Issuer or any of its Material Subsidiaries is (or is, or could be, deemed by law or a court to be) insolvent or bankrupt or unable to pay its debts under any applicable law, stops, suspends or threatens to stop or suspend payment of all or any part of (or of a particular type of) its debts, proposes or makes a general assignment or an arrangement or composition with or for the benefit of the relevant creditors in respect of any of such debts or a moratorium is agreed or declared or comes into effect in respect of or affecting all or any part of (or of a particular type of) the debts of the Issuer or any of its Material Subsidiaries, or any such measures are officially decreed, under any applicable law.

(b) Senior Notes: In the case of Senior Notes:
1. **Non-Payment**: default is made for more than 14 days in the payment on the due date of interest or principal in respect of any of the Notes or

2. **Breach of Other Obligations**: the Issuer does not perform or comply with any one or more of its other obligations in the Notes which default is incapable of remedy or is not remedied within 30 days after notice of such default shall have been given to the Fiscal Agent at its specified office by any Noteholder or

3. **Cross-Default**: (A) any other present or future indebtedness of the Issuer or any of its Material Subsidiaries for or in respect of moneys borrowed or raised becomes (or becomes capable of being declared) due and payable prior to its stated maturity by reason of any actual or potential default, event of default or the like (howsoever described), or (B) any such indebtedness is not paid when due or, as the case may be, within any originally applicable grace period, or (C) the Issuer or any of its Material Subsidiaries fails to pay when due any amount payable by it under any present or future guarantee for, or indemnity in respect of, any moneys borrowed or raised; provided that the aggregate amount of the relevant indebtedness, guarantees and indemnities in respect of which one or more of the events mentioned above in this paragraph (3) have occurred equals or exceeds €50,000,000 or its equivalent (on the basis of the middle spot rate for the relevant currency against the euro as quoted by any leading bank on the day on which this paragraph operates), unless the Issuer or such Material Subsidiary is contesting in good faith before a competent court that such indebtedness, guarantee or indemnity amount, as the case may be, is due in which case such default will only become effective (subject to the following proviso) when such court has set out a definitive ruling that such indebtedness, guarantee or indemnity amount, as the case may be, is due provided that, in any event, such default shall become effective six months after a notice is given to the Issuer by a holder of a Note that such Note is repayable pursuant to this Condition 10; or

4. **Enforcement Proceedings**: an executoriaal beslag (executory attachment) or a conservatoir beslag (interlocutory attachment) is made, or an other attachment, distress, execution or other legal process under any law is levied, enforced or sued out on or against the whole or a substantial part of the property, assets or revenues of the Issuer or any of its Material Subsidiaries and is not cancelled, withdrawn, discharged or stayed within 30 days or

5. **Insolvency**: suspension of payments (surseance van betaling) or bankruptcy (faillissement) proceedings are initiated or applied for by the Issuer, any of its Material Subsidiaries or by a third party in respect of the Issuer or any of its Material Subsidiaries, and, in the case of a third party application, not discharged within 60 days, or the Issuer or any of its Material Subsidiaries is (or is, or could be, deemed by law or a court to be) insolvent or bankrupt or unable to pay its debts under any applicable law, stops, suspends or threatens to stop or suspend payment of all or any part of (or of a particular type of) its debts, proposes or makes a general assignment or an arrangement or composition with or for the benefit of the relevant creditors in respect of any of such debts or a moratorium is agreed or declared or comes into effect in respect of or affecting all or any part of (or of a particular type of) the debts of the Issuer or any of its Material Subsidiaries, or any such measures are officially decreed, under any applicable law or

6. **Winding-up or cession of business**: an order is made or an effective resolution passed for the winding-up, administration, dissolution or liquidation (ontbinding, vereffening) of the Issuer or any of its Material Subsidiaries, or the Issuer or any of its Material Subsidiaries shall apply or petition for a winding-up or administration order in respect of itself or ceases or threaten to ceases to carry on all or a substantial part of its business or operations, in each case except for
the purpose of and followed by a reconstruction, amalgamation, reorganisation, merger, demerger or consolidation (i) on terms approved by an Extraordinary Resolution (as defined in the Agency Agreement) of the Noteholders or (ii) in the case of a Material Subsidiary, under a solvent winding-up pursuant to a shareholders’ resolution whereby the undertaking and assets of the Material Subsidiary are transferred to or otherwise vested in, and its liabilities are assumed by, the Issuer or another of its Material Subsidiaries or

7. **Authorisation and Consents**: the failure of any action, condition or thing (including the obtaining or effecting of any necessary consent, approval, authorisation, exemption, filing, licence, order, recording or registration) at any time required to be taken, fulfilled or done in order (i) to enable the Issuer lawfully to enter into, exercise its rights and perform and comply with its obligations under the Notes, (ii) to ensure that those obligations are legally binding and enforceable and (iii) to make the Notes admissible in evidence in the courts of the Netherlands is not taken, fulfilled or done where such failure would result in a material adverse effect on the ability of the Issuer to perform its obligations under the Notes or

8. **Illegality**: it is or will become unlawful for the Issuer to perform or comply with any one or more of its obligations under any of the Notes.

11 **Meeting of Noteholders and Modifications**

(a) **Meetings of Noteholders**: The Agency Agreement contains provisions for convening meetings of Noteholders to consider any matter affecting their interests, including the sanctioning by Extraordinary Resolution (as defined in the Agency Agreement) of a modification of any of these Conditions. Such a meeting may be convened by Noteholders holding not less than 10 per cent. in nominal amount of the Notes for the time being outstanding. The quorum for any meeting convened to consider an Extraordinary Resolution shall be two or more persons holding or representing a clear majority in nominal amount of the Notes for the time being outstanding, or at any adjourned meeting two or more persons being or representing Noteholders whatever the nominal amount of the Notes held or represented, unless the business of such meeting includes consideration of proposals, *inter alia*, (i) to amend the dates of maturity or redemption of the Notes, any Instalment Date or any date for payment of interest or Interest Amounts on the Notes, (ii) to reduce or cancel the nominal amount of, or any Instalment Amount of, or any premium payable on redemption of, the Notes, (iii) to reduce the rate or rates of interest in respect of the Notes or to vary the method or basis of calculating the rate or rates or amount of interest or the basis for calculating any Interest Amount in respect of the Notes, (iv) if a Minimum and/or a Maximum Rate of Interest, Instalment Amount or Redemption Amount is shown hereon, to reduce any such Minimum and/or Maximum, (v) to vary any method of, or basis for, calculating the Final Redemption Amount, the Early Redemption Amount or the Optional Redemption Amount, including the method of calculating the Amortised Face Amount, (vi) to vary the currency or currencies of payment or denomination of the Notes, or (vii) to modify the provisions concerning the quorum required at any meeting of Noteholders or the majority required to pass the Extraordinary Resolution, in which case the necessary quorum shall be two or more persons holding or representing not less than 75 per cent. or at any adjourned meeting not less than 25 per cent. in nominal amount of the Notes for the time being outstanding. Any Extraordinary Resolution duly passed shall be binding on Noteholders (whether or not they were present at the meeting at which such resolution was passed) and on all Couponholders.

The Agency Agreement provides that a resolution in writing signed by or on behalf of the holders of not less than 90 per cent. in nominal amount of the Notes outstanding shall for all purposes be as valid and effective as an Extraordinary Resolution passed at a meeting of Noteholders duly convened and
held. Such a resolution in writing may be contained in one document or several documents in the same form, each signed by or on behalf of one or more Noteholders.

These Conditions may be amended, modified or varied in relation to any Series of Notes by the terms of the relevant Final Terms in relation to such Series.

(b) Modification of Agency Agreement: The Issuer shall only permit any modification of, or any waiver or authorisation of any breach or proposed breach of or any failure to comply with, the Agency Agreement, if to do so could not reasonably be expected to be prejudicial to the interests of the Noteholders.

12 Replacement of Notes, Certificates, Receipts, Coupons and Talons

If a Note, Certificate, Receipt, Coupon or Talon is lost, stolen, mutilated, defaced or destroyed, it may be replaced, subject to applicable laws, regulations and stock exchange or other relevant authority regulations, at the specified office of the Fiscal Agent (in the case of Bearer Notes, Receipts, Coupons or Talons) and of the Registrar (in the case of Certificates) or such other Paying Agent or Transfer Agent, as the case may be, as may from time to time be designated by the Issuer for the purpose and notice of whose designation is given to Noteholders, in each case on payment by the claimant of the fees and costs incurred in connection therewith and on such terms as to evidence, security and indemnity (which may provide, inter alia, that if the allegedly lost, stolen or destroyed Note, Certificate, Receipt, Coupon or Talon is subsequently presented for payment or, as the case may be, for exchange for further Coupons, there shall be paid to the Issuer on demand the amount payable by the Issuer in respect of such Notes, Certificates, Receipts, Coupons or further Coupons) and otherwise as the Issuer may require. Mutilated or defaced Notes, Certificates, Receipts, Coupons or Talons must be surrendered before replacements will be issued.

13 Further Issues

The Issuer may from time to time without the consent of the Noteholders or Couponholders create and issue further notes having the same terms and conditions as the Notes (so that, for the avoidance of doubt, references in these Conditions to “Issue Date” shall be to the first issue date of the Notes) and so that the same shall be consolidated and form a single series with such Notes, and references in these Conditions to “Notes” shall be construed accordingly.

14 Notices

Notices to the holders of Registered Notes shall be mailed to them at their respective addresses in the Register and deemed to have been given on the fourth weekday (being a day other than a Saturday or a Sunday) after the date of mailing. Notices to the holders of Bearer Notes shall be valid if published in a daily newspaper of general circulation in the Netherlands (which is expected to be Het Financieele Dagblad). If any such publication is not practicable, notice shall be validly given if published in another leading daily English language newspaper with general circulation in Europe. Any such notice shall be deemed to have been given on the date of such publication or, if published more than once or on different dates, on the date of the first publication as provided above.

Couponholders shall be deemed for all purposes to have notice of the contents of any notice given to the holders of Bearer Notes in accordance with this Condition.
15 Currency Indemnity

Any amount received or recovered in a currency other than the currency in which payment under the relevant Note, Coupon or Receipt is due (whether as a result of, or of the enforcement of, a judgment or order of a court of any jurisdiction, in the insolvency, winding-up or dissolution of the Issuer or otherwise) by any Noteholder or Couponholder in respect of any sum expressed to be due to it from the Issuer shall only constitute a discharge to the Issuer to the extent of the amount in the currency of payment under the relevant Note, Coupon or Receipt that the recipient is able to purchase with the amount so received or recovered in that other currency on the date of that receipt or recovery (or, if it is not practicable to make that purchase on that date, on the first date on which it is practicable to do so). If the amount received or recovered is less than the amount expressed to be due to the recipient under any Note, Coupon or Receipt, the Issuer shall indemnify it against any loss sustained by it as a result. In any event, the Issuer shall indemnify the recipient against the cost of making any such purchase. For the purposes of this Condition, it shall be sufficient for the Noteholder or Couponholder, as the case may be, to demonstrate that it would have suffered a loss had an actual purchase been made. These indemnities constitute a separate and independent obligation from the Issuer’s other obligations, shall give rise to a separate and independent cause of action, shall apply irrespective of any indulgence granted by any Noteholder or Couponholder and shall continue in full force and effect despite any other judgment, order, claim or proof for a liquidated amount in respect of any sum due under any Note, Coupon or Receipt or any other judgment or order.

16 Governing Law and Jurisdiction

(a) **Governing Law:** The Notes, the Receipts, the Coupons and the Talons and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with them are governed by, and shall be construed in accordance with, Dutch law.

(b) **Jurisdiction:** The District Court of Amsterdam and its appellate courts are to have (non-exclusive) jurisdiction to settle any disputes that may arise out of or in connection with any Notes, Receipts, Coupons or Talons and accordingly any legal action or proceedings arising out of or in connection with any Notes, Receipts, Coupons or Talons ("Proceedings") may be brought in such courts. This submission is made for the benefit of each of the holders of the Notes, Receipts, Coupons and Talons and shall not affect the right of any of them to take Proceedings in any other court of competent jurisdiction nor shall the taking of Proceedings in one or more jurisdictions preclude the taking of Proceedings in any other jurisdiction (whether concurrently or not).
SUMMARY OF PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE NOTES WHILE IN GLOBAL FORM

1 Initial Issue of Notes

If the Global Notes are stated in the applicable Final Terms to be issued in NGN form, the Global Notes will be delivered on or prior to the original issue date of the Tranche to a Common Safekeeper. Depositing the Global Notes with the Common Safekeeper does not necessarily mean that the Notes will be recognised as eligible collateral for Eurosystem monetary policy and intra-day credit operations by the Eurosystem either upon issue, or at any or all times during their life. Such recognition will depend upon satisfaction of the Eurosystem eligibility criteria.

Global notes which are issued in CGN form and Certificates may be delivered on or prior to the original issue date of the Tranche to a Common Depositary.

If the Global Note is a CGN, upon the initial deposit of a Global Note with a common depositary for Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg (the “Common Depositary”) or registration of Registered Notes in the name of any nominee for Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg and delivery of the relative Global Certificate to the Common Depositary, Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg will credit each subscriber with a nominal amount of Notes equal to the nominal amount thereof for which it has subscribed and paid. If the Global Note is an NGN, the nominal amount of the Notes shall be the aggregate amount from time to time entered in the records of Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg. The records of such clearing system shall be conclusive evidence of the nominal amount of Notes represented by the Global Note and a statement issued by such clearing system at any time shall be conclusive evidence of the records of the relevant clearing system at that time.

Notes that are initially deposited with the Common Depositary may also be credited to the accounts of subscribers with (if indicated in the relevant Final Terms) other clearing systems through direct or indirect accounts with Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg held by such other clearing systems. Conversely, Notes that are initially deposited with any other clearing system may similarly be credited to the accounts of subscribers with Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg or other clearing systems.

2 Relationship of Accountholders with Clearing Systems

Each of the persons shown in the records of Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg or any other permitted clearing system (“Alternative Clearing System”) as the holder of a Note represented by a Global Note or a Global Certificate must look solely to Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg or any such Alternative Clearing System (as the case may be) for his share of each payment made by the Issuer to the bearer of such Global Note or the holder of the underlying Registered Notes, as the case may be, and in relation to all other rights arising under the Global Notes or Global Certificates, subject to and in accordance with the respective rules and procedures of Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg, or such Alternative Clearing System (as the case may be). Such persons shall have no claim directly against the Issuer in respect of payments due on the Notes for so long as the Notes are represented by such Global Note or Global Certificate and such obligations of the Issuer will be discharged by payment to the bearer of such Global Note or the holder of the underlying Registered Notes, as the case may be, in respect of each amount so paid.
3 Exchange

3.1 Temporary Global Notes

Each temporary Global Note will be exchangeable, free of charge to the holder, on or after its Exchange Date:

(i) if the relevant Final Terms indicate that such Global Note is issued in compliance with the C Rules or in a transaction to which TEFRA is not applicable (as to which, see “Overview of the Programme – Selling Restrictions”), in whole, but not in part, for the Definitive Notes defined and described below; and

(ii) otherwise, in whole or in part upon certification as to non-U.S. beneficial ownership in the form set out in the Agency Agreement for interests in a permanent Global Note or, if so provided in the relevant Final Terms, for Definitive Notes.

3.2 Permanent Global Notes

Each permanent Global Note will be exchangeable, free of charge to the holder, on or after its Exchange Date in whole but not, except as provided under paragraph 3.4 below, in part for Definitive Notes:

(i) if the permanent Global Note is held on behalf of Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg or an Alternative Clearing System and any such clearing system is closed for business for a continuous period of 14 days (other than by reason of holidays, statutory or otherwise) or announces an intention permanently to cease business or in fact does so; or

(ii) if principal in respect of any Notes is not paid when due, by the holder giving notice to the Fiscal Agent of its election for such exchange.

In the event that a Global Note is exchanged for Definitive Notes, such Definitive Notes shall be issued in Specified Denomination(s) only. A Noteholder who holds a principal amount of less than the minimum Specified Denomination will not receive a definitive Note in respect of such holding and would need to purchase a principal amount of Notes such that it holds an amount equal to one or more Specified Denominations.

3.3 Permanent Global Certificates

If the Final Terms state that the Notes are to be represented by a permanent Global Certificate on issue, the following will apply in respect of transfers of Notes held in Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg or an Alternative Clearing System. These provisions will not prevent the trading of interests in the Notes within a clearing system whilst they are held on behalf of such clearing system, but will limit the circumstances in which the Notes may be withdrawn from the relevant clearing system.

Transfers of the holding of Notes represented by any Global Certificate pursuant to Condition 2(b) may only be made in part:

(i) if the relevant clearing system is closed for business for a continuous period of 14 days (other than by reason of holidays, statutory or otherwise) or announces an intention permanently to cease business or does in fact do so; or

(ii) if principal in respect of any Notes is not paid when due; or

(iii) with the consent of the Issuer,
provided that, in the case of the first transfer of part of a holding pursuant to paragraph 3.3(i) or 3.3(ii) above, the Registered Holder has given the Registrar not less than 30 days’ notice at its specified office of the Registered Holder’s intention to effect such transfer.

3.4 **Partial Exchange of Permanent Global Notes**

For so long as a permanent Global Note is held on behalf of a clearing system and the rules of that clearing system permit, such permanent Global Note will be exchangeable in part on one or more occasions for Definitive Notes (i) if principal in respect of any Notes is not paid when due or (ii) if so provided in, and in accordance with, the Conditions (which will be set out in the relevant Final Terms) relating to Partly Paid Notes.

3.5 **Delivery of Notes**

If the Global Note is a CGN, on or after any due date for exchange, the holder of a Global Note may surrender such Global Note or, in the case of a partial exchange, present it for endorsement to or to the order of the Fiscal Agent. In exchange for any Global Note, or the part thereof to be exchanged, the Issuer will (i) in the case of a temporary Global Note exchangeable for a permanent Global Note, deliver, or procure the delivery of, a permanent Global Note in an aggregate nominal amount equal to that of the whole or that part of a temporary Global Note that is being exchanged or, in the case of a subsequent exchange, endorse, or procure the endorsement of, a permanent Global Note to reflect such exchange or (ii) in the case of a Global Note exchangeable for Definitive Notes, deliver, or procure the delivery of, an equal aggregate nominal amount of duly executed and authenticated Definitive Notes or if the Global Note is a NGN, the Issuer will procure that details of such exchange be entered pro rata in the records of the relevant clearing system. In this Prospectus, “Definitive Notes” means, in relation to any Global Note, the definitive Bearer Notes for which such Global Note may be exchanged (if appropriate, having attached to them all Coupons and Receipts in respect of interest or Instalment Amounts that have not already been paid on the Global Note and a Talon). Definitive Notes will be security printed in accordance with any applicable legal and stock exchange requirements in or substantially in the form set out in the Schedules to the Agency Agreement. On exchange in full of each permanent Global Note, the Issuer will, if the holder so requests, procure that it is cancelled and returned to the holder together with the relevant Definitive Notes.

3.6 **Exchange Date**

“Exchange Date” means, in relation to a temporary Global Note, the day falling after the expiry of 40 days after its issue date and, in relation to a permanent Global Note, a day falling not less than 60 days, or in the case of failure to pay principal in respect of any Notes when due 30 days, after that on which the notice requiring exchange is given and on which banks are open for business in the city in which the specified office of the Fiscal Agent is located and in the city in which the relevant clearing system is located.

4 **Amendment to Conditions**

The temporary Global Notes, permanent Global Notes and Global Certificates contain provisions that apply to the Notes that they represent, some of which modify the effect of the terms and conditions of the Notes set out in this Prospectus. The following is a summary of certain of those provisions:

4.1 **Payments and Record Date**

No payment falling due after the Exchange Date will be made on any Global Note unless exchange for an interest in a permanent Global Note or for Definitive Notes is improperly withheld or refused. Payments on any temporary Global Note issued in compliance with the D Rules before the Exchange
Date will only be made against presentation of certification as to non-U.S. beneficial ownership in the form set out in the Agency Agreement. All payments in respect of Notes represented by a Global Note in CGN form will be made against presentation for endorsement and, if no further payment falls to be made in respect of the Notes, surrender of that Global Note to or to the order of the Fiscal Agent or such other Paying Agent as shall have been notified to the Noteholders for such purpose. If the Global Note is a CGN, a record of each payment so made will be endorsed on each Global Note, which endorsement will be prima facie evidence that such payment has been made in respect of the Notes. Condition 7(e)(vii) and Condition 8(e) will apply to the Definitive Notes only. If the Global Note is a NGN, the Issuer shall procure that details of each such payment shall be entered pro rata in the records of the relevant clearing system and in the case of payments of principal, the nominal amount of the Notes recorded in the records of the relevant clearing system and represented by the Global Note will be reduced accordingly. Payments under the NGN will be made to its holder. Each payment so made will discharge the Issuer’s obligations in respect thereof. Any failure to make the entries in the records of the relevant clearing system shall not affect such discharge.

Each payment on a Global Certificate will be made to, or to the order of, the person whose name is entered in the Register at the close of business on the Clearing System Business Day immediately prior to the date for payment, where “Clearing System Business Day” means Monday to Friday inclusive, except 25 December and 1 January.

4.2 Prescription

Claims against the Issuer in respect of Notes that are represented by a permanent Global Note will become void unless it is presented for payment within a period of five years from the date the relevant payment first became due.

4.3 Meetings

The holder of a permanent Global Note or of the Notes represented by a Global Certificate shall (unless such permanent Global Note or Global Certificate represents only one Note) be treated as being two persons for the purposes of any quorum requirements of a meeting of Noteholders and, at any such meeting, the holder of a permanent Global Note shall be treated as having one vote in respect of each integral currency unit of the Specified Currency of the Notes. (All holders of Registered Notes are entitled to one vote in respect of each integral currency unit of the Specified Currency of the Notes comprising such Noteholder’s holding, whether or not represented by a Global Certificate.)

4.4 Cancellation

Cancellation of any Note represented by a permanent Global Note that is required by the Conditions to be cancelled (other than upon its redemption) will be effected by reduction in the nominal amount of the relevant permanent Global Note.

4.5 Purchase

Notes represented by a permanent Global Note may only be purchased by the Issuer or any of its subsidiaries if they are purchased together with the rights to receive all future payments of interest and Instalment Amounts (if any) thereon.

4.6 Issuer’s Option

Any option of the Issuer provided for in the Conditions of any Notes while such Notes are represented by a permanent Global Note shall be exercised by the Issuer giving notice to the Noteholders within the time limits set out in and containing the information required by the Conditions, except that the notice shall not be required to contain the serial numbers of Notes drawn in the case of a partial exercise of an option and accordingly no drawing of Notes shall be required. In the event that any
option of the Issuer is exercised in respect of some but not all of the Notes of any Series, the rights of accountholders with a clearing system in respect of the Notes will be governed by the standard procedures of Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg (to be reflected in the records of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg as either a pool factor or a reduction in nominal amount, at their discretion) or any other Alternative Clearing System (as the case may be).

4.7 Noteholders’ Options

Any option of the Noteholders provided for in the Conditions of any Notes while such Notes are represented by a permanent Global Note may be exercised by the holder of the permanent Global Note giving notice to the Fiscal Agent within the time limits relating to the deposit of Notes with a Paying Agent set out in the Conditions substantially in the form of the notice available from any Paying Agent, except that the notice shall not be required to contain the serial numbers of the Notes in respect of which the option has been exercised, and stating the nominal amount of Notes in respect of which the option is exercised and at the same time, where the permanent Global Note is a CGN, presenting the permanent Global Note to the Fiscal Agent, or to a Paying Agent acting on behalf of the Fiscal Agent, for notation. Where the Global Note is a NGN, the Issuer shall procure that details of such exercise shall be entered pro rata in the records of the relevant clearing system and the nominal amount of the Notes recorded in those records will be reduced accordingly.

4.8 NGN nominal amount

Where the Global Note is a NGN, the Issuer shall procure that any exchange, payment, cancellation, exercise of any option or any right under the Notes, as the case may be, in addition to the circumstances set out above shall be entered in the records of the relevant clearing systems and upon any such entry being made, in respect of payments of principal, the nominal amount of the Notes represented by such Global Note shall be adjusted accordingly.

4.9 Events of Default

Each Global Note provides that the holder may cause such Global Note, or a portion of it, to become due and repayable in the circumstances described in Condition 10 by stating in the notice to the Fiscal Agent the nominal amount of such Global Note that is becoming due and repayable. If principal in respect of any Note is not paid when due, the holder of a Global Note or Registered Notes represented by a Global Certificate may elect for direct enforcement rights against the Issuer under the terms of direct rights set out in the Global Note to come into effect in relation to the whole or a part of such Global Note or one or more Registered Notes in favour of the persons entitled to such part of such Global Note or such Registered Notes, as the case may be, as accountholders with a clearing system. Following any such acquisition of direct rights, the Global Note or, as the case may be, the Global Certificate and the corresponding entry in the register kept by the Registrar will become void as to the specified portion or Registered Notes, as the case may be. However, no such election may be made in respect of Notes represented by a Global Certificate unless the transfer of the whole or a part of the holding of Notes represented by that Global Certificate shall have been improperly withheld or refused.

4.10 Notices

So long as any Notes are represented by a Global Note and such Global Note is held on behalf of a clearing system, notices to the holders of Notes of that Series may be given by delivery of the relevant notice to that clearing system for communication by it to entitled accountholders in substitution for publication as required by the Conditions or by delivery of the relevant notice to the holder of the Global Note.
5 Partly Paid Notes

The provisions relating to Partly Paid Notes are not set out in this Prospectus, but will be contained in the relevant Final Terms and thereby in the Global Notes. While any instalments of the subscription moneys due from the holder of Partly Paid Notes are overdue, no interest in a Global Note representing such Notes may be exchanged for an interest in a permanent Global Note or for Definitive Notes (as the case may be). If any Noteholder fails to pay any instalment due on any Partly Paid Notes within the time specified, the Issuer may forfeit such Notes and shall have no further obligation to their holder in respect of them.
USE OF PROCEEDS

The net proceeds from the issue of each Tranche of Notes will be applied by the Issuer for general corporate purposes. If, in respect of any particular issue, there is a particular identified use of proceeds, this will be stated in the applicable Final Terms.
BUSINESS DESCRIPTION OF ISSUER

The description of the Issuer after the integration of transpower’s transmission business (expected completion date is 26 February 2010) has been set out in Part 2 and should be read in addition to and in conjunction with description of the Issuer set out in Part 1.
PART 1: DESCRIPTION ISSUER APPLICABLE REGARDLESS OF THE ACQUISITION OF TRANSPower BY THE ISSUER

Introduction

The Issuer was incorporated as a private limited liability company (besloten vennootschap met beperkte aansprakelijkheid) under the laws of the Netherlands on 28 April 1994 and operates under the laws of the Netherlands. The Issuer has its corporate seat in Arnhem, the Netherlands and has its registered office at Utrechtseweg 310, 6812 AR Arnhem, the Netherlands (telephone number +31 26 373 1111). The Issuer is registered with the Chamber of Commerce for Centraal Gelderland under registration number 09083317.

Objects

Article 2 of the Issuer’s articles of association, regarding its objects, reads as follows:

“2.1. The objects of the company are to, directly or indirectly, participate in or to take an interest in any other way in, and to conduct the management of other business enterprises with objects as described in this paragraph and paragraph 2 of this article or objects which are similar or related thereto, furthermore to finance third parties and to provide security or undertake the obligations of third parties in any way, as well as to do everything that is in conformance with the provisions of this article or related or conducive thereto in the broadest sense.

2.2 The objects of the other business enterprises mentioned in paragraph 1 of this article may include:

(a) to provide for the transport and dispatch of electrical energy;

(b) to install, operate, manage and/or maintain networks intended for the transport of electricity, including connections that cross national borders as well as to measure the electrical energy supplied to and/or withdrawn from these networks;

(c) to render system services and other services for the electricity supply in the Netherlands;

(d) to conduct operations and/or to promote market forces in the area of energy and the environment, including but not limited to operating exchanges and other trading and market places, registering and issuing rights and certificates and issuing subsidies and other payments;

(e) to lease, to allow third parties to use or to make available in any other way facilities, goods and/or rights, including networks connected by optical fibre cables and telecommunication equipment and areas belonging to masts and buildings;

(f) to conduct operations related or connected to the above objects as well as to perform all other tasks charged to the company in or pursuant to any statutory scheme or designation from competent authorities; and as well as to do everything that is in conformance with the above objects or related or conducive to the above objects in the broadest sense.

2.3. The company may not furnish any security, give any price guarantees, otherwise warrant performance by third parties or bind itself jointly and severally or otherwise next to or on behalf of third parties for the purpose of the subscription for or acquisition of by third parties of shares in the company’s share capital or of depositary receipts for these shares.”
Capitalisation and Group Structure

The authorised share capital of the Issuer is EUR 500,000,000 comprising of one million registered shares with a par value of EUR 500 each. A total of two hundred thousand registered shares have been issued, all of which are fully paid.

All issued shares in the capital of the Issuer are owned by the State of the Netherlands, represented by the Ministry of Finance (as opposed to the Ministry of Economic Affairs in its capacity as regulator (see “Business Description of the Issuer; History” below). According to the Policy on Government Participations (“Nota Deelnemingenbeleid Rijksoverheid”) the State has the following view on its shareholding in the Issuer: “Given the strong public character of the participations which are still in portfolio and the fact that safeguarding of these public interests through only laws and regulations is being regarded as too rigid, disposal of these participations is not likely. This does not mean that future disposals of interests in certain participations can be ruled out in advance. Privatisation remains an option if it appears that the shareholding by the State has no or little added value within the framework of safeguarding the public interests. Moreover it must be sufficiently clear that the continuity of the service would not be jeopardised through private shareholding, and that private shareholding has added value for the relevant enterprise and the quality of the activities which it employs. However, the argument by itself that private shareholders have a general interest in economically more efficient management, is not sufficient reason to sell. This new policy with respect to the current portfolio of State participations can be summarised as: “public, unless”. (“see page 3 of the pdf document of the Policy on Governemental Participations provided by the Ministry of Finance on the following website: http://www.minfin.nl/Actueel/Kamerstukken/2007/12/Nota_Staatsdeelnemingenbeleid)

The legal structure of the TenneT Group as of 31 December 2009 is as follows:
Organisational structure TenneT Group
(as at December 31, 2009)

State of the Netherlands

100%

TenneT Holding B.V.

Regulated activities

100% TenneT Orange B.V.
100% TenneT Blue B.V.
100% TenneT TSO Duitsland B.V.

TenneT Duitsland Coöperatief U.A.

100% TransTenneT B.V.
100% Transpower verwaltungs GmbH

100% transpower GmbH & Co. KG

Unregulated activities

Stichting Behoeft Deelgelden Landelijk Hoogspanningnet

100% TenneT TSO B.V.

100% HS Netten Zeeland B.V.
100% TenneT TSO E B.V.
100% Nadine Network B.V.
100% B.V. Transportnet Zuid-Holland
100% CertiQ B.V.
100% TSO Auction B.V.
100% Saranne B.V.

79.66% API B.V.
50% New Values B.V
100% NOVEM B.V.
50% Refined B.V.
100% NLlink International B.V.

100% European Energy Auction B.V.

100% ENDEX European Energy Derivatives Exchange N.V.
100% APX Commodities Ltd.
100% APX Gas NL B.V.
100% APX Gas Zeeland B.V.
100% Nozemra Agro Beheer B.V.

25% Open Tower Company B.V

100% Coreme B.V.

50% BritNed Development Ltd.
The current TenneT Group structure, headed by the Issuer, was established in 2005 through a number of mergers and demergers with the objective to separate regulated and non-regulated activities of the TenneT Group in agreement with the provisions in article 17a of the Electricity Act. All Dutch regulated activities of the TenneT Group are performed by either TenneT TSO or one of its subsidiaries. With a few exceptions TenneT TSO and its subsidiaries are not allowed to perform activities that could create competition with third parties. The unregulated activities, when appropriate within the strategy of the TenneT Group, are performed by subsidiaries (excluding TenneT TSO) and participations positioned directly under the Issuer or directly or indirectly under such subsidiaries. The unregulated activities of these subsidiaries are not allowed to conflict with the –regulated- interests of TenneT TSO.

**History and development of the Issuer**

The history and development of the Issuer is inextricably linked with the history and development of the Dutch electricity market.

**The Dutch electricity market**

The Dutch electricity market is regulated by the Electricity Act. Many provisions of the Electricity Act are detailed in subordinate legislation laid down by the Crown, the Minister of Economic Affairs and the Energy Chamber.

The Energy Chamber was introduced by the Electricity Act as a market regulator. It is a directorate of the Dutch Competition Authority. It has comprehensive ex ante and ex post regulatory powers, which include the adoption of binding conditions and tariffs for third party network access.

Under the Electricity Act, production and supply activities on the one hand and network operation activities on the other may not be integrated in one legal entity. When the Electricity Act was implemented in 1998, the production companies and the distribution companies had to transfer the operation and management of the electricity networks they owned to separate limited liability companies. These separate limited liability companies have to operate independently and provide non-discriminatory network access against regulated tariffs and conditions. As of 1 January 2011 the network companies have to be fully unbundled from energy (including electricity) production, trading and supply companies. TenneT TSO and its predecessors have been fully unbundled since they started operations under the Electricity Act.

Although the Electricity Act does not define any public service obligations per se, they have been implemented materially in all aspects. Electricity network operators must operate, maintain and develop their installations in an efficient, safe, reliable and environmental friendly manner.

The Dutch electricity network is laid out in a “cascade” of tension levels. The national transmission network (extra high-voltage) is operated at 220kV or 380kV. Transportation networks (high voltage) are operated at a tension level of 110kV or 150kV. Distribution networks are operated at levels of up to 50kV.

All Dutch regulated activities of the TenneT Group are performed by TenneT TSO. TenneT TSO operates substantially all networks with a tension level of 110kV, 150kV, 220kV or 380kV, except networks with a tension level of 110kV or 150kV which are subject to a cross border lease. The lower voltage networks are operated by various regional distribution network companies.

TenneT TSO’s tasks can be distinguished in system operation tasks, aimed at maintaining the balance of the Dutch electricity system and contributing to the maintenance of the balance of connected systems in Europe, on the one hand, and the task to provide non-discriminatory access to its networks on the basis of civil law contracts subject to published tariffs and conditions adopted by the Dutch Competition Authority, on the other. It has the latter task in common with the regional network operators in respect of their respective grids. Some
of the tasks imposed on TenneT TSO are described in more detail in “Description of the Issuer—Business—Dutch Regulated business” below.

If network capacity falls short, a network operator, such as TenneT TSO, may refuse transportation. Capacity shortages affecting the National HV Grid have occurred in various parts of the Netherlands. Large scale network expansion projects, which are currently underway, and a congestion management mechanism to be enacted shortly, aim at relieving the situation.

TenneT TSO’s central position in the electricity supply system places TenneT TSO in a unique position to provide data to regulatory authorities, notably the Minister of Economic Affairs and the Energy Chamber. The Electricity Act imposes various obligations upon TenneT TSO in this regard.

In addition to the regulated activities in the Dutch market performed by TenneT TSO, the TenneT Group performs unregulated activities as well (see “Description of the Issuer—Business—Unregulated business” below). The unregulated activities of the TenneT Group are important to the functionality of the electricity market. APX B.V., for example, facilitates short-term trading in Benelux and the UK. New Values B.V. facilitates trading in CO2 emission allowances. Without these unregulated activities, the Dutch electricity market would not function as efficiently as it does now.

History

Under the Electricity Act 1989 (Elektriciteitswet 1989), the operation and maintenance of the electricity transmission system in the Netherlands was based on a systemic cooperation between four vertically integrated electricity companies, owned by provinces and municipalities. The embodiment of this cooperation was N.V. Samenwerkende Elektriciteits-productiebedrijven (“Sep”). The four electricity companies were N.V. Elektriciteitsbedrijf Zuid-Holland, N.V. Elektriciteits-Productiebedrijf Oost- en Noord-Nederland, N.V. Elektriciteits-Productiebedrijf Zuid-Nederland and Energieproductiebedrijf UNA (together: the “Sep Shareholders”). Each of the Sep Shareholders owned 25 per cent. of the shares in Sep. Sep owned 67 per cent. of the 220/380 kV grid as well as the cross-border interconnections. The remaining part of the 220/380 kV grid was owned by Sep Shareholders, but put at Sep’s disposal to enable it to manage the 220/380 kV grid in its entirety. On 28 April 1994, Sep incorporated DELCOS, Dutch Electricity Consulting Services B.V. (“DELCOS”) as its 100 per cent. subsidiary. DELCOS has undergone several name changes and is currently named TenneT Holding B.V.

In 1998, the new Electricity Act (Elektriciteitswet 1998) entered into force. This act implemented the first EU Electricity Directive (1996/92/EC), subsequently replaced by the second EU Directive (2003/54/EC) and the third EU Directive (2009/72/EC). The Electricity Act created a legal basis for a gradual liberalisation of the electricity market (completed in July 2004). It furthermore compelled majority owners of the transmission and distribution electricity grids (therefore including Sep) to appoint separate legal entities as grid managers and to transfer to these legal entities the management of the grids. These entities were from then on exclusively charged with the fulfilment of statutory tasks relating to the operation, maintenance, renewal and extension of the grids.

For the 220/380 kV grid as well as the cross-border interconnections of 500 V and higher, the Electricity Act introduced the function of national grid manager. The national grid manager’s tasks include transmission system services, which means that it is national transmission system operator (or: “TSO”) as well. As owner of 67% of the 220/380 kV grid, Sep was obliged to appoint the national grid manager. Sep appointed DELCOS on 21 October 1998. Until that appointment DELCOS had not performed any holding or any other activities and was a subsidiary of Sep.

At the same date, 21 October 1998, Sep transferred the beneficial ownership of the 220/380 kV grid and of the cross-border connections of 500 V and higher (to the extent owned by Sep) to DELCOS and granted
DEL COS an option to also request the legal ownership thereof. DEL COS was renamed TenneT, Manager Landelijk Elektriciteitsnet B.V. on 21 October 1998 and renamed TenneT, Transmission System Operator B.V. (“TenneT, Transmission System Operator”) on 14 January 1999.

On 2 February 2001, a demerger of Sep (in the meantime named B.V. Nederlands Elektriciteits Administratiekantoor, “NEA”) was effectuated whereby Saranne B.V. (“Saranne”) was incorporated. At this occasion, NEA transferred its legal ownership of the 67% part of the 220/380 kV grid as well as of the cross-border interconnections of 500 V and higher to Saranne, leaving the option for TenneT, Transmission System Operator to request to transfer the legal ownership to it intact. All shares in the capital of Saranne were issued to NEA. On 25 October 2001, NEA transferred all shares in TenneT, Transmission System Operator and all shares in Saranne to the State of the Netherlands.

On 2 February 2001, a demerger of Sep (in the meantime named B.V. Nederlands Elektriciteits Administratiekantoor, “NEA”) was effectuated whereby Saranne B.V. (“Saranne”) was incorporated. At this occasion, NEA transferred its legal ownership of the 67% part of the 220/380 kV grid as well as of the cross-border interconnections of 500 V and higher to Saranne, leaving the option for TenneT, Transmission System Operator to request to transfer the legal ownership to it intact. All shares in the capital of Saranne were issued to NEA. On 25 October 2001, NEA transferred all shares in TenneT, Transmission System Operator and all shares in Saranne to the State of the Netherlands.

On 18 December 2003, TenneT, Transmission System Operator acquired all shares in the capital of B.V. Transportnet Zuid-Holland (“TZH”), owning the entire 150 kV grid and part of the 380 kV in the province of Zuid-Holland. At the time TenneT neither owned nor managed any other 110 kV or 150 kV grid.

On 19 December 2005, TenneT, Transmission System Operator was converted into a holding company and renamed TenneT Holding B.V. The holding structure came into existence by way of a de-merger whereby TenneT TSO was incorporated. As de-merged company, TenneT TSO obtained all assets of the Issuer, including the beneficial ownership to the 220/380 kV grid (with the exception of those parts that were still owned by the former Sep Shareholders or their legal successors) and the cross-border interconnections of 500 V and higher, as well as the shares in the capital of Saranne, TZH, TSO Auction B.V. (“TSO Auction”), EnerQ B.V. (“EnerQ”) and CertiQ B.V. (“CertiQ”) (see also “Description of the Issuer—Business—Subsidiary overview – Dutch regulated activities” below). EnerQ has been in liquidation since 1 January 2009. As beneficial owner of the majority of the 220/380 kV grid, TenneT TSO appointed itself as manager of the National HV Grid, replacing TenneT, Transmission System Operator B.V., which had become TenneT Holding B.V. The Minister of Economic Affairs has given the requisite statutory approval for this appointment. An appointment lasts ten years (from the date of the approval by the Minister of Economic Affairs being 11 October 2006). Re-appointments for ten years at the time can be made indefinitely. As the owner of the majority of the National HV Grid, TenneT TSO has the right to re-appoint itself from time to time under the Electricity Act, subject to the approval of the Minister of Economic Affairs.

As a result of this legal restructuring in December 2005, the Dutch regulated business of national grid manager and national transmission system operator is now being performed by TenneT TSO. The unregulated business (mainly focussing on exchange activities – New Values B.V. (a 50/50 joint venture with Rabobank Nederland), APX B.V. and its subsidiaries –, telecom activities – NOVEC B.V. – and submarine cables – NLink International B.V.) are being performed by other subsidiaries or participations of the Issuer. These unregulated activities are not allowed to conflict with the activities of TenneT TSO. (see also “Description of the Issuer—Business—Subsidiary overview – unregulated activities” below).

In November 2006, an amendment to the Electricity Act was passed pursuant to which the “national high voltage grid” – which pursuant to the Electricity Act is to be managed by the national grid manager – has been redefined so as to include the 110 kV and 150 kV grids in addition to the 220 kV and 380 kV grids and the cross-border interconnections of 500 V and higher (together defined as the “National HV Grid”). This amendment entered into force on 1 January 2008. As a consequence, TenneT TSO, being the legally appointed national grid manager of the National HV grid, had to take over the management of the 110 kV and 150 kV grids from the relevant regional grid managers, starting 1 January 2008. An exception applies for the time being to the 150 kV “Randmeren” grid, managed by N.V. Liander (and submanaged by TenneT TSO further to a submanagement agreement which entered into force on 1 August 2009 and the 150 kV grid managed by Stedin B.V. These grids are excepted because no satisfactory solution has been reached as regards third parties’ rights under cross-border lease contracts to which these grids are subject. As from 1 January 2008,
TenneT TSO manages substantially all of the national electricity grids of 110kV and higher (excluding the 150 kV grids managed by or through N.V. Liander and Stedin B.V.) and has a legal monopoly with respect of the management of the National HV Grid as well as of the cross-border interconnections on the basis of the Electricity Act.

In 2009, TenneT TSO acquired the HV grids (110/150kV) and ancillary assets owned by Enexis B.V., Liander N.V. and Delta N.V.

On November 18, 2009, the Issuer’s indirectly wholly owned subsidiary transpower GmbH & Co. KG, a limited partnership (Kommanditgesellschaft) organised under the laws of Germany as purchaser (the “Purchaser”), and the Issuer as guarantor entered into a share purchase agreement (the “SPA”) with E.ON AG to acquire, with economic effect as of 1 January 2010, all of the issued and outstanding shares of the German extra high voltage grid operator transpower stromübertragungs GmbH, a limited liability company (Gesellschaft mit beschränkter Haftung) organised under the laws of Germany, as well as, indirectly, all of the issued and outstanding shares of transpower offshore GmbH, a wholly-owned subsidiary of transpower stromübertragungs GmbH organised as a limited liability company (Gesellschaft mit beschränkter Haftung) under the laws of Germany (the “Acquisition”). The effectiveness of the SPA is subject to the approval by the European Commission in accordance with section B.II.c) no. 33 of the commitment of E.ON AG vis-a-vis the European Commission in the cases COMP/B-1/39.388 and 39.389 to separate and subsequently divest the business which is now conducted by transpower stromübertragungs GmbH and transpower offshore GmbH. Further, the consummation of the Acquisition of transpower stromübertragungs GmbH is subject to merger control clearance. The takeover has been approved by the State.

As guarantor, the Issuer guarantees the fulfilment of the Purchaser’s obligations arising out of the SPA, including in particular the payment of the purchase price.

The enterprise value of the Acquisition is expected to be approximately €885 million, excluding transaction fees and expenses. If the aforesaid approval by the European Commission and the merger control clearance are not obtained prior to 18 April 2010, each of Seller and Purchaser has the right to withdraw from the SPA. The Purchaser may further withdraw from the SPA in the event that a material adverse effect (i.e. any force majeur event and/or a breach of any of the Seller’s guarantees or pre-closing undertakings set forth in the SPA that result in losses exceeding a value of approximately €225 million) occurs prior to the closing of the Acquisition.

The Issuer expects to finance part of the acquisition of transpower using the proceeds from €375 million of shares issued by TenneT TSO Duitsland B.V. to Stichting Beheer Doelgelden, backed by an 80% guarantee from the State. The remaining part of the purchase price will be financed using the proceeds from either (1) a one-year €1 billion bridge loan facility provided by ING Bank N.V. and The Royal Bank of Scotland plc or (2) capital markets debt issuances.

The acquisition enables the Issuer to integrate the Dutch and the German extra high voltage transmission grids, in the opinion of the Issuer allowing it to take a leading role in Europe and to continue developing an effectively functioning electricity market. The benefits of the Acquisition for the Issuer include price equalization, improved grid balancing, greater insight into grid situations, better possibilities for sustainable development in both countries and certain cost synergies.

Corporate Governance

The Dutch Corporate Governance Code (the “Corporate Governance Code”) applies to stock listed companies. The Issuer, even though not being a stock listed company, has decided to comply with the Corporate Governance Code wherever its application is possible. Whilst a large number of the principles of
the Corporate Governance Code have been integrated in the corporate governance structure of the Issuer, the Issuer complies with most provisions of the Code, but has excluded certain parts. In each annual report, the Issuer explains why it does not apply certain provisions of the Corporate Governance Code. More information on the Issuer’s corporate governance arrangements can be found on its website: (http://www.tennet.org/english/investor_relations/corporate_governance/index.aspx). The shareholder of the Issuer, the State represented by the Ministry of Finance, endorses the Issuer’s application of the Corporate Governance Code.

The Issuer is structured as a large company (structuurvennootschap) within the meaning of Section 2:264 Dutch Civil Code. The Issuer complies with the legal structure regime (structuurregime). The Issuer complies with the obligations regarding corporate governance structure as provided for in the Electricity Act. The Issuer has a statutory board of management (raad van bestuur) and an executive board (directie). In accordance with the large company regime, the Issuer has a supervisory board (raad van commissarissen) in addition to the statutory and executive boards. The statutory board of management requires prior approval of the supervisory board for certain decisions and sometimes also the preceding approval of the general meeting of shareholders. In practice, this means that as the Issuer’s only shareholder the State has to approve certain decisions, including, but not limited to, the making of significant investments and divestments, and the entering into and termination of important joint ventures.

The Electricity Act provides that the Issuer is not allowed to amend its articles of association without the prior approval of the Minister of Economic Affairs.

Currently, the legislative proposal “Priority for sustainability” (Voorrang voor duurzaam) is pending in the House of Representatives. If this bill is adopted in its current form, a mitigated large company regime (gemitigeerd structuurregime) within the meaning of Section 2:265 Dutch Civil Code will be introduced for the Issuer. The Dutch state expects the Issuer to implement the mitigated large company regime upon adoption of the bill. An amendment of the articles of association of the Issuer will be prepared for this purpose. Pursuant to the mitigated large company regime, members of the board would be appointed by the general meeting of shareholders upon a binding nomination by the board of supervisory directors, i.e. the State, as opposed to the current structure of appointment by the supervisory board. Under the new regime, the supervisory board would be required to nominate (a) person(s) recommended by the works council in respect of one third of the supervisory board. The State, in its capacity as sole shareholder of the Issuer, would be entitled to reject the binding nomination of the supervisory board, but it cannot appoint persons to the supervisory board that have not been nominated by the supervisory board. Accordingly, upon a rejection by the State of one or more of its nominated candidates for appointment, the supervisory board will have to prepare a new binding nomination.

**Board of Management and Executive Board**

The members of the Issuer’s board of management (raad van bestuur, “Board of Management”) are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Position</th>
<th>Positions outside the Issuer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mr. J.M. (Mel) Kroon</td>
<td>President and Chief Executive Officer</td>
<td>• Chairman Supervisory Board of NOVEC B.V.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Member Supervisory Board of the Havenbedrijf Rotterdam N.V.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Member Supervisory Board of Diamond Tools Group B.V.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Position</td>
<td>Positions outside the Issuer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Mr. B.G.M. (Ben) Voorhorst| Chief Operating Officer             | • Member Supervisory Board of APX B.V.  
• Member Supervisory Board of Public Transport The Hague  
• Member Board of Belpex S.A.  
• Conseil d’Administration of Powernext S.A.  
• Member Executive Committee of the Netherlands Association for Energy Data Exchange (NEDU)  
• Member Executive Committee of the Association of Energy Network Operators in the Netherlands  
• Member Supervisory Board of Energie Data Services Nederland (EDSN) B.V.  
• Member Steering Committee of Transmission Operator Security Cooperation (TSC)  
• Member Board of Rotterdam Sustainability Initiative  
• Member Board of E-laad.nl  
• Member Supervisory Board of NOVEC B.V.  
• Member Executive Board of BritNed development Ltd  
• Member Executive Board Open Tower Company B.V.  
• Conseil d’Administration of Powernext S.A. |
| Mr. W.A. (Willem) Keus    | Chief Financial Officer              |                                                                                             |

The Issuer accepts responsibility for the information contained in this Prospectus. To the best of the knowledge of the Issuer (having taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case) the information contained in this Prospectus is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of such information.

The Issuer’s executive board (directie, “Executive Board”), in charge of the day-to-day management, is formed by the three members of the Board of Management (see above), together with:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Position</th>
<th>Positions outside the Issuer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Mr. A.A. (Lex) Hartman    | Director of Corporate Development   | • Chairman of NorNed Steering Committee  
• Chairman of Board BritNed development Ltd  
• Director (gevolmachtigde) of NLink International B.V. |

The Issuer’s registered address serves as the business address for each member of the Board of Management and the Executive Board. See “Description of the Issuer—Introduction” above.
There are no existing or potential conflicts of interest between the duties of each of the members of the Board of Management and the Executive Board and his private interest and/or other duties.

**Supervisory Board**

The members of the supervisory board of the Issuer ("Supervisory Board") are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Position</th>
<th>Positions outside the Issuer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mr. R.E. Selman</td>
<td>Chairman</td>
<td>• President Supervisory Board of Broadview Holding B.V.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Chairman Board of the Administration Office <em>(Stichting Administratiekantoor)</em> Shares ASM Lithography</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Member Board of the Administration Office Shares VOPAK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mr. J.F. van Duyne</td>
<td>Member</td>
<td>• Chairman Supervisory Board of Gamma Holding N.V.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Chairman Supervisory Board of Mediq N.V.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Chairman Supervisory Board of De Nederlandsche Bank N.V.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Chairman Supervisory Board of Verkade N.V.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Crown appointed Member of Social and Economic Council of the Netherlands (SER)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mr. C. Griffioen</td>
<td>Member</td>
<td>• Member Supervisory Board of N.V. Nederlandse Gasunie</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Member Supervisory Board of Berenschot Holding B.V.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Member Supervisory Board of KAS BANK N.V.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Member Supervisory Committee of the Noorderbreedte Care Group</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Advisor to Member Executive Board of Deloitte</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mr. J.F. Th. Vugts</td>
<td>Member</td>
<td>• Chairman of Board of Trust Office Foundation of Alewijnse Holding B.V.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Chairman of Supervisory Board of Van Grinsven Drukkers B.V.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Member of Board of Trust Office Foundation of Marteau Pierre</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Member of Board of Trust Office Foundation of MercaChem Holding B.V.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mr. A.W. Veenman</td>
<td>Member</td>
<td>• Member Supervisory Board of Rabobank Nederland</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Position</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Member Supervisory Board of ICT Regie</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Member Advisory Council of the National Aerospace Laboratory of the Netherlands (NLR)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Member Executive Committee of the Next Generation Infrastructures Foundation (NGInfra)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chairman Supervisory Board of Woonbron</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chairman Supervisory Board of Trans Link Systems</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chairman Supervisory Board of GVB Amsterdam</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Member of Supervisory Board of Eureko/Achmea</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Member of Supervisory Board of SPF Beheer</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Member of Supervisory Council of ECN</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Issuer’s registered address serves as the business address for each member of the Supervisory Board. See “Description of the Issuer—Introduction” above.

There are no existing or potential conflicts of interest between the duties of each of the members of the Supervisory Board of the Issuer and his private interest and/or other duties.

The Supervisory Board has appointed Mr. C. Griffioen and Mr J.F.Th. Vugts to form the audit committee, which functions both at the level of the Issuer and at the level of TenneT TSO (the “Audit Committee”). The Audit Committee’s tasks include overseeing the (quality of) the Issuer’s financial reporting, its financial reporting policy and procedures, the (quality of the) internal risk management and control systems, and the independent external audit of the financial statements. The duties of the Audit Committee are set out in the Audit Committee regulations, which can be found on the Issuer’s website (www.tennet.org).

**Business**

The TenneT Group performs both regulated and unregulated activities.

*Dutch Regulated business*

Within the TenneT Group, TenneT TSO and its subsidiaries carry out the activities that are regulated under the Electricity Act. According to the Electricity Act, the other subsidiaries and participations of the Issuer, which perform the unregulated activities within the group, may not conflict with the regulated activities.

The activities of TenneT TSO’s subsidiaries are discussed in “Description of the Issuer—Business—Subsidiary overview – Dutch regulated activities” below. The principal activities of TenneT TSO are:

I  to provide grid connection and electricity transportation services on the National HV Grid;

II to provide transmission services;

III to provide system services; and
IV to manage the cross-border interconnections.

A map of the 110/150 kV and 220/380 kV grids managed by TenneT TSO is reproduced in the figure below.

Access to National HV Grid
TenneT TSO provides electricity market players access (meaning connection and transportation capacity) to the National HV Grid on a non-discriminatory basis and in accordance with binding conditions and tariffs adopted by the Energy Chamber pursuant to EC Regulation no. 1228/2003 (to be replaced by EC Regulation
no. 714/2009 per 3 March 2011) and the Electricity Act (regulated third party access). It is responsible for repairing, replacing parts of and expanding the National HV Grid and maintaining adequate back-up transportation capacity at all times.

*Transmission Services*

TenneT TSO performs transmission services by transporting energy exported to the National HV Grid from whichever location to lower voltage grids to enable regional grid managers to deliver electricity to those connected to their grids.

*System services*

The principal system service is the continuous balancing of demand and supply through the deployment of automatic response power and reserve capacity services. Furthermore, the 220kV and 380kV transmission grid has been carried out in duplicate rings. If a ring falls out, the redundant ring takes over. The maintenance of this fully redundant layout of the 220kV and 380kV transmission grid is also considered a system service. The 110kV and 150kV grids are connected to the 220kV and 380kV transmission grid. Most of the 110kV and 150kV grids have been carried out in duplicate rings as well.

*Management of cross-border connections*

TenneT TSO is exclusively charged with the management of cross-border interconnections of 500 V or more, even if such interconnections (as opposed to the domestic grid) may be built by third parties. The management includes applying non-discriminatory and transparent transfer capacity allocation mechanisms as prescribed by the Electricity Act and implementing regulations. These mechanisms include the auctions performed through TSO Auction B.V. and Capacity Allocation Service Company for the Central Western Electricity Market S.A. (“CASC-CWE”), a company jointly owned by TenneT TSO, and the transmission system operators of Belgium, France, Germany and Luxembourg.

*Unregulated business*

The unregulated activities of TenneT Group are performed by subsidiaries (excluding TenneT TSO) directly owned by the Issuer and their subsidiaries and participations. The aim of these activities is to support the energy market and to ensure its efficient operation. The Issuer employs unambiguous criteria for the selection of new activities. Only activities that support the improvement of the transparency and efficiency of the Dutch energy market, or that support the sustainability of energy are pursued. Furthermore, according to the Electricity Act these activities must not put the statutory tasks of the TenneT Group at risk or conflict with the quality and independence of the TenneT Group.

The principal unregulated activities of the TenneT Group are:

I  to facilitate spot, short-term and long-term trading in gas and electricity (see APX Group in “Description of the Issuer—Business—Subsidiary overview – unregulated activities”);

II to facilitate trading in CO₂ emission allowances (see New Values B.V. in “Description of the Issuer—Business—Subsidiary overview – unregulated activities”);

III the development of a commercially operated interconnector between The Netherlands and The United Kingdom (see NLink International B.V. in “Description of the Issuer—Business—Subsidiary overview – unregulated activities”); and

IV to facilitate distribution of radio and TV signals via the air and for telecom purposes. (see Novec B.V. in “Description of the Issuer – Business – Subsidiary Overview – unregulated activities”)
Strategy

The Issuer’s strategic objectives involve the realisation of (1) profitable growth, (2) operational excellence, (3) one transparent North West European electricity market and (4) technological innovation. This ambition fits into the ‘Strengthen and Build’ strategy that the TenneT Group has adopted. Through the announced acquisition of the German high-voltage grid operator transpower, the TenneT Group will create Europe’s first cross-border TSO. The acquisition of transpower enables the Issuer to integrate the Dutch and the German extra high voltage transmission grids, in the opinion of the Issuer allowing the TenneT Group to take a leading role in the development of a single North West European electricity market.

The integration of the TenneT Group TenneT and transpower will result in clear social and company benefits through cost savings and accelerated market coupling. The principal benefits of the takeover are:

Accelerated convergence of electricity prices in the Netherlands and Germany

The acquisition of transpower will play an important role in establishing further system and market integration between the two countries and thus in creating convergent pricing internationally. This wholesale market price convergence will remove certain competitive disadvantages in the Netherlands.

Key step towards developing sustainable energy supply

The integration of the European energy market is essential both for the European Union and for the Netherlands in order to achieve environmental objectives. Large-scale renewable energy such as wind energy must be integrated on a European scale. System balancing (i.e. keeping electricity demand and supply on the grid in line with each other) will also be dealt with internationally. Transpower has already gained extensive experience in connecting offshore wind energy, conducting wind forecasts, and absorbing resulting grid fluctuations.

Greater security of electricity supply

Integration of the two grids will provide opportunities to better anticipate disruptions or flows in both countries. The TenneT Group will set up a joint security centre to monitor the daily load on both grids. Apart from enhancing grid reliability, the acquisition of transpower will provide the Netherlands with access to a larger production base and a more diverse fuel mix.

Strengthening the role in the European market

The acquisition of transpower is in line with the political ambitions to develop the Netherlands as a ‘power hub’ in the European energy grid.

Transpower will in principle be operated as a standalone company. The focus of the integration is to develop a shared strategic agenda, to increase supply security, the coordination of investment programmes and the reduction of costs. The acquisition has the approval of the State, represented by the Dutch Minister of Finance, in its capacity as shareholder of the Issuer and is supported by the Dutch Minister of Economic Affairs.

Key strategic priorities for the Issuer in the next three years will be the implementation of its substantial capital expenditures programme and the successful integration of transpower. More specifically these strategic priorities are:

(I) Realise an adequate return on invested capital;

(II) Achieve operational excellence, through structuring and streamlining operational processes;

(III) Strengthen and expand 220/380 kV grids in light of substantial increase in planned onshore and offshore generation capacity in the Netherlands;

(IV) With respect to the 110/150 kV grids:
(a) Operational integration management;
(b) Optimisation of regional grids;
(V) Obtain management control and ultimately ownership of Dutch high voltage grids currently subject to cross-border lease arrangements;
(VI) Build additional interconnectors to neighbouring countries (on land or sub sea);
(VII) Become the designated grid manager for Dutch offshore electricity grids;
(VIII) Achieve market coupling between Central Western Europe and Scandinavia;
(IX) Increase cooperation with third parties to accelerate achievement of strategic objectives;
(X) Achieve a good organisational climate;
(XI) Integrate transpower by developing a shared strategic agenda, increasing security of supply, coordinating investment programmes and reducing costs.

Activities by the Issuer’s subsidiaries and Stichting Beheer Doelgelden Landelijk Hoogspanningsnet
The Issuer has several subsidiaries. All regulated activities of the TenneT Group are performed by TenneT TSO and its subsidiaries. All unregulated activities are performed by the other subsidiaries and participations of the Issuer.

Subsidiary overview – Dutch regulated activities

TenneT TSO
TenneT TSO is the Dutch national electricity transmission system operator. It manages and directly or indirectly owns the extra high-voltage grid (220kV and higher) and the cross-border interconnectors commissioned to operate at 500V and higher. As from 1 January 2008, due to a change in law, TenneT TSO has extended its management to the grids of 110kV and 150kV, with the exception of certain grids which are subject to cross-border leases and which TenneT TSO either does not manage at all or which it manages based on a sub management agreement. Following this extension of its management duties TenneT TSO has in the course of 2009 successfully negotiated and completed the acquisition of the grids of 110kV and higher until then owned by Enexio B.V., Liander N.V. (with the exception of its grids which are subject to cross-border leases) and Delta N.V.

Following its coming into existence through a demerger from TenneT, Transmission System Operator B.V. (then renamed TenneT Holding B.V.), TenneT TSO, substituting TenneT, Transmission System Operator B.V., appointed itself as the administrator of the extra high-voltage grid (220kV and higher) as well as the 150kV grid in the province of South Holland on 20 December 2005 in accordance with article 10 of the Electricity Act. The Minister of Economic Affairs agreed with the appointment on 11 October 2006, which means that TenneT TSO has been appointed until 11 October 2016. Following the change of law on 1 January 2008 TenneT TSO has amended its appointment so as to include the management of the 110kV and 150kV grids (with the exception of the CBL Grids).

TenneT TSO’s tasks include maintaining the security of supply and promoting the production of electricity from sustainable sources. In addition, TenneT TSO is responsible for market integration, ensuring stable prices and energy flows.

Since the State of The Netherlands is the only shareholder of the Issuer, and TenneT TSO is wholly-owned by the Issuer, TenneT TSO is indirectly wholly-owned by the State. The Electricity Act provides that 100 % of the shares of the grid administrator of the national electricity grid of the Netherlands must be directly or indirectly owned by the State. A change of the Electricity Act would be necessary, and therefore a
parliamentary vote, for the transfer, directly or indirectly, of the shares in TenneT TSO, as long as TenneT TSO is administrator of the National HV grid.

TenneT TSO has the following subsidiaries:

**HS Netten Zeeland B.V.**

HS Netten Zeeland B.V. was incorporated in 2009. HS Netten Zeeland B.V. owns the 150kV grid and part of the 380kV grid in the province of Zeeland acquired from Delta N.V. Being part of the National HV Grid, these grids are managed by TenneT TSO. Through its 100% shareholding in HS Netten Zeeland B.V., TenneT TSO has full control over the assets owned by HS Netten Zeeland B.V.

**TenneT TSO E B.V.**

TenneT TSO E B.V. (formerly Essent Nelswork Hoogspanningsnet B.V.) was incorporated in 2008. TenneT TSO E B.V. owns the 110/150 kV and 220/380 kV grids acquired from Enexis B.V. Being part of the National HV Grid, these grids are managed by TenneT TSO. Through its 100% shareholding in TenneT TSO E B.V., TenneT TSO has full control over the assets owned by TenneT TSO E B.V.

**Nadine Netwerk B.V.**

Nadine Netwerk B.V. was incorporated in 2008. Nadine Netwerk B.V. owns the 110/150 kV and 220/380 kV grids acquired from Liander N.V. Being part of the National HV Grid, these grids are managed by TenneT TSO. Through its 100% shareholding in Nadine Netwerk B.V., TenneT TSO has full control over the assets owned by Nadine Netwerk B.V. The 150 kV grid, subject to a cross border lease, was not acquired by Nadine Netwerk B.V. from Liander N.V. TenneT TSO has concluded a submanagement agreement with Liander N.V. with respect to these grids.

**B.V. Transportnet Zuid-Holland (TZH)**

TZH was incorporated in 1999. The shares in the capital of TZH were acquired by TenneT, Transmission System Operator in 2003 and were transferred to TenneT TSO as part of the de-merger in December 2005 (see “Description of the Issuer—History” above). TZH owns the 150kV grid and part of the 380kV grid in the province of Zuid-Holland. Being part of the National HV Grid, these grids are managed by TenneT TSO. Through its 100% shareholding in TZH, TenneT TSO has full control over the assets owned by TZH.

**TSO Auction B.V.**

TSO Auction B.V. was incorporated by TenneT, Transmission System Operator in 2000. The shares in the capital of TSO Auction B.V. were transferred to TenneT TSO as part of the de-merger in December 2005 (see “Description of the Issuer—History” above).

TSO Auction B.V. has been involved in the auctioning of cross-border electricity transfer capacity on the Dutch borders with Belgium and Germany since 2001. The activities of TSO Auction B.V. were taken over by CASC-CWE with effect from 1 November 2009 (see “Description of the Issuer—Business—Dutch Regulated business” above). Most activities of TSO Auction B.V. have been terminated with effect from 1 January 2010. TSO Auction B.V. is expected to be liquidated in the course of 2010.

**CertiQ B.V.**

CertiQ B.V. was incorporated by TenneT, Transmission System Operator in 2001 (then with the name Groencertificatenregister B.V.). The shares in the capital of CertiQ were transferred to TenneT TSO as part of the de-merger in December 2005 (see “Description of the Issuer—History” above).

CertiQ B.V. issues guarantees of origin as proof that volumes of electricity exported to the grid have been generated in a sustainable way or by means of high efficiency combined heat and power (“CHP”) plants. The guarantees of origin take the form of electric registrations in an electronic account in the name of the relevant
account holder. Guarantees of origin are tradable. Their validity expires after one year after their first registration. Investments in sustainable energy capacity (or high efficient CHP plants) qualify for feed-in subsidies from the Dutch government under the Promotion of Sustainable Energy Production (Stimulerings Duurzame Energieproduktie, “SDE”) grant scheme provided the sustainable quality of production is evidenced by guarantees of origin. The Electricity Act charges the Minister of Economic Affairs with designating the competent body to issue guarantees of origin (garantiebeheerinstantie). Each designation is for a consecutive period of ten years. Currently the National HV Grid manager (i.e. TenneT TSO) has been designated as that body. The board of TenneT TSO has (on the basis of the General Administrative Law Act (Algemene wet bestuursrecht)) mandated its power to issue guarantees of origin to CertiQ B.V.

Saranne B.V.

Saranne B.V. was incorporated in 2001 upon the consummation of the de-merger of Sep (see “Description of the Issuer—History” above). Saranne B.V. holds title to the legal ownership to the 220/380 kV grid formerly owned by Sep. TenneT TSO is the beneficial owner of these grids (see “Description of the Issuer—History” above) and, through its 100% shareholding in Saranne B.V. (see “Description of the Issuer—Capitalisation and Group Structure” and “—History” above), has full control of the legal ownership.

In addition to these subsidiaries, TenneT TSO holds the following minority interests:

- CASC-CWE: 14.3% (see also “Description of the Issuer—Business—Dutch Regulated business” above).
- Energie Data Services Nederland (ESDN) B.V.: 25%. The remaining shares are held by N.V. Nederlandse Gasunie (25%) and by regional gas and electricity grid administrators.
- Holding de Gestionnaires Reseaux de Transport SAS: 24.5%. The remaining shares are held by the Belgian TSO Elia SA/NV (24.5%) and the French TSO RTE (51%). Holding de Gestionnaires Reseaux de Transport SAS, in turn, holds a 52.25% interest in Powernext S.A., the French electricity exchange.

Subsidiary overview – unregulated activities

APX B.V.

APX Group, headed by APX B.V., is a group of international electricity and gas exchanges for short-term trading in Benelux and the UK. It is a company jointly owned by the Issuer (70.06%), N.V. Nederlandse Gasunie (26.10%) and Fluxys S.A. (3.84%). The core activity in the Netherlands concerns the spot market for electricity. The exchange clears the contracts and publishes information. It does not take on any trading or counterparty risks.

The APX Group includes the following fully owned subsidiaries:

- ENDEX European Energy Derivatives Exchange N.V.: incorporated to develop a market for bilateral long-term transactions on the electricity market and the gas market;
- APX Commodities Ltd: facilitates two thirds of all 24hr and spot trading of gas in the UK;
- APX Gas NL B.V.: in co-operation with Gas Transport Services B.V., facilitates 24hr and spot trading on the Title Transfer Facility (TTF), a virtual platform in the Netherlands;
- APX Gas Zeebrugge B.V.: provides a gas trading platform at the port of Zeebrugge. APX Gas Zeebrugge B.V. acts as a central counterparty to allow parties to trade anonymously.

In addition to these fully owned subsidiaries, APX B.V. has a 10% interest in Belpex SA. Belpex is the Belgian electricity exchange. The Issuer holds a 10% interest in Belpex SA as well.
New Values B.V.

New Values B.V. is a 50/50 joint venture of the Issuer and Rabobank Nederland. It is an electronic market that facilitates trading in CO₂ emission allowances by means of a full-trade electronic trading platform. New Values B.V. has one fully owned subsidiary, European Energy Auction B.V., which is an online auction house that facilitates the trade in long-term contracts for the business market in the Netherlands and Belgium.

NOVEC B.V.

NOVEC B.V. lets and manages antenna sites for distributing radio and TV signals via the air and for telecom purposes. NOVEC B.V. has an interest of 25% in Open Tower B.V., with Communication Infrastructure Fund participating for the remaining 75%. Open Tower B.V. has an interest of 100% in Colonne B.V., which owns a number of masts acquired in 2009. NOVEC B.V. also has one fully owned subsidiary, Nozema Agro Beheer B.V., which manages the land surrounding the antenna site in Zeewolde. Nozema Agro Beheer B.V. is in the process of being liquidated which process is expected to be finalised in the course of 2010.

NLink International B.V.

NLink International B.V. was established to develop and build international submarine cables. BritNed Development Ltd is a 50/50 joint venture of NLink International B.V. and National Grid International. BritNed Development Ltd has its registered office in London and was set up to develop, build and operate an interconnector between the Netherlands and the UK. BritNed Development Ltd is considered a non-regulated activity by the Energiekamer due to the fact that it was classified as such by its UK counterparty, Ofgem.

Relined B.V.

The Issuer participates in Relined B.V., a 50/50 joint venture with ProRail B.V. Relined B.V. operates the fibre-optic infrastructure of the high voltage grid and the railway network.

Stichting Beheer Doelgelden Landelijk Hoogspanningsnet

Stichting Beheer Doelgelden Landelijk Hoogspanningsnet (“Stichting Beheer Doelgelden”) is a foundation established for managing the “allocated funds” received from TenneT TSO in its capacity as administrator of the National HV Grid. These allocated funds comprise proceeds of imbalance settlements (see description of the “system services” of TenneT TSO in “Description of the Issuer—Business— Dutch Regulated business” above) and proceeds that TenneT TSO receives from market-based allocation of cross-border electricity transfer capacity (including proceeds from explicit or implicit auctions of interconnector capacity). TenneT TSO is not allowed to use the allocated funds for other objectives than set forth in the Regulation 1228/2003/EC and the Electricity Act, notably the financing of investments to increase or enhance cross-border electricity transfer capacity. The construction of the NorNed Cable (total of EUR 319 million) has been financed from these proceeds. TenneT TSO does not own the Stichting Beheer Doelgelden. However, the statutory board of the Stichting beheer Doelgelden consists of the same persons as the statutory board of TenneT TSO.

Regulation of revenue of the Issuer

The Issuer’s dividend income from the Dutch subsidiaries (once distributed to the Issuer) is not regulated. However, in practice the regulatory framework has a substantial effect on the dividend income of the Issuer (see description of the risk factor “Impact of Dutch regulatory framework on revenue, profits and financial position of the Issuer” above).

Legal and arbitration proceedings

The Issuer is not involved in governmental, legal or arbitration proceedings which may have, or have had in the recent past, significant effects on the Issuer and/or TenneT Group’s financial position or profitability, except with respect to an administrative appeal TenneT TSO has launched with the College van Beroep voor het bedrijfsevaarden against the 2008 tariff decision of the Energiekamer related to the recovery of certain expenses
associated with the operation of the regional HV grids (110/150kV) managed by TenneT TSO as of 1 January 2008. The Issuer estimates the value of the appeal, if successful, to be approximately € 90 million.

**Financial policy**

The Issuer balances the objectives of generating a return on invested capital at least equal to the regulated return while maintaining a financial profile consistent with an ‘A’ rating. The Issuer has a conservative financial policy aimed at mitigating financial risks.

The principal financial objectives are:

*Generate a return on invested capital at least equal to the regulated return*

In order to achieve this objective the Issuer aims to (1) create and maintain a capital structure which enables the Issuer to achieve an optimal cost of capital, and (2) provide the shareholder with a reasonable return on its investment in line with the risk profile of the Issuer.

*Protect shareholder capital and operating results against financial risk*

The Issuer's policy is to maintain sufficient liquidity to its meet short-term obligations at all times. In addition, it is the Issuer's policy to maintain solvency levels which enables it to absorb unexpected losses. This requires the availability of sufficient equity capital. In order to limit refinancing risk, the Issuer aims to diversify maturities of financing instruments. If and when appropriate, the Issuer hedges financial risks, such as interest rate risk, through appropriate hedging arrangements.

*Obtain and maintain access to financial markets at favourable conditions*

The Issuer targets a credit profile in line with an “A” category rating profile in order to secure good access to a wide range of financial markets. The Issuer aims to diversify sources of funding.

**Funding**

The Issuer expects capital expenditures of the TenneT Group with respect to fixed assets for the period 2010 to 2012 amount to at least €2.1 billion (of which at least €1.3 billion related to TenneT TSO and at least €0.8 billion related to transpower). The existing and anticipated sources of funding for these expenditures are:

(i) EUR 875 million revolving credit facility, which was put in place in May 2009 (maturing May 2012);

(ii) EUR 410 million of existing term loans, of which EUR 40 million has a maturity of approximately 4 years and the remaining EUR 370 million has a maturity of greater than 10 years;

(iii) EUR 335 million of other existing credit lines, all of which has a maturity of less than one year, and of which EUR 180 million is committed;

(iv) at least EUR 400 million of publicly or privately issued hybrid capital, expected to be issued in the first quarter of 2010;

(v) public debt issuances under the Programme, of which the first issue is expected to in the first quarter of 2010; and

(vi) private debt placements.

The Issuer has a key focus on diversifying sources of financing both with regards to duration and investors. As of 31 January 2010, the Issuer expects to have no financial covenants in any of its existing credit agreements.
PART 2: ADDITIONAL DESCRIPTION ISSUER APPLICABLE AFTER THE COMPLETION OF THE ACQUISITION OF TRANSPOWER BY THE ISSUER

As from the completion of the acquisition of transpower the following description of the Issuer applies, which is to be read in addition to and in conjunction with the business description in Part 1.

Capitalisation and Group Structure

With the completion of the acquisition of transpower, the regulated activity of operating a transmission grid in Germany will be carried out by transpower stromübertragungs GmbH and transpower offshore GmbH. The legal structure of the TenneT Group after the completion of the acquisition of transpower will include transpower stromübertragungs GmbH and transpower offshore GmbH as 100% owned subsidiaries of Transpower GmbH & Co. KG.

History and development of the Issuer

The principle that history and development of the Issuer are inextricably linked with the history and development of the Dutch electricity market, also applies to transpower in the German electricity market.

The German Electricity Market

The German electricity market is governed by numerous acts and ordinances which are subject to constant modifications and amendments. The main pieces of legislation are the Energy Industry Act (Energiewirtschaftsgesetz, “EnWG”), which entered into force on 13 July 2005, and several ordinances, notably the Ordinance on Access to the Electricity Supply Grid (Stromnetzzugangsverordnung, “StromNZV”) and – as of 1 January 2009 – the Ordinance on Incentive Regulation (Anreizregulierungsverordnung, “ARegV”).

The EnWG introduced the BNetzA as market regulator which is exclusively competent vis-à-vis transpower and the other three German electricity transmission system operators. The BNetzA’s regulatory task covers ensuring non-discriminatory grid access, control of the grid access tariffs, safeguarding against anti-competitive practices by grid operators and monitoring of the implementation of the regulatory regime.

Similar to the Dutch system, German electricity grid operators have to be unbundled from other business operations of a vertically integrated energy utility. In order to guarantee a transparent, non-discriminatory operation of the electricity grid, the EnWG not only provides for separate accounting but also for a legal, operational and informational unbundling. As of the closing of the acquisition of transpower by the Issuer, transpower will be fully unbundled from the vertically integrated energy utility E.ON AG.

Similar to TenneT TSO, transpower is under a general obligation to operate a safe, reliable and efficient transmission grid on a non-discriminatory basis. Furthermore, transpower has to maintain and develop its grid meeting the demands (bedarfsgerechter Ausbau) to the extent this is economically reasonable and to provide, inter alia, for connections of new power plants and generation facilities relying on renewable energies or cogeneration to its grid.

The extra high-voltage grid in Germany is operated by four independent transmission system operators which have interconnected their 380 kV and 220 kV transmission systems through national interconnected lines to form the German interconnected system (Verbundnetz). The four German transmission systems are operated by transpower (formerly: E.ON Netz GmbH), Amprion (formerly: RWE Transportnetz Strom GmbH), Vattenfall Europe Transmission GmbH, and EnBW Transportnetze AG. The systems of the four German interconnected transmission system operators together with parts of Denmark, Luxembourg and Austria form the “German control block”. Transpower is not active in any downstream (distribution) grid operation.
Similar to TenneT TSO’s tasks, transpower also has to maintain the balance of its part of the German transmission system and thereby contribute to the balancing of the interconnected systems in Europe. In addition, transpower has to grant third party access to its transmission grid on an economically reasonable, non-discriminatory and transparent basis. The respective tariffs for such access are subject to the ex ante regulation under the incentive regulation scheme providing for a yearly revenue cap (similar to the statutory obligation of TenneT TSO, see “Dutch Impact of Regulatory Framework on revenue of the Issuer” above).

Continuous investments in the (expansion of the) grid infrastructure as well as network-related or market-related measures are employed to avoid potential or to counter existing congestions in the transmission grid. In view of an expected rise in feed-ins from renewable energy sources (in particular: wind energy), large scale investments will likely be required to meet the new demand. For such investments, the transmission system operator can apply for so-called “investment budgets” which allow, upon approval by the BNetzA, that the capital costs related with the investment are fully reflected in the revenue cap for a specified period of time.

Business

**German Regulated business**

With respect to the regulated business activities of transpower in Germany, its principal activities are:

(i) to operate & maintain the transmission system;

(ii) to provide grid connection to and transmission of electricity through its highest-voltage grid;

(iii) to provide preferential grid connection to and take off electricity produced from renewable energy sources or cogeneration plants;

(iv) to provide system services (balancing/control power, redispatch, energy for grid losses);

(v) to manage cross-border interconnections (in particular in case of congestions);

(vi) to provide connection to and take off energy produced by offshore wind parks (TPO).

A map of the 220/380 kV grid operated by transpower is reproduced in the figure below.
Operation & maintenance of the transmission system

Under the German regulatory framework, transpower is obligated to operate a safe, reliable and efficient transmission grid on a non-discriminatory basis. Transpower has to maintain and develop its grid meeting the demands (bedarfsgerechter Ausbau) to the extent this is economically reasonable. In particular, the transmission system operators have to contribute to supply security by appropriate transmission capacity and reliability of the system.

Grid connection to and transmission of electricity

Operators of energy supply grids in Germany are obligated to provide physical connection to their grid to final customers, level or downstream electricity supply grids and lines as well as generation facilities (which may have to be given priority in the event of congestion) at technical and economic conditions that are reasonable, non-discriminatory, and transparent. In addition and in accordance with regulated third party access (“TPA”), grid operators must also grant TPA to their grid on an economically reasonable, non-discriminatory and transparent basis.
Preferential grid connection to and take-off of electricity produced from renewable energy sources or cogeneration plants

With regard to electricity generated from renewable energy sources, grid operators are under the obligation to immediately optimize, amplify and expand their grid upon request and as far as economically reasonable to ensure the purchase, transmission and distribution of such electricity. In addition, the grid operators are obligated to afford preferential treatment when taking-off electricity produced from renewable energy sources or cogeneration plants over conventional electricity generation.

System services

In order to continuously balance demand and supply of electricity, transpower primarily relies on the use of different types of control energy (primary, secondary and tertiary control energy) and redispatch measures. While the procurement of control energy by way of tenders is regulated by the BNetzA, the costs associated with either balancing mechanism are subject of on-going negotiations with the regulator. Such negotiations aim at a voluntary commitment to be entered into by the four transmission system operators. In addition, transpower procures energy for grid losses to allow transmission of electricity through its transmission system over long distances.

Management of cross-border interconnections

Transpower operates a number of cross-border interconnections to the Netherlands as well as Denmark, Sweden, Austria and the Czech Republic. Their management involves non-discriminatory and transparent transfer capacity allocation mechanisms under the EnWG and pertinent European legislation. To this end and similar to TenneT TSO, transpower holds a (minority) participation in CASC-CWE for the area of Central West Europe (providing for auctions on a monthly and yearly basis) and also holds a (minority) participation in the “European Market Coupling Company” for the area of Northern Europe (providing for market coupling).

Connection to and take-off of energy produced by offshore wind parks

In addition, transpower is obligated to connect offshore wind parks (“OWPs”) to its transmission grid. To this end, it founded its wholly-owned subsidiary transpower offshore GmbH. The grid connection must be realized by the time the OWP is technically ready to start its operation. The obligation only applies if the construction of the OWP has started before 31 December 2015. A failure to comply with this obligation might result in claims for damages by the respective OWP operator. Transpower has to bear all costs relating to the construction of the grid connection. However, transpower is generally entitled to pass-on parts of these costs to the other transmission system operators. The remainder of these costs will be reflected in the revenue cap to the extent these costs are approved within an investment budget by the BNetzA.

Subsidiary Overview – regulated activities

TenneT TSO Duitsland B.V., TenneT Orange B.V., TenneT Blue B.V., TenneT Duitsland Coöperatief U.A., TransTenneT B.V., transpower verwaltungs GmbH and transpower GmbH & Co. KG

TenneT TSO Duitsland B.V., TenneT Orange B.V., TenneT Blue B.V., TenneT Duitsland Coöperatief U.A., TransTenneT B.V., transpower verwaltungs GmbH and transpower GmbH & Co. KG are holding companies, which do not employ any operating activities themselves.

The following (indirect) subsidiaries of TenneT TSO Duitsland B.V. perform regulated activities in Germany:

transpower stromübertragungs GmbH

On 18 November 2009, theIssuer and E.ON AG agreed on the purchase by the Issuer from E.ON AG the German high voltage grid operator transpower stromübertragungs GmbH ("transpower"). The acquisition will
become economically effective on 1 January 2010. Based on available (unaudited) financial information obtained during due diligence performed as part of the acquisition process of transpower, the Issuer believes:

(i) the consolidated earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation of transpower for the period from 1 January 2009 through 30 September 2009 to be approximately €324 million (including an extra-ordinary gain of €85 million (pre-tax));

(ii) the consolidated earnings before interest and taxes of transpower for the period from 1 January 2009 through 30 September 2009 to be approximately €298 million (including an extra-ordinary gain of €85 million (pre-tax));

(iii) the consolidated total assets of transpower on 30 September 2009 to be approximately €2,359 million; and

(iv) the consolidated aggregate interest-bearing debt of transpower on 30 September 2009 to be €0 million.

The acquisition of transpower enables the Issuer to integrate the Dutch and German transmission grids, in the opinion of the Issuer allowing it to take a leading role in Europe, and continue developing an effectively functioning electricity market. In addition, transpower lines are part of the European connectivity grid. Transpower has a legal monopoly within this region with respect to the management of the aforementioned grids on the basis of the Energy Industry Act.

The takeover of transpower has been approved by the State. The benefits of the takeover for the Issuer include price equalization, improved grid balancing, greater insight into grid situations, and better possibilities for sustainable development in both countries.

As one of the four transmission system operators in Germany, transpower is responsible for the operation, maintenance and further development of the electricity transmission grid with voltage levels of 220 kV and 380 kV (extra-high-voltage) in large sections of Germany and thus for the efficient electricity transport over large distances in that area. The grid consists of 10,700 kilometres of extra-high voltage lines, comprising an area of around 140,000 square kilometres (around 40% of the surface area of Germany), and transformer stations. In addition, transpower lines are part of the European connectivity grid.

transpower offshore GmbH (“TPO”)

Transpower has a fully owned subsidiary, transpower offshore GmbH (Germany), which operates and manages (including the planning and construction of) interconnections between offshore wind parks and the electricity transmission network in mainland Germany. After closing of the (indirect) acquisition of transpower by the Issuer, TPO might be transferred by way of a purchase and assignment contract from transpower to transpower GmbH & Co. KG which will then hold 100% of the shares in transpower.

In addition to these subsidiaries, transpower holds the following minority interests:

- CASC-CWE: 14.3% (see also “Description of the Issuer—Business—Dutch Regulated business” above).
- European Market Coupling Company GmbH (“EMCC”): 20% The remaining shares are held by Nord Pool Spot, European Energy Exchange (EEX), Vattenfall Europe Transmission, and Energinet.dk
- Central Allocation Office GmbH (“CAO”): 12.5% The remaining shares are held by ČEPS a.s., ELES Electro-Slovenija d.o.o., MAVIR Hungarian TSO Company Ltd., PSE-Operator S.A., SEPS a.s., Vattenfall Europe Transmission GmbH, Verbund - Austrian Power Grid AG
This entire chapter entitled Financial Information has been included in the prospectus on a voluntary basis and should not be read as Selected Financial Information required under the Prospectus Regulation.

The tables below show the Issuer’s 30 September 2009 year-to-date financial figures and figures from the Issuer’s audited consolidated financial statements as set out in its annual report for the financial year 2008.

The unaudited consolidated income statement, balance sheet and cash flow statement for 30 September 2009 are derived from the Issuer’s management accounts dated 24 November 2009.

The consolidated financial statements of the Issuer have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), as published by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and endorsed by the European Commission. Under European law, compliance with these standards became compulsory for all listed companies in 2005.

TenneT TSO is not a listed company, but has nevertheless chosen to adopt IFRS with a view to ensuring (international) comparability.

**Issuer: Unaudited Consolidated Income Statement for the period from and including 1 January 2009 to and including 30 September 2009 and Audited Income Statement 2008**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>1 January to 30 September 2009 (in EUR mln)</th>
<th>1 January to 31 December 2008</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Revenue</strong></td>
<td>401.1</td>
<td>469.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Energy and capacity expenses</strong></td>
<td>138.9</td>
<td>175.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Transmission grid and system expenses</strong></td>
<td>30.5</td>
<td>38.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Personnel expenses</strong></td>
<td>54.0</td>
<td>47.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Depreciation and amortisation</strong></td>
<td>72.1</td>
<td>71.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Other operating expenses</strong></td>
<td>34.1</td>
<td>56.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>329.6</strong></td>
<td><strong>388.4</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Operating Profit</strong></td>
<td><strong>71.5</strong></td>
<td><strong>80.9</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Finance income and costs</strong></td>
<td>(22.0)</td>
<td>(11.9)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Profit from participating interests</strong></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Profit Before Corporation Tax</strong></td>
<td><strong>49.6</strong></td>
<td><strong>69.9</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Corporation tax expense</strong></td>
<td>12.6</td>
<td>17.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net Income</strong></td>
<td><strong>37.0</strong></td>
<td><strong>52.2</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Allocated to:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minority interest</td>
<td>0.3</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shareholder</td>
<td><strong>36.7</strong></td>
<td><strong>50.7</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Issuer: Unaudited Consolidated Balance Sheet at 30 September 2009 and Audited Balance Sheet at 31 December 2008

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>30 September 2009</th>
<th>31 December 2008</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Non-Current Assets</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tangible fixed assets</td>
<td>2,354.2</td>
<td>1,470.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intangible assets</td>
<td>112.1</td>
<td>46.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Participating interests</td>
<td>13.2</td>
<td>11.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financial assets</td>
<td>29.5</td>
<td>31.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deferred tax assets</td>
<td>51.6</td>
<td>55.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other receivables</td>
<td>15.3</td>
<td>12.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>2,576.0</td>
<td>1,627.7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| **Current Assets**             |                   |                  |
| Inventory                     |                   |                  |
| Receivables                   |                   |                  |
| Accounts receivable and other receivables | 140.7 | 193.8 |
| Accounts receivable in connection with energy exchange transactions | 63.4 | 223.3 |
| Corporation tax               | -                 | 2.7              |
| Derivative financial instruments | -       | 1.1              |
| **Financial assets**           | 290.0             | 81.0             |

| **Cash and cash equivalents (1)** |                   |                  |
| Collateral securities           | 487.9             | 532.7            |
| Deposits                        | 127.0             | 99.9             |
| Cash at banks                   | 62.1              | 117.7            |
| **Non-current assets available for sale** | 5.3 | 5.3 |

| **Total**                       | 3,755.7           | 2,886.5          |

---

**Note:**

- **(1)** of which restricted cash and cash equivalent
- 30 September 2009: 632.7
- 31 December 2008: 665.2
### Equity and Liabilities

#### Equity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>30 September 2009</th>
<th>31 December 2008</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Share capital</td>
<td>100.0</td>
<td>100.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hedging reserve</td>
<td>(1.5)</td>
<td>(1.5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reserve for exchange rate differences</td>
<td>(3.4)</td>
<td>(3.4)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retained earnings</td>
<td>586.7</td>
<td>561.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equity attributable to shareholder</td>
<td><strong>681.8</strong></td>
<td><strong>656.5</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minority interest</td>
<td>8.0</td>
<td>8.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>689.8</strong></td>
<td><strong>665.4</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Non-Current Liabilities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>30 September 2009</th>
<th>31 December 2008</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Loans</td>
<td>857.3</td>
<td>220.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investment contributions</td>
<td>365.2</td>
<td>356.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auction receipts</td>
<td>269.8</td>
<td>234.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provisions</td>
<td>108.9</td>
<td>105.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deferred tax liabilities</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>4.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>1,601.2</strong></td>
<td><strong>920.5</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Current Liabilities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>30 September 2009</th>
<th>31 December 2008</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Investment contributions</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>10.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amounts received in advance</td>
<td>48.9</td>
<td>31.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provisions</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>21.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loans</td>
<td>502.5</td>
<td>210.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bank overdrafts</td>
<td>129.3</td>
<td>100.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accounts payable in connection with energy exchange transactions</td>
<td>62.5</td>
<td>223.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liabilities relating to collateral securities</td>
<td>487.9</td>
<td>532.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accounts payable and other liabilities</td>
<td>223.5</td>
<td>159.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corporation tax</td>
<td>6.6</td>
<td>2.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Derivative financial instruments</td>
<td>3.5</td>
<td>8.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>1,464.7</strong></td>
<td><strong>1,300.6</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| **Total**                                                    | **3,755.7**       | **2,886.5**      |
## Issuer: Unaudited Consolidated Cash Flow Statement at 30 September 2009

### 1 January to 30 September 2009

**(in EUR mln)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cash flows from operating activities</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Profit after tax</td>
<td>37.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Depreciation and amortisation</td>
<td>72.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provisions</td>
<td>(17.9)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>91.2</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Changes in working capital**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Inventory</td>
<td>(2.1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receivables</td>
<td>8.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payables</td>
<td>(89.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>(82.3)</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Cash flow from clearing activities**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Collateral securities</td>
<td>(44.8)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auction receipts</td>
<td>35.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>(9.3)</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Cash flows from investing activities**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acquisitions of intangible assets</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acquisitions of tangible fixed assets</td>
<td>(258.2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acquisition of RNB</td>
<td>(763.7)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financial fixed assets</td>
<td>0.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>(1,021.4)</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Cash flows from financing activities**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>New long-term loans</td>
<td>637.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Redemption of long-term loans</td>
<td>(200.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New short-term loans</td>
<td>1,292.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Redemption of short-term loans</td>
<td>(799.5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dividend</td>
<td>(10.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change in Bank Overdraft</td>
<td>28.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>948.6</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Change to Cash and Cash Equivalents**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December 2008</td>
<td>750.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash and cash equivalents at 30 September 2009</td>
<td>677.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>(73.3)</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
TAXATION

Taxation in the Netherlands

The following is intended as general information only and it does not purport to present any comprehensive or complete description of all aspects of Dutch tax law which could be of relevance to a holder of Notes (a "Noteholder"). Prospective Noteholders should therefore consult their tax adviser regarding the tax consequences of any purchase, ownership or disposal of Notes. It does not address Dutch gift taxes or inheritance taxes in respect of any gift of Notes by, or inheritance of Notes on the death of, a Noteholder.

The following summary is based on the Dutch tax law as applied and interpreted by Dutch tax courts and as published and in effect on the date hereof, without prejudice to any amendments introduced at a later date and implemented with or without retroactive effect.

For the purpose of this paragraph, “Dutch Taxes” shall mean taxes of whatever nature levied by or on behalf of the Netherlands or any of its subdivisions or taxing authorities.

Any reference hereafter made to a treaty for the avoidance of double taxation concluded by the Netherlands, includes the Tax Regulation for the Kingdom of the Netherlands (Belastingregeling voor het Koninkrijk).

Withholding Tax

Any payments made under the Notes will not be subject to withholding or deduction for, or on account of, any Dutch Taxes.

Taxes on income and capital gains

A Noteholder will not be subject to any Dutch Taxes on any payment made to the Noteholder under the Notes or on any capital gain made by the Noteholder from the disposal, or deemed disposal, or redemption of, the Notes, except if:

- the Noteholder is an individual and receives or has received any benefits from the Notes as employment income, deemed employment income or otherwise as compensation; or
- the Noteholder is, or is deemed to be, resident in the Netherlands for Dutch (corporate) income tax purposes; or
- the Noteholder is an individual and has opted to be taxed as if resident in the Netherlands for Dutch income tax purposes; or
- the Noteholder derives profits from an enterprise, whether as entrepreneur (ondernemer) or pursuant to a co-entitlement to the net worth of the enterprise other than as an entrepreneur or a shareholder, which enterprise is, in whole or in part, carried on through a permanent establishment (vaste inrichting) or a permanent representative (vaste vertegenwoordiger) in the Netherlands to which the Notes are attributable; or
- the Noteholder is an individual and derives benefits from miscellaneous activities (overige werkzaamheden) carried out in the Netherlands in respect of the Notes, including (without limitation) activities which are beyond the scope of active portfolio investment activities; or
- the Noteholder is entitled other than by way of the holding of securities to a share in the profits of an enterprise effectively managed in the Netherlands to which the Notes are attributable.
**Other taxes**
No other Dutch Taxes, including turnover tax and taxes of a documentary nature, such as capital tax, stamp or registration tax or duty, are payable by or on behalf of a Noteholder by reason only of the issue, acquisition or of the Notes.

**Residency**
A Noteholder will not become resident, or deemed resident, in the Netherlands for tax purposes, or become subject to Dutch Taxes, by reason only of the Issuer’s performance, or the Noteholder’s acquisition (by way of issue or transfer to it), holding and/or disposal of the Notes.

**EU Savings Directive**
Under the EU Directive 2003/48/EC, the Netherlands is required to provide to other EU Member States details of payments of interest and similar income paid from the Netherlands to individuals who are resident in other EU Member States.
SUBSCRIPTION AND SALE

Summary of Dealer Agreement

Subject to the terms and on the conditions contained in a dealer agreement dated 22 January 2010 (the “Dealer Agreement”) between the Issuer, the Permanent Dealers and the Arrangers, the Notes will be offered on a continuous basis by the Issuer to the Permanent Dealers. However, the Issuer has reserved the right to sell Notes directly on its own behalf to Dealers that are not Permanent Dealers. The Notes may be resold at prevailing market prices, or at prices related thereto, at the time of such resale, as determined by the relevant Dealer(s). The Notes may also be sold by the Issuer through the Dealers, acting as agents of the Issuer. The Dealer Agreement also provides for Notes to be issued in syndicated Tranches that are jointly and severally underwritten by two or more Dealers.

The Issuer will pay each relevant Dealer a commission as agreed between them in respect of Notes subscribed by it. The Issuer has agreed to reimburse each of the Arrangers for certain of its expenses incurred in connection with the establishment of the Programme and the Dealers for certain of their activities in connection with the Programme. The commissions in respect of an issue of Notes on a syndicated basis will be stated in the relevant Final Terms.

The Issuer has agreed to indemnify the Dealers against certain liabilities in connection with the offer and sale of the Notes. The Dealer Agreement entitles the Dealers to terminate any agreement that they make to subscribe Notes in certain circumstances prior to payment for such Notes being made to the Issuer.

Selling Restrictions

United States

The Notes have not been and will not be registered under the Securities Act. Notes in bearer form having a maturity of more than one year are subject to U.S. tax law requirements. Subject to certain exceptions, Notes may not be offered, sold or delivered within the United States or to U.S. persons. Each Dealer has agreed that it will not offer, sell or deliver any Notes within the United States, except as permitted by the Dealer Agreement.

The Notes are being offered and sold outside the United States in reliance on Regulations S under the Securities Act, as amended.

In addition, until 40 days after the commencement of the offering of any identifiable Tranche of such Notes, an offer or sale of Notes within the United States by any dealer (whether or not participating in the offering of such Tranche of Notes) may violate the registration requirements of the Securities Act.

This Prospectus has been prepared by the Issuer for use in connection with the offer and sale of the Notes outside the United States. The Issuer and the Dealers reserve the right to reject any offer to purchase the Notes, in whole or in part, for any reason. This Prospectus does not constitute an offer to any person in the United States. Distribution of this Prospectus by any non-U.S. person outside the United States to any U.S. person or to any other person within the United States, is unauthorised and any disclosure without the prior written consent of the Issuer of any of its contents to any such U.S. person or other person within the United States, is prohibited.

Public Offer Selling Restriction Under the Prospectus Directive

In relation to each Member State of the European Economic Area which has implemented the Prospectus Directive (each, a “Relevant Member State”), each Dealer has represented and agreed that with effect from and including the date on which the Prospectus Directive is implemented in that Relevant Member State (the “Relevant Implementation Date”) it has not made and will not make an offer of Notes which are the subject of the offering contemplated by this Prospectus as completed by the final terms in relation thereto to the public in that Relevant
Member State except that it may, with effect from and including the Relevant Implementation Date, make an offer of such Notes to the public in that Relevant Member State:

(i) at any time to legal entities which are authorised or regulated to operate in the financial markets or, if not so authorised or regulated, whose corporate purpose is solely to invest in securities;

(ii) at any time to any legal entity which has two or more of (a) an average of at least 250 employees during the last financial year; (b) a total balance sheet of more than €43,000,000 and (c) an annual net turnover of more than €50,000,000, as shown in its last annual or consolidated accounts;

(iii) at any time to fewer than 100 natural or legal persons (other than qualified investors as defined in the Prospectus Directive) subject to obtaining the prior consent of the relevant Dealer or Dealers nominated by the Issuer for any such offer;

(iv) at any time if the denomination per Note being offered amounts to at least €50,000; or

(v) at any time in any other circumstances falling within Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Directive, provided that no such offer of Notes referred to in (i) to (v) above shall require the Issuer or any Dealer to publish a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive.

For the purposes of this provision, the expression an “offer of Notes to the public” in relation to any Notes in any Relevant Member State means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Notes to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe the Notes, as the same may be varied in that Member State by any measure implementing the Prospectus Directive in that Member State and the expression “Prospectus Directive” means Directive 2003/71/EC and includes any relevant implementing measure in each Relevant Member State.

United Kingdom
Each Dealer has represented and agreed that:

(i) in relation to any Notes which have a maturity of less than one year, (a) it is a person whose ordinary activities involve it in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of its business and (b) it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell any Notes other than to persons whose ordinary activities involve them in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of their businesses or who it is reasonable to expect will acquire, hold, manage or dispose of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of their businesses where the issue of the Notes would otherwise constitute a contravention of section 19 of the FSMA by the Issuer;

(ii) it has only communicated or caused to be communicated and will only communicate or cause to be communicated any invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of section 21 of the FSMA) received by it in connection with the issue or sale of any Notes in circumstances in which section 21(1) of the FSMA does not apply to the Issuer; and

(iii) it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions of the FSMA with respect to anything done by it in relation to any Notes in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom.

The Netherlands
Each Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree that bearer zero coupon Notes in definitive form on which interest does not become due and payable during their term but only at maturity (savings certificates or spaarbewijzen as defined in the Dutch Savings Certificates Act or Wet inzake spaarbewijzen) (the “SCA”) may only be transferred and accepted, directly or indirectly, within, from or into The
Netherlands through the intermediary of either the Issuer or a member of Euronext with due observance of the provisions of the SCA and its implementing regulations (which include registration requirements). However, no such intermediary services are required in respect of (i) the initial issue of such Notes to the first holders thereof, (ii) the transfer and acceptance by individuals who do not act in the conduct of a profession or business, and (iii) the issue and trading of such Notes if they are physically issued outside The Netherlands and are not distributed in The Netherlands in the course of primary trading or immediately thereafter.

Japan
The Notes have not been and will not be registered under the Securities and Exchange Law of Japan (the “Securities and Exchange Law”). Accordingly, each of the Dealers has represented and agreed that it has not, directly or indirectly, offered or sold and will not, directly or indirectly, offer or sell any Notes in Japan or to, or for the benefit of, a resident of Japan (which term as used herein means any person resident in Japan, including any corporation or other entity organised under the laws of Japan) or to others for re-offering or re-sale, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to, or for the benefit of, any resident in Japan except pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of, and otherwise in compliance with, the Securities and Exchange Law and other relevant laws and regulations of Japan.

Switzerland
The Notes being offered pursuant to this Prospectus do not represent units in collective investment schemes within the meaning of the CISA. Accordingly, they have not been registered with the FINMA as foreign collective investment schemes, and are not subject to the supervision of the FINMA. Investors cannot invoke the protection conferred under the CISA.

This Prospectus does not constitute an “offering prospectus” under article 1156 of the Swiss Code of Obligations. Accordingly the Notes may not be offered to the public in or from Switzerland. This Prospectus and any other marketing material may not be made available to the public in or from Switzerland.

Neither the Issuer nor any Dealer has applied for a listing of the Notes being offered pursuant to this Prospectus on the SIX Swiss Exchange. Consequently, the information presented in this Prospectus does not comply with the information standards set out in the Listing Rules of the SIX Swiss Exchange.

General
These selling restrictions may be modified by the agreement of the Issuer and the Dealers following a change in a relevant law, regulation or directive. Any such modification will be set out in the Final Terms issued in respect of the issue of Notes to which it relates or in a supplement to this Prospectus.

No representation is made that any action has been taken in any jurisdiction that would permit a public offering of any of the Notes, or possession or distribution of the Prospectus or any other offering material or any Final Terms, in any country or jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required.

Each Dealer has agreed that it shall, to the best of its knowledge, comply with all relevant laws, regulations and directives in each jurisdiction in which it purchases, offers, sells or delivers Notes or has in its possession or distributes the Prospectus, any other offering material or any Final Terms in all cases at its own expense.
FORM OF FINAL TERMS

The form of Final Terms that will be issued in respect of each Tranche, subject only to the deletion of non-applicable provisions, is set out below:

Final Terms dated [DATE]

TenneT Holding B.V.

Issue of [Aggregate Nominal Amount of Tranche] [Title of Notes]
under the €5,000,000,000 Euro Medium Term Note Programme

PART A – CONTRACTUAL TERMS

Terms used herein shall be deemed to be defined as such for the purposes of the Terms and Conditions of the Notes (the “Conditions”) set forth in the Base Prospectus dated [●] 2010 [and the supplemental Base Prospectus dated [date]] which [together] constitute[s] a base prospectus for the purposes of the Prospectus Directive (Directive 2003/71/EC) (the “Prospectus Directive”). This document constitutes the Final Terms of the Notes described herein for the purposes of Article 5.4 of the Prospectus Directive and must be read in conjunction with such Base Prospectus [as so supplemented]. Full information on the Issuer and the offer of the Notes is only available on the basis of the combination of these Final Terms and the Base Prospectus [as so supplemented]. The Base Prospectus [and the supplemental Base Prospectus] [is] [are] available for viewing at [www.tennet.org] and during normal business hours at TenneT Holding B.V., Utrechtseweg 310, 6812 AR Arnhem, The Netherlands and copies may be obtained from such address.

The following alternative language applies if the first tranche of an issue which is being increased was issued under a Base Prospectus with an earlier date.

Terms used herein shall be deemed to be defined as such for the purposes of the Terms and Conditions of the Notes (the “Conditions”) set forth in the Base Prospectus dated [●] 2010 [and the supplemental Base Prospectus dated [date]] [and included by reference in the Base Prospectus dated [current date]]. This document constitutes the Final Terms of the Notes described herein for the purposes of Article 5.4 of the Prospectus Directive (Directive 2003/71/EC) (the “Prospectus Directive”) and must be read in conjunction with the Base Prospectus dated [current date] [and the supplemental Base Prospectus dated [date]], which [together] constitute[s] a base prospectus for the purposes of the Prospectus Directive, save in respect of the Conditions which are extracted from the Base Prospectus dated [original date] [and the supplemental Base Prospectus dated [date]] [and included by reference in the Base Prospectus dated [current date]] and are attached hereto. Full information on the Issuer and the offer of the Notes is only available on the basis of the combination of these Final Terms and the Base Prospectuses dated [original date] and [current date] [and the supplemental Base Prospectuses dated [date] and [date]]. The Base Prospectuses [and the supplemental Base Prospectuses] are available for viewing at [www.tennet.org] and during normal business hours at TenneT Holding B.V., Utrechtseweg 310, 6812 AR Arnhem, The Netherlands and copies may be obtained from such address.

[Include whichever of the following apply or specify as “Not Applicable” (N/A). Note that the numbering should remain as set out below, even if “Not Applicable” is indicated for individual paragraphs or sub-paragraphs. Italics denote guidance for completing the Final Terms.]

[When completing any final terms, or adding any other final terms or information, consideration should be given as to whether such terms or information constitute “significant new factors” and consequently trigger the need for a supplement to the Base Prospectus under Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive.]
1 **Issuer:** TenneT Holding B.V.

2 (i) **Series Number:** [    ]
   (ii) **Tranche Number:** [    ]
   (If fungible with an existing Series, details of that Series, including the date on which the Notes become fungible).

3 **Specified Currency or Currencies:** [    ]

4 **Aggregate Nominal Amount:** [    ]
   (i) **Series:** [    ]
   (ii) **Tranche:** [    ]

5 **Issue Price:** [    ]
   (i) **Series:** [    ]
   (ii) **Tranche:** [    ]
   ([    ] per cent of the Aggregate Nominal Amount [plus accrued interest from [insert date] (if applicable)])

6 (i) **Specified Denominations:** [    ]
   (Where multiple denominations above €50,000 (or equivalent) are being used the following sample wording should be followed: [€50,000] and integral multiples of [€1,000] in excess thereof [up to and including [€99,000]. No Notes in definitive form will be issued with a denomination above [€99,000]]*]
   *
   *[Delete if Notes being issued in registered form.]
   Notes (including Notes denominated in Sterling) in respect of which the issue proceeds are to be accepted by the issuer in the United Kingdom or whose issue otherwise constitutes a contravention of S 19 FSMA and which have a maturity of less than one year must have a minimum redemption value of £100,000 (or its equivalent in other currencies).

   (ii) **Calculation Amount:** [    ]

7 (i) **Issue Date:** [    ]
   (ii) **Interest Commencement Date:** [Specify/Issue Date/Not Applicable]

8 **Maturity Date:** [Specify date or (for Floating Rate Notes) Interest Payment Date falling in or nearest to [specify relevant month and year]]

9 **Interest Basis:**
   ([    ] per cent. Fixed Rate]
   
   ([specify reference rate] +/- [    ] per cent. Floating Rate]
   [Zero Coupon]
   [Index Linked Interest]
   [Other (specify)]
   (further particulars specified below)

10 **Redemption/Payment Basis:**
   [Redemption at par]
   [Index Linked Redemption]
   [Dual Currency]
   [Partly Paid]
   [Instalment]
   [Other (specify)]
(N.B. If the Final Redemption Amount is less than 100% of the nominal value, the Notes will constitute derivative securities for the purposes of the Prospectus Directive and the requirements of Annex XII to the Prospectus Directive Regulation No.809/2004 will apply and the Issuer will prepare and publish a supplement to the Base Prospectus).

11 Change of Interest or Redemption/Payment Basis: [Specify details of any provision for convertibility of Notes into another interest or redemption/payment basis]

12 Put/Call Options: [Investor Put] [Issuer Call] ((further particulars specified below))

13 (i) Status of the Notes: [Senior/Subordinated]

(ii) [Date [Board] approval for issuance of Notes obtained: [ ] and [ ], respectively]

(N.B. Only relevant where Board (or similar) authorisation is required for the particular tranche of Notes)

14 Method of distribution: [Syndicated/Non-syndicated]

PROVISIONS RELATING TO INTEREST (IF ANY) PAYABLE

15 Fixed Rate Note Provisions [Applicable/Not Applicable]

(If not applicable, delete the remaining sub-paragraphs of this paragraph)

(i) Rate(s) of Interest: [ ] per cent. per annum [payable annually/semi-annually/quarterly/monthly/other (specify)] in arrear

(ii) Interest Payment Date(s): [ ] in each year [adjusted in accordance with [specify Business Day Convention and any applicable Business Centre(s) for the definition of “Business Day”]/not adjusted]

(iii) Fixed Coupon Amount(s): [ ] per Calculation Amount

(iv) Broken Amount(s): [ ] per Calculation Amount, payable on the Interest Payment Date falling [in/on] [ ]

(v) Day Count Fraction: [30/360 / Actual/Actual (ICMA/ISDA) / other]

(vi) Determination Dates: [ ] in each year (insert regular interest payment dates, ignoring issue date or maturity date in the case of a long or short first or last coupon. N.B. only relevant where Day Count Fraction is Actual/Actual (ICMA)) [Not Applicable]

(vii) Other terms relating to the method of calculating interest for Fixed Rate Notes: [Not Applicable/give details]

16 Floating Rate Note Provisions [Applicable/Not Applicable]

(If not applicable, delete the remaining sub-paragraphs of this paragraph)

(i) Interest Period(s): [ ]

(ii) Specified Interest Payment Dates: [ ]
(iii) First Interest Payment Date: [ ]
(iv) Interest Period Date: [ ]
   (Not applicable unless different from Interest Payment Date)
(v) Business Day Convention: [Floating Rate Convention/ Following Business Day
   Convention/ Modified Following Business Day Convention/ Preceding Business Day
   Convention/ other (give details)]
(vi) Business Centre(s): [ ]
(vii) Manner in which the Rate(s) of Interest is/are to be determined:
      [Screen Rate Determination/ISDA Determination/other (give details)]
(viii) Party responsible for calculating the Rate(s) of Interest and/or Interest Amount(s) (if not the Fiscal Agent):
      [ ]
(ix) Screen Rate Determination:
      – Reference Rate: [ ]
      – Interest Determination Date(s): [ ]
      – Relevant Screen Page: [ ]
(x) ISDA Determination:
      – Floating Rate Option: [ ]
      – Designated Maturity: [ ]
      – Reset Date: [ ]
      – ISDA Definitions: [2006/other (give details)]
(xi) Margin(s): [+/-][ ] per cent. per annum
(xii) Minimum Rate of Interest: [ ] per cent. per annum
(xiii) Maximum Rate of Interest: [ ] per cent. per annum
(xiv) Day Count Fraction: [ ]
(xv) Fall back provisions, rounding provisions, denominator and any other terms relating to the method of calculating interest on Floating Rate Notes, if different from those set out in the Conditions:

17 Zero Coupon Note Provisions [Applicable/Not Applicable]
   (If not applicable, delete the remaining sub-paragraphs of this paragraph)
(i) Amortisation Yield: [ ] per cent. per annum
(ii) Any other formula/basis of determining amount payable: [ ]

18 Index Linked Interest Note/other variable-linked interest Note Provisions

(i) Index/Formula/other variable: [Applicable/Not Applicable]
(If not applicable, delete the remaining sub-paragraphs of this paragraph)

(give or annex details)

(ii) Party responsible for calculating the Rate(s) of Interest and/or Interest Amount(s) (if not the Fiscal Agent):

(iii) Provisions for determining Coupon where calculated by reference to Index and/or Formula and/or other variable: [ ]

(iv) Interest Determination Date(s): [ ]

(v) Provisions for determining Coupon where calculation by reference to Index and/or Formula and/or other variable is impossible or impracticable or otherwise disrupted:

(vi) Interest Period(s): [ ]

(vii) Specified Interest Payment Dates:

(viii) Business Day Convention: [Floating Rate Convention/Following Business Day Convention/Modified Following Business Day Convention/Preceding Business Day Convention/other (give details)]

(ix) Business Centre(s): [ ]

(x) Minimum Rate of Interest: [ ] per cent per annum

(xi) Maximum Rate of Interest: [ ] per cent per annum

(xii) Day Count Fraction: [ ]

19 Dual Currency Note Provisions

(i) Rate of Exchange/method of calculating Rate of Exchange: [Applicable/Not Applicable]
(If not applicable, delete the remaining sub-paragraphs of this paragraph)

(give details)

(ii) Party, if any, responsible for calculating the principal and/or interest due (if not the Fiscal Agent): [ ]
(iii) Provisions applicable where calculation by reference to Rate of Exchange impossible or impracticable:

(iv) Person at whose option Specified Currency(ies) is/are payable:

PROVISIONS RELATING TO REDEMPTION

20 Issuer Call Option

| (i) Optional Redemption Date(s): | [ ] |
| (ii) Optional Redemption Amount(s) of each Note and method, if any, of calculation of such amount(s): | [ ] per Calculation Amount |
| (iii) If redeemable in part: | [ ] per Calculation Amount |
| (a) Minimum Redemption Amount: | [ ] per Calculation Amount |
| (b) Maximum Redemption Amount: | [ ] per Calculation Amount |
| (iv) Notice period | [ ] |

21 Investor Put Option

| (i) Optional Redemption Date(s): | [ ] |
| (ii) Optional Redemption Amount(s) of each Note and method, if any, of calculation of such amount(s): | [ ] per Calculation Amount |
| (iii) Notice period | [ ] |

22 Final Redemption Amount of each Note

In cases where the Final Redemption Amount is Index Linked or other variable-linked:

| (i) Index/Formula/variable: | [give or annex details] |
| (ii) Party responsible for calculating the Final | [ ] |
Redemption Amount (if not the Agent):

(iii) Provisions for determining Final Redemption Amount where calculated by reference to Index and/or Formula and/or other variable:

(iv) Determination Date(s):

(v) Provisions for determining Final Redemption Amount where calculation by reference to Index and/or Formula and/or other variable is impossible or impracticable or otherwise disrupted:

(vi) Payment Date:

(vii) Minimum Final Redemption Amount:

(viii) Maximum Final Redemption Amount:

23 Early Redemption Amount

Early Redemption Amount(s) per Calculation Amount payable on redemption for taxation reasons or on event of default or other early redemption and/or the method of calculating the same (if required or if different from that set out in the Conditions):

GENERAL PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO THE NOTES

24 Form of Notes: Bearer Notes:

[Temporary Global Note exchangeable for a Permanent Global Note which is exchangeable for Definitive Notes in the limited circumstances specified in the Permanent Global Note]

[Temporary Global Note exchangeable for Definitive Notes on [] days’ notice]

[Permanent Global Note exchangeable for Definitive Notes in the limited circumstances specified in the Permanent Global Note]

[Registered Notes]

25 New Global Note: [Yes] [No]
26 Financial Centre(s) or other special provisions relating to payment dates:

[Not Applicable/give details. Note that this paragraph relates to the date and place of payment, and not interest period end dates, to which sub-paragraphs 15(ii), 16(vi) and 18(ix) relate]

27 Talons for future Coupons or Receipts to be attached to Definitive Notes (and dates on which such Talons mature):

[Yes/No. If yes, give details]

28 Details relating to Partly Paid Notes: amount of each payment comprising the Issue Price and date on which each payment is to be made and consequences (if any) of failure to pay, including any right of the Issuer to forfeit the Notes and interest due on late payment:

[Not Applicable/give details]

29 Details relating to Instalment Notes: amount of each instalment, date on which each payment is to be made:

[Not Applicable/give details]

30 Redenomination, renominalisation and reconventioning provisions:

[Not Applicable/The provisions [in Condition ●] apply]

31 Consolidation provisions:

[Not Applicable/The provisions [in Condition ●] apply]

32 Other final terms:

[Not Applicable/The provisions in Condition 6 apply/give details]

(When adding any other final terms consideration should be given as to whether such terms constitute “significant new factors” and consequently trigger the need for a supplement to the Base Prospectus under Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive.)

(If the Notes are derivative securities, the following items will be set out here:

(i) a description of the settlement procedure;
(ii) a description of how any return on the Notes takes place, the payment or delivery date, and the way it is calculated; and
(iii) the exercise or final reference price of the underlying.)

DISTRIBUTION

33 (i) If syndicated, names of Managers:

[Not Applicable/give names]

(ii) Stabilising Manager(s) (if any):

[Not Applicable/give name]

34 If non-syndicated, name of Dealer:

[Not Applicable/give name]

35 U.S. Selling Restrictions:

[Reg. S Compliance Category: Category 1; TEFRA C/TEFRA D/ TEFRA not applicable]

36 Additional selling restrictions:

[Not Applicable/give details]

GENERAL
Fiscal Agent, Paying Agents and, where applicable, Registrar and Transfer Agents, for the Notes described in these Final Terms if other than as set out in the Base Prospectus or a supplement thereto

PURPOSE OF FINAL TERMS

These Final Terms comprise the final terms required for issue [and admission to trading on [specify relevant regulated market]] of the Notes described herein pursuant to the €5,000,000,000 Euro Medium Term Note Programme Instruments of TenneT Holding B.V.

RESPONSIBILITY

The Issuer accepts responsibility for the information contained in these Final Terms. [[Relevant third party information] has been extracted from [specify source]. The Issuer confirms that such information has been accurately reproduced and that, so far as it is aware, and is able to ascertain from information published by [specify source], no facts have been omitted which would render the reproduced information inaccurate or misleading.]

Signed on behalf of TenneT Holding B.V.:

By:

.............................................................

Duly authorised
PART B – OTHER INFORMATION

1 LISTING

(i) Admission to trading: [Application has been made by the Issuer (or on its behalf) for the Notes to be admitted to trading on the regulated market of Euronext Amsterdam [specify other] with effect from [       ].] [Application is expected to be made by the Issuer (or on its behalf) for the Notes to be admitted to trading on the regulated market of Euronext Amsterdam [specify other] with effect from [       ].] [Not Applicable.]

(Where documenting a fungible issue need to indicate that original securities are already admitted to trading.)

(ii) Estimate of total expenses related to admission to trading: [       ]

2 RATINGS

Ratings: The Notes to be issued have been rated:

[S & P: [    ]]
[Moody’s: [    ]]
[[Other]: [    ]]

(The above disclosure should reflect the rating allocated to Notes of the type being issued under the Programme generally or, where the issue has been specifically rated, that rating.)

3 INTERESTS OF NATURAL AND LEGAL PERSONS INVOLVED IN THE [ISSUE/OFFER]

Need to include a description of any interest, including conflicting ones, that is material to the issue/offer, detailing the persons involved and the nature of the interest. May be satisfied by the inclusion of the following statement:

“Save as discussed in “Subscription and Sale”, so far as the Issuer is aware, no person involved in the offer of the Notes has an interest material to the offer.”

[(When adding any other description, consideration should be given as to whether such matters described constitute “significant new factors” and consequently trigger the need for a supplement to the Base Prospectus under Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive.]

4 REASONS FOR THE OFFER, ESTIMATED NET PROCEEDS AND TOTAL EXPENSES

[(i) Reasons for the offer: [       ]

(See “Use of Proceeds” wording in Base Prospectus – if reasons for offer different from making profit and/or hedging
certain risks will need to include those reasons here.)

[(iii)] Estimated net proceeds: [ ]

(If proceeds are intended for more than one use will need to split out and present in order of priority. If proceeds insufficient to fund all proposed uses state amount and sources of other funding.)

[(iii)] Estimated total expenses: [ ]

(If the Notes are derivative securities to which Annex XII of the Prospectus Directive Regulation applies it is only necessary to include disclosure of net proceeds and total expenses at (ii) and (iii) above where disclosure is included at (i) above.)

5 [Fixed Rate Notes only – YIELD

Indication of yield: [ ]

The yield is calculated at the Issue Date on the basis of the Issue Price. It is not an indication of future yield.]

6 [Index Linked or other variable-linked Notes only – PERFORMANCE OF INDEX/FORMULA/OTHER VARIABLE AND OTHER INFORMATION CONCERNING THE UNDERLYING

Need to include details of where past and future performance and volatility of the index/formula/other variable can be obtained. Where the underlying is an index need to include the name of the index and a description if composed by the Issuer and if the index is not composed by the Issuer need to include details of where the information about the index can be obtained. Where the underlying is not an index need to include equivalent information. Include other information concerning the underlying required by Paragraph 4.2 of Annex XII of the Prospectus Directive Regulation

[(When completing this paragraph, consideration should be given as to whether such matters described constitute “significant new factors” and consequently trigger the need for a supplement to the Base Prospectus under Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive.)]

The Issuer [intends to provide post-issuance information [specify what information will be reported and where it can be obtained]] [does not intend to provide post-issuance information].

7 [Dual Currency Notes only – PERFORMANCE OF RATE[S] OF EXCHANGE

Need to include details of where past and future performance and volatility of the relevant rate[s] can be obtained.

[(When completing this paragraph, consideration should be given as to whether such matters described constitute “significant new factors” and consequently trigger the need for a supplement to the Base Prospectus under Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive.)]
8 OPERATIONAL INFORMATION

ISIN Code: [ ]
Common Code: [ ]
Any clearing system(s) other than Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V. and Clearstream Banking, société anonyme and the relevant identification number(s): [Not Applicable/give name(s) and number(s) [and address(es)]]
Delivery: Delivery [against/free of] payment
Names and addresses of initial Paying Agent(s): [ ]
Names and addresses of additional Paying Agent(s) (if any): [ ]
Intended to be held in a manner which would allow Eurosystem eligibility: [Yes][No]
[Note that the designation “yes” simply means that the Notes are intended upon issue to be deposited with one of the ICSDs as common safekeeper and does not necessarily mean that the Notes will be recognized as eligible collateral for Eurosystem monetary policy and intra-day credit operations by the Eurosystem either upon issue or at any or all times during their life. Such recognition will depend upon the ECB being satisfied that Eurosystem eligibility criteria have been met.][include this text if “yes” selected in which case the Notes must be issued in NGN form]
GENERAL INFORMATION

(1) Application may be made to Euronext for Notes issued under the Programme to be admitted to listing on Euronext Amsterdam. The listing of the Notes on Euronext Amsterdam will be expressed as a percentage of their nominal amount (exclusive of accrued interest). It is expected that each Tranche of the Notes which is to be admitted to listing on Euronext Amsterdam will be admitted separately as and when issued, subject only to the issue of a temporary or permanent Global Note (or one or more Certificates) in respect of each Tranche. Prior to official listing and admission to trading, however, dealings may be permitted by Euronext in accordance with its rules. Transactions will normally be effected for delivery on the third working day after the day of the transaction. However, unlisted Notes may also be issued pursuant to the Programme.

(2) The Issuer has obtained all necessary consents, approvals and authorisations in The Netherlands in connection with the establishment of the Programme. The establishment of the Programme was authorised by resolutions of the management board of the Issuer passed on 19 January 2010.

(3) There has been no significant change in the financial or trading position of the Issuer or of the TenneT Group since 31 December 2008 and no material adverse change in the prospects of the Issuer or of the TenneT Group since 31 December 2008.

(4) Except as disclosed under “Business Description of the Issuer - Part 1: Description Issuer applicable regardless of the acquisition of transpower by the Issuer – legal and arbitration proceedings” above neither the Issuer nor any of its subsidiaries is or has been involved in any governmental, legal or arbitration proceedings (including any such proceedings which are pending or threatened of which the Issuer is aware) during the 12 months preceding the date of this Prospectus which may have or has had in the recent past significant effects on the financial position or profitability of the Issuer or the TenneT Group.

(5) Each Bearer Note having a maturity of more than one year, Receipt, Coupon and Talon will bear the following legend: “Any United States person who holds this obligation will be subject to limitations under the United States income tax laws, including the limitations provided in Sections 165(j) and 1287(a) of the Internal Revenue Code”.

(6) Notes have been accepted for clearance through the Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg systems (which are the entities in charge of keeping the records). The Common Code, the International Securities Identification Number (ISIN) and (where applicable) the identification number for any other relevant clearing system for each Series of Notes will be set out in the relevant Final Terms.

The address of Euroclear is 1 Boulevard du Roi Albert II, B-1210 Brussels, Belgium and the address of Clearstream, Luxembourg is 42 Avenue JF Kennedy, L-1855 Luxembourg. The address of any alternative clearing system will be specified in the applicable Final Terms.

(7) There are no material contracts entered into other than in the ordinary course of the Issuer’s business, which could result in any member of the TenneT Group being under an obligation or entitlement that is material to the Issuer’s ability to meet its obligations to noteholders in respect of the Notes being issued.

(8) Where information in this Prospectus has been sourced from third parties, this information has been accurately reproduced and as far as the Issuer is aware and is able to ascertain from the information published by such third parties no facts have been omitted which would render the reproduced information inaccurate or misleading. The source of third party information is identified where used.
(9) The issue price and the amount of the relevant Notes will be determined, before filing of the relevant Final Terms of each Tranche, based on the prevailing market conditions. The Issuer does not intend to provide any post-issuance information in relation to any issues of Notes.

(10) For so long as Notes may be issued pursuant to this Prospectus, the following documents will be available, during usual business hours on any weekday (Saturdays and public holidays excepted), for inspection at the office of the Issuer:

(i) the Agency Agreement (which includes the form of the Global Notes, the definitive Bearer Notes, the Certificates, the Coupons, the Receipts and the Talons);

(ii) the Articles of Association (statuten) of the Issuer and the English translation thereof;

(iii) the audited consolidated annual financial statements of the Issuer for the two years ended 31 December 2007 and 31 December 2008, respectively, which are included in the published annual reports of the Issuer for the relevant periods;

(iv) the most recently available published audited consolidated annual financial statements of the Issuer and the most recently available published interim financial statements of the Issuer (if any);

(v) each Final Terms (save that Final Terms relating to a Note which is neither admitted to trading on a regulated market within the European Economic Area nor offered in the European Economic Area in circumstances where a prospectus is required to be published under the Prospectus Directive will only be available for inspection by a holder of such Note and such holder must produce evidence satisfactory to the Issuer and the Fiscal Agent as to its holding of Notes and identity);

(vi) a copy of this Prospectus together with any supplement to this Prospectus or further Prospectus; and

(vii) all reports, letters and other documents, balance sheets, valuations and statements by any expert any part of which is extracted or referred to in this Prospectus.

(11) PricewaterhouseCoopers Accountants N.V. have audited and rendered unqualified audit reports on the consolidated annual financial statements of the Issuer for the two years ended 31 December 2007 and 31 December 2008. The auditors of PricewaterhouseCoopers Accountants N.V. are members of the Koninklijk Nederlands Instituut van Registeraccountants (NIVRA), which is a member of International Federation of Accountants (IFAC). The audit reports have been produced at the request of the Issuer and have been included in this Prospectus, through incorporation by reference, with the consent of PricewaterhouseCoopers Accountants N.V.

(12) The European Union (the “EU”) has adopted a Directive regarding the taxation of savings income. Subject to a number of important conditions being met, Member States are required to provide to the tax authorities of other Member States details of payments of interest and other similar income paid by a person to an individual or certain other persons in another Member State, except that Austria, Belgium and Luxembourg may instead impose a withholding system for a transitional period unless during such period they elect otherwise. A number of third countries and territories have adopted similar measures to the EU Directive.
### REGISTERED OFFICE OF THE ISSUER

**TenneT Holding B.V.**  
Utrechtseweg 310  
6812 AR Arnhem  
The Netherlands

## ARRANGERS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ING Bank N.V.</th>
<th>The Royal Bank of Scotland plc</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bijlmerplein 888</td>
<td>135 Bishopsgate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1102 MG Amsterdam</td>
<td>London EC2M 3UR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Netherlands</td>
<td>United Kingdom</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## DEALERS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Barclays Bank PLC</th>
<th>BNP Paribas</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5 The North Colonnade</td>
<td>10 Harewood Avenue</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canary Wharf</td>
<td>London NW1 6AA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>London E14 4BB</td>
<td>United Kingdom</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United Kingdom</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ING Bank N.V.</th>
<th>The Royal Bank of Scotland plc</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bijlmerplein 888</td>
<td>135 Bishopsgate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1102 MG Amsterdam</td>
<td>London EC2M 3UR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Netherlands</td>
<td>United Kingdom</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## FISCAL AGENT, PRINCIPAL PAYING AGENT, TRANSFER AGENT AND CALCULATION AGENT

**The Bank of New York Mellon, London Branch**  
One Canada Square  
London E14 5AL  
United Kingdom

**The Bank of New York Mellon (Luxembourg) S.A.**  
Aerogolf Center, 1A, Hoehenhof  
L-1736 Senningerberg  
Luxembourg

## REGISTRAR

**The Bank of New York Mellon, London Branch**

## AUDITORS

**PricewaterhouseCoopers Accountants N.V.**  
Velperweg 35  
6824 BE Arnhem  
The Netherlands
LEGAL ADVISERS

To the Issuer
De Brauw Blackstone Westbroek N.V.
Claude Debussylaan 80
1082 MD Amsterdam
The Netherlands

To the Dealers
Linklaters LLP
WTC Amsterdam
Zuidplein 180
1077 XV Amsterdam
The Netherlands